HINO DIESEL ENGINE WORKSHOP MANUAL

J08E-TM



(Shovel)

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1 GENERAL

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WarningJP30002010102001

Observe the following precautions to work safely and to prevent damage to customers' vehicles.

This manual is prepared for qualified service engineers who are recognized as technical expert. Those who are not qualified, who are not appropriately trained, who performs service without appropriate tool or equipment, or who perform service with the way not specified in this manual may not only damage the vehicle, but also put service engineers and surrounding people in danger.

- Appropriate service and repair are essential to ensure safety of service engineers and safety and reliability of vehicles. Be sure to use Hino genuine parts for replacement of parts. Do not use deteriorated parts in quality.
- Items described in this manual are the procedures to be observed in service and repair. For service and repair
 according to this procedure, be sure to use the special tools designed for each purpose.
- If a method or a tool not recommended is used, safety of service engineers, and safety and reliability of vehicles may be impaired. Never use a method or tool not recommended.
- This manual shows "Warning" and "Caution" for items that need to be observed so that accidents may not occur during service or repair, or that damage to vehicle due to improper method may not impair safety and reliability of vehicles. These instructions cannot give warning for all possible hazards. Note that items with "Warning" or "Caution" are not absolute for safety.

How to read this manual

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1. Scope of repair work

- (1) Repair work is classified into three large categories of "Diagnosis", "Mounting/removal, replacement, assembly disassembly and inspection adjustment" and "Final inspection".
- (2) This manual describes "Diagnosis" in the first process and "Mounting/removal, replacement, assembly disassembly and inspection adjustment in the second process. Explanation of "Final inspection" in the third process is omitted here.
- (3) Although the following work is not described in this manual, it should be performed in actual work.
 - a. Jacking and lifting
 - b. Cleaning and washing of removed parts as required
 - c. Visual inspection

2. Standard value

(1) Standard value, limit, action and tightening torque described in the text are summarized in tables.

3. Items to be prepared

(1) Items to be prepared before work are SST, tools, gauges and lubricant, etc. These are listed in the list section of items to be prepared. Items such as general tools, jack, rigid rack, etc. that are usually equipped in general service shop are omitted.

4. How to read sections and titles

- (1) Sections are classified according to J2008, SAE standard.
- (2) For areas that show system names like "Engine control system", "Inspection", "Adjustment", "Replacement", "Overhaul", etc. of components are described.
- (3) For areas that show part names like "Injection pump", "Mounting/removal and disassembly" is described.
- (4) Illustrations of the parts catalog are shown for part layout. (Part codes in the parts catalog are described in the illustration. Major names and tightening torque are listed in the table.)

AUTION The part layouts in this manual are inserted based on illustrations and part numbers of the parts catalog CD-ROM issued in october, 2005. (Some areas do not show exploded view. They will be additionally issued when the parts catalog CD is revised.) Be sure to use the parts catalog for confirmation of illustrations and part numbers and for ordering parts.

5. How to read troubleshooting

(1) Failure diagnosis in this manual describes Step 2 and Step 3 below :

(1) Question	"Step 1"	Hear from customers for conditions and environments of failures and check the fact.
(2) Pre-inspection (3) Reproduction method	"Step 2"	Perform diagnosis inspection, status inspection, function inspection and basic inspection. Check the failure status. If it is difficult to reproduce the problem with status inspection, use the reproduction method.
(4) Troubleshooting for each diagnosis code(5) Troubleshooting for each failure status	"Step 3"	Summarize inspection results obtained from Step 2. Perform inspection systematically according to troubleshooting procedures for each diagnosis code or failure status.
(6) Confirmation test	"Step 4"	Check if failure occurs again after repair. If it is difficult to reproduce a failure, perform the confirmation test under the conditions and environment of the failure.

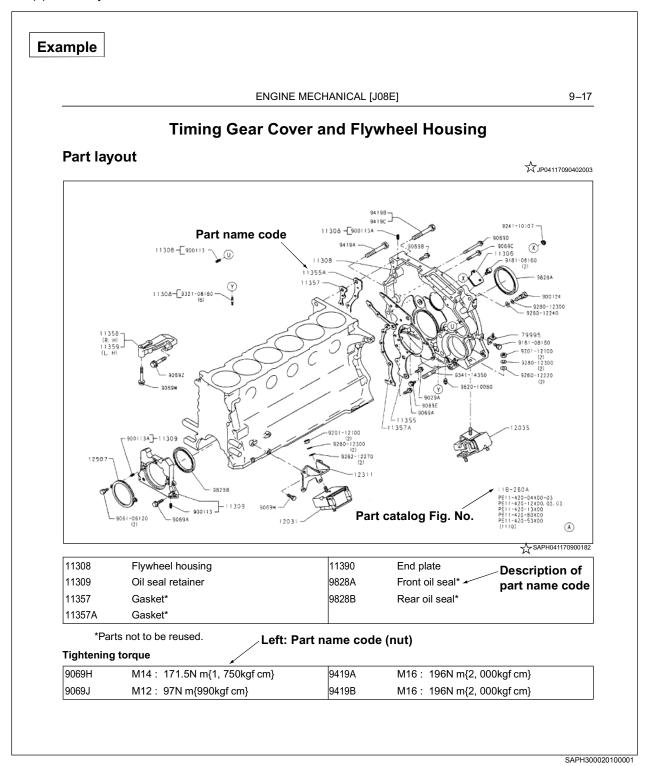
(2) Pre-inspection

	Pre-inspection is performed in the following steps: Diagnosis inspection →Diagnosis deletion →Failure status check (Use the reproduction method if not reproduced.) →Diagnosis reconfirmation
Pre-	Estimate the failure system before the reproduction test. Attach a tester and evaluate estimated failure together with failure status. Refer to the troubleshooting chart for estimated cause of a failure.
inspection	An error code is displayed if a failure occurs instantaneously. If any specific failure is not found, perform troubleshooting using the reproduction method. The second of the se
	• Failure status check If failure is reproduced, perform Step 2 →Step 3 →Step 4.
	If failure is not reproduced, use the reproduction method (simulation of external conditions or check of each wire harness and connector, etc.)

GENERAL

6. How to read explanation details

(1) Part layout



 $\ensuremath{\cancel{\,/}}$ It is the ID number for parts to prepare electronic data. It is not required for repair work.

1–6 GENERAL

7. Definition of terms

Terms in this manual are defined as follows:

- (1) Direction
 - a. Individual unit

Front/back direction

The power input side is front and the output side is back.

Rotating direction

When viewed from the rear, the clockwise direction is right rotation and the counterclockwise direction is left rotation.

Vertical direction

With a unit mounted on the machine main unit, the upward direction is upper and the downward direction is lower.

Left/right direction

When viewed from the rear, the left direction is left and the right direction is right.

- (2) Standard value · · · · · · · Basic dimension excluding tolerance and clearance generated by tolerances when two parts are joined
- (3) Repair limit · · · It is the value requiring repair. Symbol of + or with the value means increase or decrease to the standard value.
- (4) Operation limit · · · It is the value requiring replacement. Symbol of + or with the value means increase or decrease to the standard value.
- (5) Warning · · · · · · · · It is an item that may result in risk of human life or serious injury by incorrect handling.
- (6) Caution · · · · · · · · · It is an item that should not be performed including inhibited work or an item that require attention in working procedures.
- (7) Reference · · · · · · · · It is supplementary explanation in work.

8. Unit

- (1) SI unit is used in this manual. SI unit is the international unit to unify the conventional different international units into one unit per quantity and to promote smooth technical communications.
- (2) This manual shows both the SI unit and conventional units. The conventional units are shown in { }.

	SI unit	Convent ional unit	Conversion value*1 (1[Conventional unit] = X [SI unit])		SI unit	Convent ional unit	Conversion value *1 (1[Conventional unit] = X [SI unit])
Force	N	kgf	1kgf=9.80665N	Spring constant	N/mm	kgf/mm	1kgf/mm=980665N/ mm
Torque ^{*2}	N· m	kgf. cm	1kgf cm=0.0980665 N m	Volume	L	СС	1cc=1mL
Pressure	Pa	kgf/cm ²	1kgf/ cm ² =98.0665kPa =0.0980665MPa	Efficiency	w	PS	1PS=0.735499kW
		mmHg	1mmHg=0.133322k Pa	Calorific value	W. H	cal	1kcal=1.13279W h
Rotational	r/min	r/min	1rpm=1r/min	Fuel			1g/PS h=1.3596g/
	min ⁻¹ rpm	1rpm=1min ⁻¹	consumpt ion rate	•	h g/PS· h	kW· h	

^{*1:} X means the value when 1 [Conventional unit] is converted to the SI unit.

It is used as the conversion factor from the conventional unit to the SI unit.

Precautions for work

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1. General precautions

To ensure safety in work and to prevent accidents, observe the following items:

- (1) Appearance
 - a. Wear safety goggles.
 - b. Do not wear watch, necktie, ring, bracelet, necklace, etc. to prevent accident before work.
 - c. Bind long hair at the back.
 - d. Be sure to wear a cap and safety shoes.
- (2) Safety work
 - a. Do not touch radiator, muffler, exhaust pipe, tail pipe, etc. after stop of the engine to prevent burn.
 - b. Do not put your clothes or tools near the rotating part (in particular, cooling fan or V-belt) during operation of the engine.
 - c. Remove the starter key when the engine is not started.
 - Start the engine at a well ventilated place so that carbon monoxide may not be filled.
 - e. Since gas from the fuel or the battery is flammable, do not spark a fire or smoke a cigarette near the
 - f. Since the battery fluid is poisonous and corrosive, be careful for handling.
 - g. Do not short-circuit the cable of the battery or starter. Otherwise, the cable may be burned or burn may occur.
 - h. If a tool or rag is left in the engine compartment, it may be bounced with a rotating part of the engine, resulting in injury.
 - i. To tow a failure machine, refer to "Towing" in the "Operation manual" of the machine.

^{*2:} The conversion value of the torque may vary depending on the unit.

Observe the standard values described for each unit.

2. Precautions for service work

Pay attention to the following points before service work

- (1) Preparation before disassembly
 - a. Prepare general tools, special tools and gauges before work.
 - b. To disassemble a complicated area, put a stamp or match mark on the location not functionally affected to ease assembly. To repair the electric system, disconnect the cable from the minus terminal of the battery before work.
 - c. Perform inspection according to the procedure in the text before disassembly.
- (2) Inspection during disassembly

Every time parts are removed, check the area where the parts are assembled and check for deformation, damage, wear or scratch.

Arrangement of disassembled parts

Place removed parts neatly in order. Separate parts to be replaced from parts to be reused.

Washing of disassembled parts

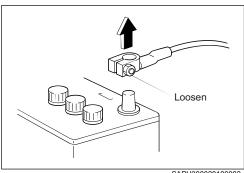
Clean and wash parts to be reused well.

Inspection and measurement

Inspect and measure parts to be reused as required.

- (6) Assembly
 - a. Keep the specified standard values (tightening torque, adjusting values, etc.) and assemble correct parts in the correct order.
 - b. Be sure to use genuine parts for parts to be replaced.
 - c. Use new packing, gasket, O-ring and cotter pin.
 - d. Use seal gaskets for some areas where gaskets are used. Apply specified oil or grease to sliding areas where application of oil is required, and apply specified grease to the oil seal lip before assembly.
- Check of adjustment

Make adjustments to the service standard values using a gauge or tester.



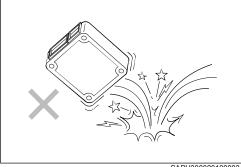
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3. Precautions for electric system

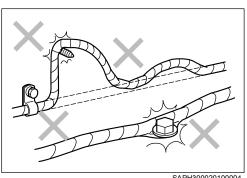
- Removal of battery cable
 - In an electric system, remove the cable from the battery minus (-) terminal to prevent burnout due to short-circuit.
 - When the battery cable is removed, the battery terminal may be damaged. Loosen the nut completely and never pry it for removal.



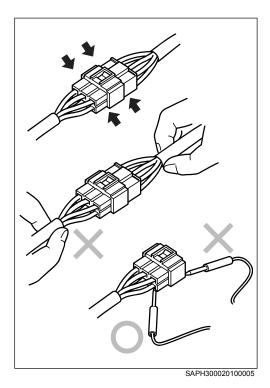
- a. Do not give impact on electronic parts such as computer and relay.
- Do not place electronic parts at a high temperature and humidity area.
- Do not expose electronic parts to water in washing of a vehicle.



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SAPH300020100004



Handling of wire harness

- a. Mark clamps and clips to prevent interference of a wire harness with body edge, sharp edge and bolts. Be sure to reassemble it to the original position.
- b. When parts are assembled, be careful not to pinch a wire harness.

(4) Handling of connector

- a. When a connector is removed, hold the connector (as shown by the arrow in the left) and pull it out. Do not pull the wire harness.
- b. Unlock the locking connector before pulling.
- Insert the locking connector completely until it clicks.
- To insert a test lead into the connector, insert it from the back of the connector.
- If it is difficult to insert a test lead from the back of the connector, prepare a harness for inspection.

4. Precautions for electric welding

Inadvertent electric welding on a cab or frame may cause reverse welding current from the grounding circuit, resulting in damage to electric and electronic parts. Observe the following items for electric welding.

- (1) Turn "OFF" the starter switch.
- (2) Make sure that switches are "OFF".
- (3) Disconnect the minus (-) terminal of the battery according to the removal procedure of the battery cable.
- (4) Disconnect connectors of each computer.
- (5) Remove all fuses. (For locations of fuses, refer to "Electrical Chapter".)
- (6) Be sure to connect grounding of the electric welding machine near the welding area.
 - Connect grounding from a bolt (plated bolt) or a frame near the welding area.
 - Remove paint of the frame for connection of grounding from the frame.
 - The seal and the bearing etc. that please make sure do not enter between the weld and the ground section.

(7) Other precautions

- a. Put a cover on rubber hoses, wire harnesses, pipes, tires, etc. around the welding area so that they may not be exposed to spatter.
- b. Perform welding under appropriate conditions and minimize heat effect in the peripheral area. Also maintain welding quality.
- (8) After welding, connect and assemble in the order of the fuse and the minus terminal of the battery disassembled. When paint is removed from a frame or cab, apply rust preventive coating with the same color.
- (9) After reassembly, check the function if it operates correctly.

GENERAL

Tightening of engine bolts and nuts

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1. Tightening torque of general standard bolts

(1) For bolts with seatings

Unit: N m{kgf cm}

Screw diameter x Pitch	7T	9T
M8 x 1.25 (Coarse thread)	28.5{290}	36{370}
M10 x 1.25 (Fine thread)	60{610}	74.5{760}
M10 x 1.5 (Coarse thread)	55{560}	68.5{700}
M12 x 1.25 (Fine thread)	108{1, 100}	136{1, 390}
M12 x 1.75 (Coarse thread)	97{990}	125{1, 280}
M14 x 1.5 (Fine thread)	171.5{1, 750}	216{2, 210}
M14 x 2 (Coarse thread)	154{1, 570}	199{2, 030}
Remark	Bolt with number "7" on the head	Bolt with number "9" on the head

↑ CAUTION • 8T bolt is in accordance with 7T bolt.

(2) For bolts with washers

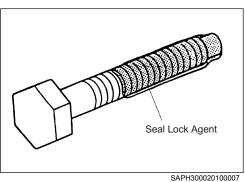
Unit : N· m{kgf· cm}

Screw diameter x Pitch	4T	7 T	9T
M6 x 1 (Coarse thread)	6{60}	10{100}	13{130}
M8 x 1.25 (Coarse thread)	14{140}	25{250}	31{320}
M10 x 1.25 (Fine thread)	29{300}	51{520}	64{650}
M10 x 1.5 (Coarse thread)	26{270}	47{480}	59{600}
M12 x 1.25 (Fine thread)	54{550}	93{950}	118{1, 200}
M12 x 1.75 (Coarse thread)	49{500}	83{850}	108{1, 100}
M14 x 1.5 (Fine thread)	83{850}	147{1, 500}	186{1, 900}
M14 x 2 (Coarse thread)	74{750}	132{1, 350}	172{1, 750}
Remark	Bolt with number "4" on the head Projection bolt Stud with R surface at free end	Bolt with number "7" on the head Stud with C surface at free end	Bolt with number "9" on the head

⚠ CAUTION • 8T bolt is in accordance with 7T bolt.



SAPH300020100006



2. Precoated bolt

Precoated bolt is the bolt with application of seal lock agent at the thread.

- (1) When re-application of lock agent is required
 - a. When precoated bolts are removed
 - When precoated bolts are moved due to tightening check (for loosening or tightening)

NOTICE

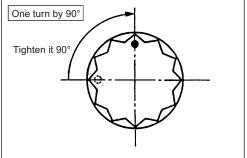
- · Check torque with the lower limit of the tightening torque allowable value. If movement is found, tighten the bolt according to the procedure below.
- (2) Re-use method of precoated bolt lock
 - a. Clean bolt and screw holes. (Clean screw holes for replacement.)
 - b. Dry completely by blowing air.
 - c. Apply the specified seal lock agent to the thread of the bolt.

Plastic region tightening method (angle method)

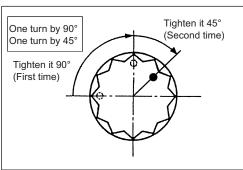
Precautions

Some engines are tightened with the plastic region tightening method.

Since it is different from the conventional method, tighten it according to the instruction in the text.



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SAPH300020100009

(2) Parts tightened

Cylinder head bolt, crankshaft main bearing cap bolt, connecting rod bearing cap bolt, etc.

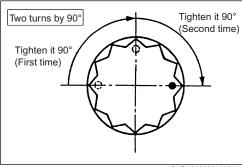
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 Measure the overall length of the bolt before assembly and replace the bolt if the length exceeds the operation limit. Apply engine oil to bolt seating and bolt

Tightening method after tightening to seating torque (3)

thread in assembly.

Tightening of 90°, 135° (90° once and 45° once) and 180° (90° twice) is available.



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Tightening of flare nuts and hoses

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1. Tightening torque of pipe flare nut

Unit : N· m{kgf· cm}

Pipe outer diameter	ф4.76	¢ 6.35	₫8	ф 10	φ 12	ф15
Material						
Steel pipe	15±5{150±50}	25±5{250±50}	36±5{370±50}	52±7{530±70}	67±7{680±70}	88±8{900±80}

2. Tightening torque of hoses

Unit: N m{kgf cm}

	Hose outer diameter ¢10.5 fitting	Hose outer diameter ∮13, ∮20, ∮22, fitting at packing	Hose outer diameter PF3/8 fitting
Air hose	21.5±1.5{215±15} Only meter gauge 10{100}	41.5±2.5{425±25}	_
Brake hose	Packing 51.5±7.5{525±75}	_	_

3. Lock nut tightening torque of brass joint

Unit: N· m{kgf· cm}

Screw nominal size	M12	M16	M20	M27
Tightening torque	15±2{150±20}	66±6{670±60}	97±9{990±90}	209±19{2130±190}

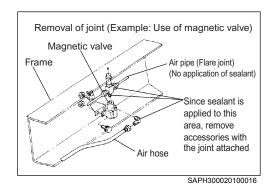
Taper thread sealant for piping

JP30002010102006

The taper thread of the air pipe joint has application of sealant [Loctite # 575 (by Japan Loctite)]. Follow the procedures below for connection or disconnection of pipes.

1. For disconnection

- (1) The sealant (# Loctite 575) has strong sealing feature. The return torque of the taper joint is increased about 1.5 times the initial tightening torque. When the joint is disconnected, use a long wrench for disconnection
- (2) When a joint at a poorly accessible area is replaced, remove accessories first and disconnect the joint.



1/4 turn Amount of application: 0.1 g/piece 3 threads SAPH300020100017

2. For connection

(1) For application of sealant (# Loctite 575), wipe the sealing area completely with a rag or thinner. Apply sealant directly to about three ridges for quarter round with offset of one ridge from the end. Tighten it according to the tightening torque in the table below. Remove dirt completely from the mating part (female) before tightening.

• If your eye or skin comes in contact with sealant, wash it off immediately with water.

Tightening torque of taper joint Unit: N m{kgf cm}

Screw diameter Material	1/4	3/8	1/2	
Steel	49±10{500±100}	64±15{650±150}		
Aluminu m, brass	25±5{250±50}	34±5{350±50}	44±5{450±50}	

(2) When a sealing tape is replaced with sealant, remove the tape completely first as in (1).

• Be careful to prevent entry of dirt or foreign matter in the pipe.

(3) If air leak is found after assembly with application of sealant, air leak cannot be stopped with additional tightening. Assemble the part again according to (1) and (2).

Assembly of joints and gaskets for piping

JP30002010102007

1. Tightening torque of joints

Unit: N· m{kgf· cm}

Sealing method	Gasket sealing method		ng method ople connector type)
Tightening screw size	(Aluminum + Rubber or Copper)	Туре А	Туре В
М8	13{130}		
M10	20{200}		11{110}
M12	25{250}	20{200}	
M14	25{250}	31{320}	
M16	29{300}	39{400}	
M18	39{400}	59{600}	
M20	*39{400}	64{650}	20{200}
M24	69{700}		
M28	*127{1300}		

2. Joint assembly procedure and subsequent inspection

- (1) Before assembly, make sure that there is no dirt or burr on the seating surface (mating part, pipe joint, gasket, etc.).
- (2) Since pipes have some degrees of freedom for assembly, the seating surface tends to incline. Tighten pipes finally after temporary tightening to prevent leak.
- (3) After tightening, apply the specified pressure to each pipe joint to ensure that there is no leak.
- (4) Observe the values above for each tightening torque.
 - *When assembled soft washer # 4840FR-N (aluminum and rubber carbon pressure bonding) is loosened or removed, be sure to replace it with a new part. This is not necessary for normal retightening.

3. Examples of joint methods in various pipes

	Metal sealing method				
Gasket sealing method	Type A (Flare pipe type)	Type B (Nipple connector type)			
Joint bolt Gasket Sealing surface : 4 places One piece eye joint with sleeve Gasket	Flare pipe Connector Flare nut Joint bolt Gasket Sealing surface : 5 places	Sealing surface: 3 places Nut Connector nipple Flare connector Gasket Sealing surface: 5 places			
Joint bolt Sealing surface: 8 places	Lock washer Bracket Nut Sealing surface: 1 place	Connector nipple Sealing surface: 1 place Flare connector			
Sealing surface : 8 places Joint pipe	Nut Lock washer 3-way joint Bracket Sealing surface : 3 places				
One piece eye joint without sleeve Joint bolt Sealing surface: 4 places					
Joint bolt Joint pipe Sealing surface: 6 places					

Handling of liquid gasket

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1. Application of liquid gasket and part assembly procedure

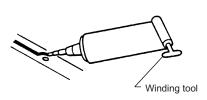
- (1) Remove old liquid gasket on each part and mating part completely. Clean the parts with a rag to prevent deposit of oil, moisture, dirt, etc.
 - Be sure to overlap parts at the beginning and at the end of application.
- (2) Be careful for offset with the mating part when a part applied with liquid gasket is assembled. Apply the liquid gasket again if offset occurs.
- (3) Assemble parts within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket. If 20 minutes has passed, remove the liquid gasket and apply it again.
- (4) Start the engine at least 15 minutes or more after assembly of parts.

2. Removal of parts

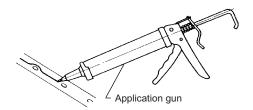
(1) When parts are removed, do not pry one place only. Remove parts by prying each other using collar or clearance on the flange. When gasket is removed, be careful to prevent entry of gasket offal into the engine.

3. Others

(1) When the liquid gasket is contained in a tube, use the accompanying winding tool. When it is contained in a cartridge, use the application gun.

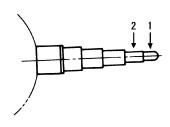


Tube: 150 g



Cartridge type: 300 g

For a tube, desired application width may be obtained from the cut position at the nozzle end.



Nozzle of tube

- 1 : Approx. 2 mm at the 1st section cut
- 2: Approx. 5 mm at the 2nd section cut

Failure diagnosis table for each problem

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Cause t coolant Replenish coolant Replace thermostat from cooling system Correction Repair or replace d gasket Replace head gasket of radiator Clean and repair cooling system Clean and repair cooling system of radiator core front part ator cap Replace radiator Replace radiator cap Adjust injection timing. Injection pressure Replace with correct fuel Ctor Replace engine oil Replace oil pump Replace oil pump Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace engine oil Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace piston ring and cylind Replace piston ring and cylind liner Replace engine oil
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description
on ring joint Reassemble piston ring
live stem Replace valve and valve guide
vle guide Replace valve guide
embly of valve stem seal Replace stem seal
oil lubrication to rocker Inspection of clearance betwe
rocker arm and rocker arm sha
evel gauge Replace with correct level gau
filling of engine oil Fill with appropriate amount of
gine oil Repair or replace the part of o
op of engine Perform warm-up before stop engine
t engine oil Replenish engine oil
on of engine oil Replace engine oil
ngine oil Replace with correct engine of
regine oil Replace with correct engine oil
engine oil Replace with correct engine oil essure Inspection of lubrication unit Replace oil pump

SAPH300020100031

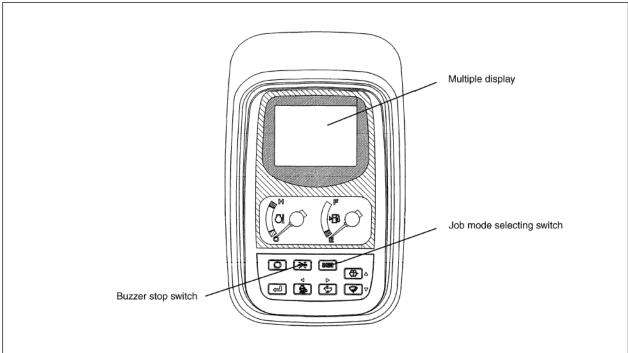
GENERAL

Failure diagnosis procedures

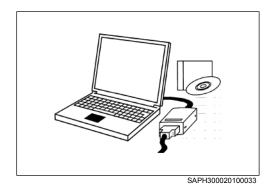
JP30002010301002

1. Display of failure code

(1) If the system has an error, the failure code is displayed on the multiple display of gauge cluster .

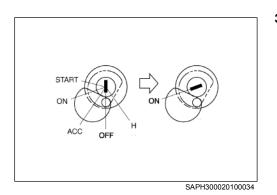


SAPH300020100032



2. Deletion method of past failure

(1) To delete past failures of the engine ECU, use HINO-DX on the PC. (Refer to "Hino field support system operation manual".)



3. Deletion of cluster gauge past failure

- (1) Turn "ON" the starter switch.
- (2) When the buzzer stop switch is pressed consecutively 5 times in 10 seconds, the failure history mode is displayed.
- (3) Press work mode selecting switch and the buzzer stop switch at the same time for 10 seconds or more.
- (4) When the display shows "No error", deletion is completed.
- (5) Turn "OFF" the starter switch.

4. How to read troubleshooting for each diagnosis monitor code

Harness disconnection or connector failure

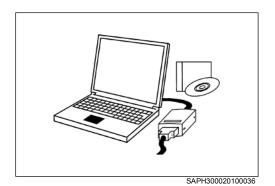
(1) "Diagnosis code table" and "Troubleshooting for each code" are described for each system that gives output of the diagnosis monitor code. When the diagnosis monitor code is known, troubleshooting can be started from the code list.

ENGINE DIAGNOSIS CODE [Engine Common] 3-15 Failure of main speed sensor (DTC code P0335/diagnosis monitor code 13) Measurement of resistance between terminals Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check 2. Remove the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminal B6 and terminal Details of work Standard value: Approx. 125.5 17 (20 dC) NG [3] Go to measurement of resistance between sensor terminals. OK Check of diagnosis code 1. Connect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness. After deleting the past failure, output the diagnosis code again. Standard: Normal Contact failure of ECU connector, ECU failure, NG short-circuit of harness SAPH03Z010300011 OK Normal Measurement of resistance between terminals Remove the connector of the main engine speed sensor and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the sensor. Standard value: Approx. 125.5 17 (20 dC) NG Failure of main engine speed sensor Indicates replacement of the main engine revolution sensor. OK

Check the harness of the relevant circuit and repair the faulty area.

Failure diagnosis using Hino-DX

JP30002010301003



Hino-DX is used for inspection and adjustment / CAUTION of the system in addition to failure diagnosis.

1. Hino-DX

(1) With Hino-DX, failure of the common rail fuel injection system can be diagnosed. The interface box (Hino-Bowie) and the special cable are required for connection to the vehicle.

Special tool: 380100046 Hino-Bowie

380100047 Cable between vehicle and

Hino-Bowie

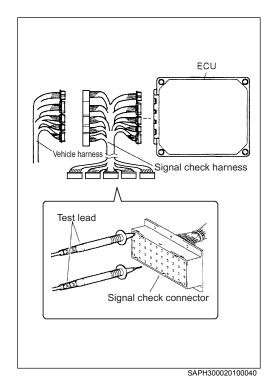
Field support system (CD-ROM for software) Hino Diagnostic eXplorer

(Hino DX) 380100045

⚠ CAUTION • Install the software of the Hino Diagnostic eXplorer (Hino DX) in the PC. For the installation method, refer to the instruction manual accompanying the CD.

2. List of failure diagnosis tools

Part name	Part No.	External shape	General description and function
PC (DOS/V standard)	_		 Operating system(OS): Windows95, Windows98(IE5.0 or later), Windows2000(SP3, IE5.0 or later), WindowsXP(SP1a, IE6.0 or later) CPU and memory: Conditions that assure operation of the above operating system Display: 800 x 600, 256 colors or more
Hino-Bowie (Interface box)	09121 - 1040 Cable between vehicle and Hino- Bowie (09042 - 1190)		PC interface
Signal check harness	09049 - 1080 (for common rail fuel injection system)		Interrupting installation between vehicle harness and ECU allows inspection with a tester rod while the power is supplied.



3. Connection of signal check harness

- (1) To prevent damage to the ECU connector and to improve accessibility, connect the signal check harness and put a testing rod on the signal check connector of the signal check harness for meaurement.
 - a. Disconnect the connector from the ECU.

↑ CAUTION • Do not break the locking tab of the connector.

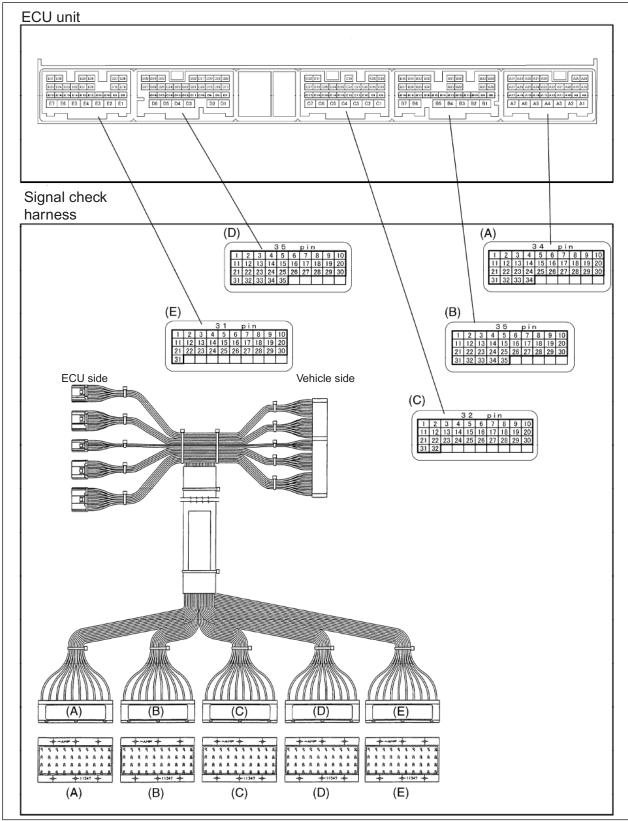
 Connect the signal check harness to the machine harness and the ECU.
 Signal check harness

(for common rail fuel injection system)

Part No. 380100048

GENERAL

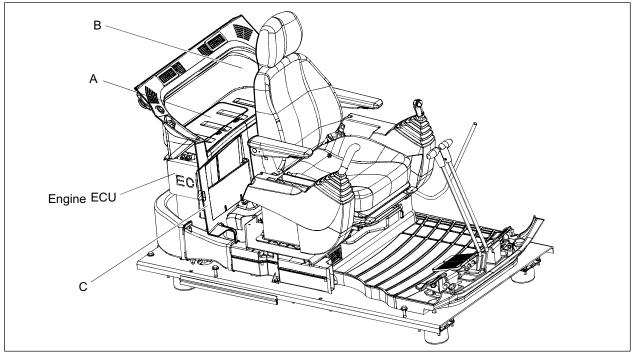
2) Terminal No.
For the signal check harness connector, the ECU terminal number in the text is treated as follows:



SAPH300020100042

Connection method of Hino-DX

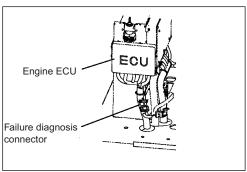
JP30002010301004



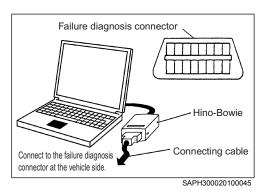
SAPH300020100043

1. Removal of cover at the rear of the driver's seat

- (1) Remove maintenance cover A. (Two tabs)
- (2) Remove the rear cover B mounting bolts M6 (4 places) which are found after removing maintenance cover A and remove the clips at the back of rear cover B.
- (3) Remove rear cover B.
- (4) Remove bolts M6 (2 places) at the lower part of rear cover C and clips (2 places) and remove cover C.



SAPH300020100044



2. Connection of Hino-DX

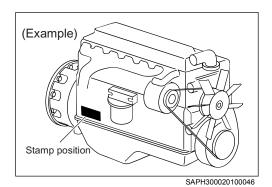
 Connect the failure diagnosis connector to the PC which installed Hino–DX through the interface box.

Special tool: 380100046 Hino-Bowie (Interface box) 380100047 Connecting cable CD-ROM Hino-DX 380100045

(2) Set the starter key to "ON" and start Hino-DX.

Chassis number and engine number

JP30002010401001



1. Engine type and engine number

(1) Engine type and engine number are stamped at the left cylinder block when viewed from the cooling fan. For order of parts, information of this number will facilitate procedures smoothly.

Ex. J08E TA10003

Engine Body	2-2
Standard value	2-2
Tightening torque	2-2
Fuel System	2-2
Tightening torque	2-2
Emission Control	2-3
Tightening torque	2-3
Intake	2-3
Tightening torque	2-3
Engine Mechanical	2-3
Standard value	2-3
Tightening torque	2-11
Exhaust	2-12
Tightening torque	2-12
Cooling	2-12
Standard value	2-12
Lubrication	2-12
Standard value	2-12
Tightening torque	2-13
Starting and Charging	2-14
Standard value (alternator 60A)	2-14
Tightening torque (alternator 60A)	2-14
Standard value (starter)	2-15
Tightening torque (starter)	2-16
Turbocharger	2-16
Standard value	2-16
Tightening torque	2-16

Engine Body

Standard value

JP30002020205001

Unit : MPa {kgf/cm², lbf/in.²}

Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
			2.3{24, 334}	
Compression pressure (Engine revolution per cylinder: 150 r/min)	2.9 - 3.1 {30 - 32, 421 - 450}	_	Difference between cylinders 0.3{3, 44} or less	Overhaul

Tightening torque

JP30002020205002

Unit:N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Engine mounting nut	74{750, 55}	
Starter B terminal	7.8 - 8.8{80 - 110, 5.8 - 6.5}	
Alternator B terminal	3.3 - 4.4{33 - 45, 2.4 - 3.2}	
Oil pan drain cock	41{420, 30}	
Radiator hose band	4.5 - 5.0{45 - 50, 3.3 - 3.7}	
Fuel filter air bleeding plug	4.9 - 8.9{50 - 90, 3.6 - 6.6}	

Fuel System

Tightening torque

JP30002020205003

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Injector clamp	25{250, 18}	
Supply pump - Bearing holder case	28.5{290, 21}	
Bearing holder case - Pump drive	28.5{290, 21}	
Supply pump coupling flange mounting nut	63.7{650, 47}	
Injector harness	2.2{22, 1.6}	
Fuel filter air bleeding bolt	1.7 - 2.6{17.3 - 23, 1.2 - 1.9}	

Emission Control

Tightening torque

JP30002020205004

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
EGR pipe	57±11{582±116, 42±8}	
EGR valve mounting bolt	68.5{700, 51}	
EGR cooler mounting bolt	37{377, 27}	
EGR cooler - Exhaust manifold	68.5{700, 51}	

Intake

Tightening torque

JP30002020205005

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Intake manifold mounting bolt	28.5{290, 21}	

Engine Mechanical

Standard value

JP30002020205006

Unit : mm $\{in.\}$

Inspection ite	m		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
Compression pressure			3.4-3.7MPa {35-38kgf/cm ² , 493- 237lbf/in. ² }	_	2.7MPa {28kgf/ cm ² ,392lbf/ in. ² }	
Valva alaaranaa (aald)	IN		0.30 {0.0118}	_	_	
Valve clearance (cold)		0.45 {0.0177}	_	_		
Cylinder liner protrusion		0.01 - 0.08 {0.003 - 0.003}	_	_		
Cylinder liner flange width			8{0.314}	_	_	
Cylinder block flange widtl	h		8{0.314}	_	_	
Cylinder block inner diameter B		117 - 117.008 {4.6063 - 4.6066}	_	_		
		В	117.008 - 117.014 {4.6066 - 4.6068}	_	_	
		С	117.014 - 117.022 {4.6068 - 4.6072}	_	_	

Inspection item		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action	
Cylinder liner outer diameter E		A	116.982 - 116.99 {4.6056 - 4.6059}	_	_	
		В	116.99 - 116.996 {4.6059 - 4.6061}	_	_	
		С	116.996 - 117.004 {4.6061 - 4.6064}	_	_	
Clearance between cylinder liner and cylinder block		0.01 - 0.026{0.0003 - 0.0010}	_	_		
Cylinder liner inner diameter		112{4.4094}	_	112.15 {4.4154}	Cylinder Replace liner	
Piston outer diameter (Pin hole 23mm{0.9 in.} above the lower end of the skirt Square direction)		111.9±0.008{4.4089± 0.0003}	_			
Piston cl	earance		0.048 - 0.112{0.0044 - 0.0044}	_		Cylinder Liner Replace piston
			Approx. 10.0 {0.3937}	_	_	
	Free joint clearance	Second	Approx. 12.5 {0.4921}	_	_	
		Тор	0.3 - 0.40 {0.0118 - 0.0157}	_	1.5{0.0591}	
Piston	Cylinder liner Joint for assembly Clearance	Second	0.75 - 0.90 {0.0295 - 0.0354}	_	1.2{0.0472}	Replace piston ring
Ring width B dimension		Oil	0.15 - 0.3 {0.0059 - 0.1181}	_	1.2{0.0472}	
		Тор	2.5{0.0984}	_	-0.1 {-0.0039}	
	_	Second	2{0.0787}	_	-0.1 {-0.0039}	Replace piston ring
	Oil	4{0.1574}	_	-0.1 {-0.0039}		

Inspection item Standard value Repair limit **Service limit** Action +0.2 Top 2.5{0.0984} {+0.0079} Replace +0.2 Piston ring groove Second 2{0.0787} {+0.0079} piston +0.1 Oil 4{0.1574} {+0.0039} 0.09 - 0.13{0.0035 -Top 0.0051} Clearance between Replace 0.04 - 0.08{0.00016 -Second piston ring and pispiston ring 0.0031} **Piston** ton ring groove or piston. 0.02 - 0.06{0.0008 -Oil 0.0024} -0.04Replace Piston pin outer diameter 37{1.4567} $\{-0.0015\}$ piston pin +0.05 Replace Piston boss inner diameter 37{1.4567} {+0.0020} piston -0.002T -0.025{0.0000 -Replace Clearance between piston pin 0.05 0.0010}L (T: Tightpiston pin and piston boss $\{0.0020\}$ ening allowance, L: or piston Clearance) Replace +0.1 connecting Connecting rod bushing inner diameter 37{1.4567} {0.0039} rod bushing Replace piston pin 0.015 - 0.036{0.0006 0.08 Connecting rod bushing oil clearance or connect-{0.0031} - 0.0014} ing rod bushing

	Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
	Crank pin outer diameter	65{2.5590}	_	63.8 {2.5118}	Replace the crankshaft. (Note 1)
	Thickness of connecting rod bearing	2.0{0.0787}	_	_	
Crank-	Connecting rod oil clearance	0.031 - 0.082 {0.0012 - 0.0032}	0.2{0.0079}	_	Replace bearing for clearance of 0.3 or more (Note 2)
	Crankjournal outer diameter	80{3.1496}	_	78.8 {3.1024}	Crank Replace shaft (Note 1)
shaft	Thickness of main bearing	2.5{0.2342}	_	_	
	Crankshaft oil clearance	0.051 - 0.102 {0.0020 - 0.0040}	0.2{0.0079}	_	Replace- bearing (Note 2)
	Center journal width	36{1.4173}	_	+1.00 {+0.039}	Replace crankshaft.
	Thickness of thrust bearing	2.5{0.2342}	_	_	
	Crankshaft end play	0.050 - 0.270 {0.0020}	0.50 {0.0020}	1.270 {0.0500}	Replace thrust bear- ing
	Crankshaft runout	_	0.15 {0.0059}	_	Ground to under-size
	Crank pin width	34{13.386}	_	+0.8 {+0.0315}	Replace crankshaft

Note 1: Correction with re-grinding for eccentric wear of 0.10 or more. Re-grinding for wear of 0.2 or more. Replace crankshaft for wear of 1.20 or more.

Note 2: Under-size bearing values are 0.25, 0.50, 0.75 and 1.00.

Connecting rod large end width	34{1.3386}	I	-0.8 {-0.0315}	Replace connecting rod
Connecting rod end play	0.20 - 0.52 {0.0079 - 0.0205}	_	1.0{0.0394}	Replace connecting rod or crankshaft

Inspection item		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action	
	Camshaft journal outer diameter		40{1.5748}	_	-0.15 {-0.0059}	Replace camshaft
Camshaft	Camshaft bearing inner diameter		40{1.5748}	_	+0.15 {+0.059}	Bearing Replace- ment
	Camshaft bearing oil Clearance		0.020 - 0.063 {0.0008 - 0.0025}	_	_	Replace camshaft or bearing
	Cam height	IN	50.046{1.9703}	_	-0.08 F	Replace
		EX	52.739{2.0763}	_	{-0.0031}	camshaft
	Cam lift	IN	8.046{0.3168}	_	-0.08	Replace
	Cam int	EX	10.739{0.4228}	_	{-0.0031}	camshaft
Camshaft journal width (Rear journal) Camshaft end play Camshaft runout			33{1.2992}	_	_	
			0.100 - 0.178{0.0039 - 0.0070}	_	_	Replace camshaft
			0.04 {0.0016}	_	0.1{0.039}	Replace camshaft
Rocker shaft outer diameter		22{0.8661}	_	-0.08 {-0.0031}	Replace rocker shaft	
Rocker arm bushing inner diameter		22{0.8661}	_	+0.08 {+0.0031}	Replace rocker arm bushing	
Rocker arm oil clearance		0.030 - 0.101 {0.00012 - 0.0040}	0.15 {0.0059}	_		
Value ete	m autor diameter	IN	7{0.2756}	_	_	Replace
valve ste	Valve stem outer diameter EX		7{0.2756}	_	_	valve
Value au	do inversalionentos	IN	7{0.2756}	_	_	Replace
Valve guide inner diameter		EX	7{0.2756}	_	_	valve guide
Oil clearance between valve guide and valve stem		0.023 - 0.058 {0.0009 - 0.0020}	_	_	Replace	
		EX	0.050 - 0.083 {0.0020 - 0.0033}	_	_	valve or valve guide
Valve sink EX		0.55 - 0.85 {0.0217 - 0.0335}	_	1.1{0.0433}	Replace valve and valve seat	
		1.15 - 1.45 {0.0453 - 0.0571}	_	1.7{0.0669}		
Valve seat angle EX		30°	Allowable anlge 30° - 30° 35'		Correction	
		45°	Allowable anlge 45° - 30° 30'			
Valve face angle EX		30 °	Allowable angle 29° 30 - 45°			
		45°	Allowable angle 44° 30 - 45°			

Inspection item		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action	
Valve spring	Inner	Set length	44.8{1.764}	_	_	
		Set load	129N {13.1kgf}	_	_	
		Free length	64.6 {2.5433}	_	-3.0 {-0.3543}	Replace spring
		Squareness	_	_	2.0 {0.0787}	Replace spring
	Outer	Set length	46.8 {1.8252}	_	_	
		Set load	314N {32.0kgf}	_	_	
		Free length	75.7 {2.9803}	_	-3.0 {-0.3543}	Replace spring
		Squareness	_	_	2.0 {0.0787}	Replace spring

STANDARD VALUE

Inspection item		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action	
		Crank - Main idle	0.030 - 0.167{0.0012 - 0.0066}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	
		Main idle - Pump drive idle	0.032 - 0.096{0.0013 - 0.0038}	_	0.10 {0.00393}	
		Pump drive idle - Pump drive	0.020 - 0.083{0.0008 - 0.0033}	_	0.10 {0.00393}	
	Back- lash	Main idle - Sub-idle	0.030 - 0.113{0.0012 - 0.0044}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	Gear replace- ment
		Sub-idle - Oil pump	0.030 - 0.113{0.0012 - 0.0044}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	ment
		Sub-idle - Cam idle	0.050 - 0.218{0.0020 - 0.0086}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	
		Cam idle - Cam	0.030 - 0.253{0.0012 - 0.0100}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	
	Main idle	Shaft outer diameter	57{2.2441}	_	_	
		Bushing inner diameter	57{2.2441}	_	_	
Timing gear		Clearance between shaft and bushing	0.030 - 0.090{0.0012 - 0.0084}	_	0.20 {0.0079}	Replace shaft or bushing
		Gear width	44{1.7322}	_	_	
		Shaft length	44{1.7322}	_	_	
		End play	0.114 - 0.160{0.0045 - 0.0063}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	Replace shaft or gear
		Shaft outer diameter	50{1.9685}	_	_	
		Bushing inner diameter	50{1.9685}	_	_	
	Sub-	Clearance between shaft and bushing	0.025 - 0.075{0.0010 - 0.0030}	_	0.20 {0.0079}	Replace shaft or bushing
	idle	Gear width	22{0.8661}	_	_	
		Shaft length	22{0.8661}	_	_	
		End play	0.040 - 0.120{0.0016 - 0.0047}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	Replace shaft or gear

STANDARD VALUE

Inspection item		Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action	
		Shaft outer diameter	34{1.3386}	_	_	
		Bushing inner diameter	34{1.3386}	_	_	
	Cam	Clearance between shaft and bushing	0.025 - 0.075 {0.0002 - 0.0030}	_	0.20 {0.0079}	Replace shaft or bushing
	idle	Gear width	22{8.6614}	_	_	
		Shaft length	22{8.6614}	_	_	
Timing		End play	0.040 - 0.120 {0.0016 - 0.0047}	_	0.30 {0.0012}	Replacethrus
gear		Shaft outer diameter	34{1.3386}	_	_	
		Bushing inner diameter	34{1.3386}	_	_	
	Pump drive	Clearance between shaft and bushing	0.025 - 0.057 {0.0002 - 0.0022}	_	0.10 {0.0039}	Replace shaft or bushing
	idle	Gear width	28.5{0.9605}	_	_	
		Shaft length	28.5{0.9605}	_	_	
		End play	0.016 - 0.22 {0.0006 - 0.0087}	_	_	
Flatness	under cy	linder head	Longitudinal direction 0.06{0.0024} Square direction 0.03{0.0012}	_	0.20 {0.0079}	Grinding is inhibited because backlash
Flatness above cylinder block		0.05{0.0020}	_	0.20{0.0079}	between cam idle – sub-idle gears is changed.	
Surface runout of flywheel		_	0.15 {0.0060}	_		
Camshaft gear mounting bolt		_	_	30.5{1.2010}	Replacemen	
Bearing cap bolt (Crankshaft mounting)		_	_	108{4.2520}	Replaceme	
Connect	ing rod b	olt	_	_	68.0{2.6772}	Replacemen
Head bol	t		_	_	126.5 {49.8031}	Replacemer

Valve timing

Exhaust valve open (before BDC)	59°
Exhaust valve close (after BDC)	13°
Intake valve open (before BTC)	13°
Intake valve close (after BTC)	21°

Tightening torque

JP30002020205007

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Crankshaft pulley mounting bolt	118{1,203, 87}	
Head cover mounting bolt	28.5{290, 21}	
Camshaft bearing cap mounting bolt	31{320,23}	
Union bolt of leakage pipe	13.5{135, 10}	
Injector harness mounting nut	28{290, 21}	
Camshaft gear mounting bolt	59{600, 44}+90°	
Camshaft housing mounting bolt	23{230, 17}	
Cylinder plug mounting torx bolt	6{60, 4}	
Rocker arm adjusting screw lock nut	25{250, 18}	
Rocker arm support bolt	59{600, 44}	
Head bolt	59{600, 44}+90°+90°	
Cam idle gear shaft mounting bolt	108{1,100, 80}	
Main bearing cap mounting bolt	69{700, 51}+90°+45°	Refer to the main text.
Connecting rod cap mounting nut	69{700, 51}+90°+45°	
Oil check valve	22{220, 16}	
Sub-idle gear shaft mounting bolt	108{1,100, 80}	
Main idle gear shaft mounting bolt	172{1,750, 127}	
Flywheel mounting bolt	186{1,900, 137}	
	196{2,000, 145}	M16
Flywheel housing mounting bolt	55{560, 41}	M10
	36{370, 27}	M8
Flywheel housing stay - Cylinder block	97{990, 72}	M12
Flywheel housing stay - Flywheel housing	171.5{1, 750, 126}	M14
Rear end plate torx bolt	55{560, 41}	
Supply pump bearing case mounting bolt	28.5{290, 21}	
Pump drive idle gear shaft mounting bolt	108{1,100, 80}	

STANDARD VALUE

Exhaust

Tightening torque

JP30002020205008

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Exhaust manifold mounting nut	53{540, 40}	
Exhaust pipe mounting nut	70±14{715±140, 52±10}	

Cooling

Standard value

JP30002020205009

Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
Thermostat valve open temperature	74.5 - 78.5° C {166.1 - 173.3° F}	_	_	Replacement
Thermostat valve lift (Set temperature 95 °C)	13mm {0.5118 in.} or more	_	_	Replacement

Lubrication

Standard value

JP30002020205010

Unit: mm {in.}

Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
Hydraulic alarm switch operation pressure	39kPa {0.4kgf/cm ² , 5.66lbf/in. ² }	_	_	

	Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
	Outer diameter of drive gear	54{2.1260}	_	_	
	Cylinder block side Oil pump chamber inner diameter	54{2.1260}	_	_	
	Clearance between drive gear and cylinder block	0.100 - 0.202 {0.0039 - 0.0080}	_	0.30 {0.0118}	Replace drive gear or oil pump
	Drive gear width	37.5{1.4764}	_	_	
	Cylinder block side Depth of oil pump chamber	37.5{1.4764}	_	_	
	Drive gear end play	0.049 - 0.113 {0.00193 - 0.0044}	_	0.15 {0.059}	Replace drive gear or oil pump
	Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}	_	_	
Oil	Cylinder block hole diameter	18{0.7087}	_	_	
pump	Clearance between drive gear shaft outer diameter and bushing inner diameter at cylinder block side	0.040 - 0.099 {0.0016 - 0.0039}	_	_	Replace drive gear or bushing
	Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}	_	_	
	Cylinder block hole diameter	18{0.7087}	_	_	
	Clearance between driven gear shaft outer diameter and cylinder block hole diameter	0.030 - 0.075 {0.0012 - 0.0030}	_	_	Replace oil pump
	Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}	_	_	
	Inner diameter of driven gear bushing	18{0.7087}	_	_	
	Clearance between driven gear shaft outer diameter and gear bushing inner diameter	0.040 - 0.083 {0.016 - 0.0033}	_	0.15 {0.059}	Replace oil pump or bushing
	Backlash between drive gear and driven gear	0.073 - 0.207 {0.0029 - 0.0082}	_	0.30 {0.0118}	Replace oil pump

Tightening torque

JP30002020205011

Unit : N· m{kgf· cm, lbf· ft}

	Tightening area		Tightening torque	Remark
Oil pan moi	unting bolt		30{300, 22}	
Oil strainer			31{320, 23}	
Oil pan drai	in cock		41{420, 30}	
Oil pump m	ounting bolt		28.5{290, 21}	
	Oil circuit spring plug	M14	24.5±4.9{250±50, 18±4}	
		M20	24.5±4.9{250±50, 18±4}	
Oil cooler		M22	29.4±4.9{300±50, 22±4}	
			34.3±4.9{350±50, 25±4}	
	Coolant drain plug		44.1±4.9{450±50, 33±4}	
Oil cooler c	ase assembly mounting bol	lt	24.5±4.9{250±50, 18±4}	

Starting and Charging

Standard value (alternator 60A)

JP30002020205012

Inspection	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action		
Resistance between stato 2 phases)	0.15 - 0.17Ω	_	_	Replacement		
Resistance between stato	1M Ω or more	_	_	Replacement		
Resistance of feed coil		6.4 - 7.0 Ω	_	_	Replacement	
Resistance between feed	coil core and coil	1M Ω or more	_	_	Replacement	
Shaft outer diameter of	Front	25mm {0.9843 in.}	_	24.98mm {0.9835 in.}	Donlacement	
rotor assembly	Rear	17mm {0.6693 in.}	_	16.98mm {0.6685 in.}	Replacement	
Resistance between	Forward resistance value	Approx. 10Ω	_	_	Danlacament	
diode and rectifier holder	Reverse resis- tance value	Infinite	_	_	Replacement	
Resistance between reg-	Forward resistance value	Approx. 10 Ω	_	_	Donlagement	
ulator terminals F — E	-	Infinite	_		Replacement	

Tightening torque (alternator 60A)

JP30002020205013

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf ft}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
E terminal bolt	3.2 - 4.4{33 - 45, 2 - 3}	
Fixing bolt at brace	51{520, 38}	
Alternator mounting through bolt	83{850, 61}	
Bearing cover mounting bolt	1.9 - 2.5{20 - 25, 1 - 2}	
Pulley mounting nut	127 - 157{1, 300 - 1, 600, 94 - 116}	
Feed coil mounting bolt	2.9 - 3.9{30 - 39, 2 - 3}	
Rectifier and regulator mounting bolt	1.9 - 2.5{20 - 25, 1 - 2}	
Inside B terminal mounting nut	4.9 - 5.9{50 - 60, 4 - 4}	
Outside B terminal mounting nut	3.2 - 4.4{33 - 45, 2 - 3}	
Through bolt	7.8 - 9.8{80 - 99, 6 - 7}	
Coupler holder mounting bolt	1.9 - 2.5{20 - 25, 1 - 2}	
Cover mounting bolt	3.3 - 4.4{34 - 44, 2 - 3}	

Standard value (starter)

JP30002020205014
Unit: mm {in.}

	Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
Yoke	Resistance between coil lead wire and yoke	_	_	1kΩor less	Replace yoke assembly
assembly	Brush length	18{0.7087}	_	13{0.5118} or less	Replace brush
	Resistance between com- mutator and core	1M Ω or more	_	1k Ω or less	Replace arma- ture assembly
_	Commutator outer diameter	36{1.4173}	_	34{1.1458} or less	ture assembly
Armature assembly	Shaft outer diameter A	12{0.4724}	_	11.98{0.4717} or less	
docombiy	Shaft outer diameter B	9{0.3643}	_	8.98{0.3535} or less	
	Undercut depth	0.5 - 0.8{0.0197}	_	0.2{0.0079} or less	Correction
Holder	Resistance between holder and plate	_	_	1kΩ or less	Replace holder assembly
assembly	Brush length	18{0.7087}	_	13{0.5118} or less	Replace brush
Shaft	A	26{1.0236}	_	25.90{1.0197} or less	
assembly outer diameter	В	12.1{0.4764}	_	12.04{4.7401} or less	Replace shaft assembly
Cluthc ass	embly inner sleeve outer	25{0.9843}	_	24.90{0.9803} or more	Replacement
Metal bush	ing inner diameter of pinion	25{0.9843}	_	25.2{0.9921} or more	Replace pinion case
Metal bush bracket	ing inner diameter of center	26{1.02362}	_	26.2{1.0315}	Replace center bracket
Metal bushing inner diameter of shaft assembly		9{0.3543}	_	9.2{0.3622}	Replace shaft assembly
Bearing housing inner diameter of rar bracket		28{1.1024}	_	28.1{1.1063} or more	Replace rear bracket
Start magnet	Between C terminal and M terminal (P coil)	0.12 - 0.15Ω	_	_	Replace start magnet switch
switch assembly	Between C terminal and body (H coil)	1.08 - 1.32 Ω	_	_	assembly

Tightening torque (starter)

JP30002020205015

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf tt}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Starter mounting nut	171.5{1,750, 126}	
C lead wire mounting bolt	2 - 3{19 - 25, 1 - 2}	
M lead wire mounting nut	12.3 - 15.2{126 - 154, 9 - 11}	
Rear bracket mounting through bolt	15.7 - 17.6{160 - 179, 12 - 13}	
Brush holder fixing bolt of rear bracket	3.6 - 4.9{37 - 49, 3 - 4}	
Start magnet switch assembly mounting bolt at pinion case	3.6 - 4.9{37 - 49, 3 - 4}	
Battery cable mounting nut	16 - 22{165 - 225, 11 - 16}	

Turbocharger

Standard value

JP30002020205016

Unit: mm {in.}

Inspection item	Standard value	Repair limit	Service limit	Action
Turbine shaft play	0.040 - 0.085 {0.0016 - 0.0033}	_	_	

Tightening torque

JP30002020205017

Unit: N m{kgf cm, lbf tt}

Tightening area	Tightening torque	Remark
Turbocharger mounting nut	56 {570, 41}	

3 PARTS TO BE PREPARED

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Engine Body

Special tool

JP30002030901001

Shape	Part No.	Description	Remark
	Suitable Tool	Wire rope	For engine lifting
	380100024	Compression gauge adapter	
	380100025	Compression gauge adapter	
Trans.	380100026	Compression gauge adapter	

Fuel System

Lubricant, etc.

JP30002030901002

Name	Remark
Guide bolt 380100027	For supply pump positioning

Engine Mechanical

Special tool

JP30002030901003

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	380100028	Oil seal puller	For crankshaft front oil seal removal
	380100029	Oil seal press	For crankshaft front oil seal press-fit
	Suitable Tool	Eye bolt	For assembly/disassembly of cylinder head
	Suitable Tool	Valve spring press	For assembly/disassembly of valve spring retainer
	380100030	Guide	For valve guide press-fit
5	380100031	Bar	For nozzle seat clamping
	380100032	Steel ball	For nozzle seat clamping (together with 09472–1210)
1	Suitable Tool	Valve lapping tool	For valve adjustment

PARTS TO BE PREPARED

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
5	380100033	Bar	For valve stem seal mounting
	Suitable Tool	Cylinder liner puller	For removal and inspection of cylinder liner
	Suitable Tool	Piston ring expander	For assembly/disassembly of piston ring
	Suitable Tool	Bolt	For mounting of connecting rod small end bushing (together with 09402–1480 or 09402–1540)
	Suitable Tool	Press sub-assembly	For assembly/disassembly of connecting rod small end bushing
	Suitable Tool	Wing nut	For assembly/disassembly of connecting rod small end bushing (together with 09402–1530)
OI	Suitable Tool	Guide	For assembly/disassembly of connecting rod small end bushing (together with 09402–1530)
	Suitable Tool	Spindle	For assembly/disassembly of connecting rod small end bushing
	Suitable Tool	Guide	For mounting of connecting rod small end bushing (together with 09402–1540)

PARTS TO BE PREPARED

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	Suitable Tool	Piston ring holder	For piston mounting
	Suitable Tool	Guide	For assembly/disassembly of flywheel
	0380100034	Oil seal puller	For crankshaft rear oil seal removal
~	380100035		
MANAMAN DE	380100036	Sliding hammer	For main/sub idle gear assembly and cam idle gear shaft removal
	380100037	Socket wrench	For assembly/disassembly of Torx bolt
	380100038	Oil seal press	For crankshaft rear oil seal press-fit
	Suitable Tool	Guide	For insertion of cylinder liner
	0380100039	Tool	For cooling jet repair
	380100040	Check bolt	For cooling jet inspection and adjustment

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	380100041	Tool assembly	For cooling jet inspection and adjustment

Instruments

JP30002030901004

Name	Remark
Micrometer	For measurement of part outer diameter
Cylinder gauge	For measurement of part inner diameter
Thickness gauge	For measurement of each clearance
Dial gauge	For measurement of parts

Lubricant, etc.

JP30002030901005

Name	Remark
Liquid gasket (Threebond TB1207B or equivalent : Black)	For sealing of parts
Liquid gasket (Threebond TB1207D or equivalent : Silver)	For sealing of parts
Liquid gasket (Threebond TB1211 or equivalent : White)	For sealing of parts
Red lead	Valve adjustment
Dye penetrant	For inspection of crack

Lubrication

Special tool

JP30002030901006

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	Suitable Tool	Oil filter wrench	

Lubricant, etc.

JP30002030901007

Name	Remark
Liquid gasket (Threebond TB1207D or equivalent : Silver)	For sealing of parts
Liquid gasket (Threebond TB1211 or equivalent : White)	For sealing of parts

Starting and Charging

Special tool

JP30002030901008

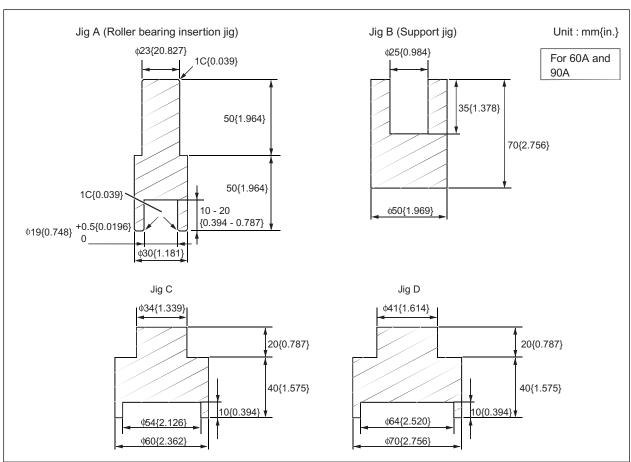
Alternator

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	380100042	Compression gauge	For V-belt tension adjustment
	380100043	Belt tension gauge	For V-belt tension adjustment

Jig (reference dimensional drawing for manufacture)

JP30002030901009

This is used for assembly of bearing. Reference dimensions are shown in the figures below:



SAPH300020300034

Instruments

JP30002030901010

Alternator

Name	Remark
Circuit tester	For measurement of parts
Micrometer	For measurement of parts
Regulator checker (G&M Machinery ICD-101D or equivalent)	For inspection of regulator

Starter

Name	Remark
Circuit tester	For measurement of parts
Micrometer	For measurement of part outer diameter
Growler tester	For inspection of armature
Cylinder gauge	For measurement of part inner diameter

Lubricant, etc.

JP30002030901011

Name	Remark
Kyodo Yushi Multemp AC-N	For lubrication of parts
Nisseki Mitsubishi Pyroknock #2	For lubrication of parts

Turbocharger

Special tool

JP30002030901012

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	380100044	Tool assembly	

PARTS TO BE PREPARED

Engine Failure Diagnosis

Special tool

JP30002030901013

Shape	Part No.	Name	Remark
	_	Personal computer (DOS-V)	Operating system(OS):Windows95, Windows98(IE5.0 or later), Windows2000(SP3, IE5.0 or later), WindowsXP(SP1a, IE6.0 or later) CPU and memory: Conditions that assure operation of the above operating system Display: 800 x 600, 256 colors or more
		Hino-DX	Failure diagnosis software (CD-ROM)
	380100046	Hino-Bowie (Interface box)	Used together with the cable between the vehicle and Hino-Bowie 380100047
	380100048	Signal check harness	This is installed as interruption between vehicle harness and the ECU. Tester inspection is allowed in energized status.

4 ENGINE ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY

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4

Inspection Before Service

Measurement of compression pressure

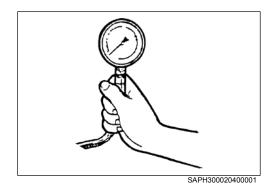
JP30002040702001

NOTICE

 Measure the compression pressure before disassembly of the engine and record the result.
 Regular measurement of the compression pressure can tell the engine status.

1. Preparation before measurement

- (1) Charge the battery completely.
- (2) Check the valve clearance and adjust it when exceeding the standard value.
- (3) Warm the engine and set the water temperature to 80 °C{176°F}.
- (4) Remove the air cleaner.
- (5) Remove the head cover.
- (6) Remove all injectors.
- (7) To prevent spread of engine oil, attach a jig which cuts a head cover in half. (Cut it so that the camshaft may be covered.



2. Measurement

 Attach a special tool to the nozzle sheet of the cylinder where the compression pressure is measured.

Special tool: 380100026, 380100025, 380100024 Compression gauge adapter

- (2) Turn the starter and measure the compression pressure.
- <u>(i)</u> CAUTION Do not operate the starter for 15 seconds or more.
 - Since the air cleaner is removed, prevent entry of dirt.
 - (3) Measure the compression pressure of each cylinder continuously.

Engine revolution 150r/min {rpm}

	Compression pressure: Unit MPa {kgf/cm²,lbf/in.²}
Standard value	2.9 - 3.1 {30 - 32 ,421 - 450}
Service limit	2.3 {24, 334}
Difference between cylinders	0.3{3, 44} or less

- (4) If the compression pressure is the service limit or less or if the difference between cylinders is over the standard value, overhaul the engine.
- (5) After measurement, reassemble the removed parts.

Engine Body

Removal

JP30002040702002

1. Preliminary work before removal of engine

- Place the vehicle on a level ground.
- (2) Block tires with scotch.
- Remove the battery cable from the battery minus terminal. (3)



Drain coolant from the radiator drain cock and the oil cooler drain plug.



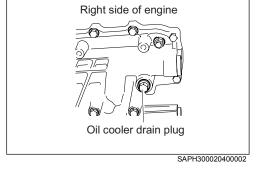
- · Removal of the filler cap facilitates quick drain.
- · Connection of an appropriate hose to the oil cooler drain pipe facilitates drain of coolant without spread.

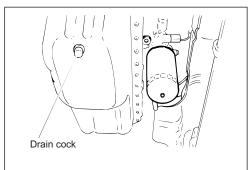


- !\CAUTION To prevent burn, drain coolant after the temperature is sufficiently low.
 - · To dispose coolant, observe the specified method (waste disposal) or the method with attention to environment.
 - Drain engine oil from the oil pan drain plug as required.

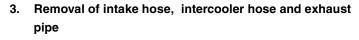
/ CAUTION

- · To prevent burn, drain coolant after the temperature is sufficiently low.
- · Dispose coolant according to the specified method (waste treatment) or with a method considering the environment.



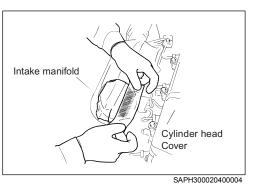


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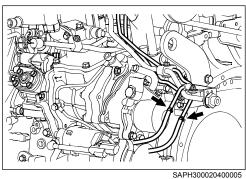


- Loosen the clamp and remove the intake hose. (1)
- Remove nuts and remove the exhaust pipe.

!\CAUTION • Close the opening of the intake manifold with a packing tape to prevent entry of dirt inside the engine.



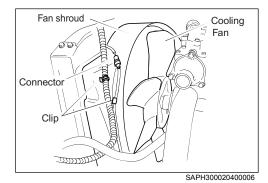
ENGINE ASSEMBLY/DISASSEMBLY



4. Disconnection of fuel hose

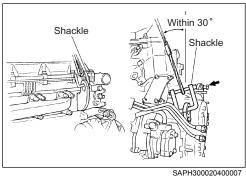
Remove the fuel hoses (feed side and return side). Wrap the removed hose with a plastic sheet with its end facing upward to prevent spill of fuel.

· Wipe spilled fuel with a rag. /!\ CAUTION



- Disconnection of water, engine oil pipes, etc.
 - Disconnect the hose between the radiator and the engine. (1)
 - Disconnect the car heater pipe. (2)
 - (3)Disconnect the oil filter pipe.

!\ CAUTION · Wipe off spilled water and engine oil with waste.



6. Engine lifting

Attach a tool to the front of the engine and to the left of the flywheel housing.

NOTICE

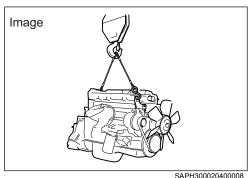
- · For 3-point lifting, place a wire rope on the bolts as shown by the arrow in the figure.
- Place a commercially available shackle and a wire rope (2)
- Keep a little slack of the wire rope.

 Keep the wire inclination 30° from the vertical /!\ CAUTION

When the wire is completely tense, make sure that the wire is firmly engaged with the engine hanger. Then, lift the engine slowly.



· Work carefully so that the engine may not come in contact with the frame and others.



SAPH300020400008

Installation

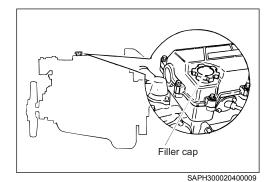
JP30002040702003

1. Connection of fuel hose

(1) Insert a fuel hose and fix it with a hose band.

Work after installation

JP30002040702004



Inspection of engine oil

- Make sure that the drain cock is closed.
- (2)Pour engine oil.

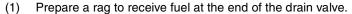
Engine oil amount (L{us gal})

Oil pan	Oil filter
Approx. 26{6.87}	Approx. 1.7{0.45}

Hino genuine Blue Ribbon ePRO-extra **SAE # 10W-30** Hino genuine Blue Ribbon ePRO-super **SAE #30**

- **⚠** CAUTION Check the amount of oil with an oil level gauge.
 - · Vehicles with the DPR (Diesel Particulate Reduction cleaner) must use the specified (recommended) brand engine oil to maintain the function of the DPR for a long time.

Air bleeding of fuel system



- Loosen the air bleeding plug of the fuel filter. (2)
- Turn the priming pump to the left and lift and move it front and back.
- Move the pump until fuel without bubble comes out from the drain valve.
- Tighten the air bleeding bolt.

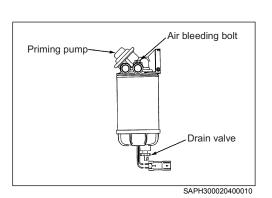
Tightening torque:

1.7 - 2.6 N m {17.3 - 23 kgf cm, 1.2 - 1.9 lbf ft}

- Move the priming pump again 5 to 6 times.
- Press the priming pump and tighten it fully to the right.



!\CAUTION • After work, wipe off spilled fuel. After start of the engine, make sure that there is no fuel leak.



5 FUEL SYSTEM

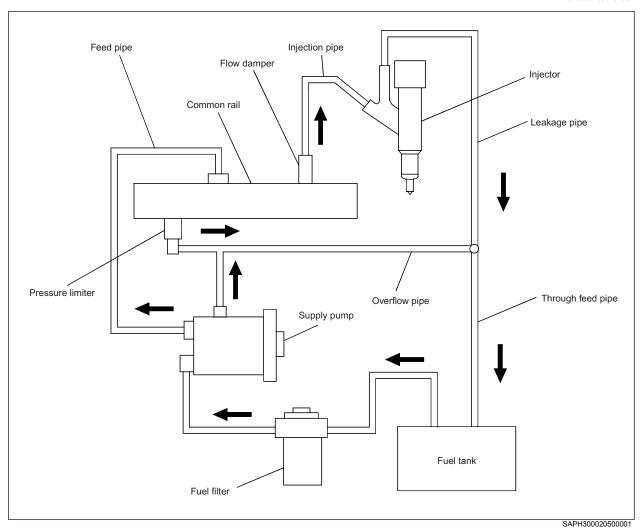
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5

Fuel System

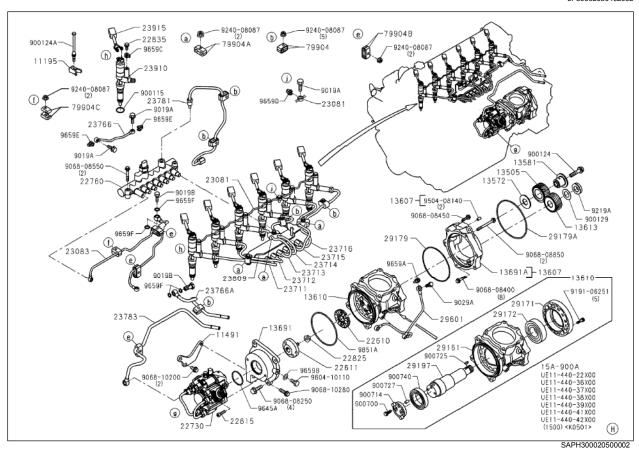
Fuel system diagram

JP30002050402001



Part layout

JP30002050402002



13691	Bearing holder case	23716	Injection pipe	
22610	Coupling	22730	Supply pump	
22611	Coupling flange	23766	Through feed pipe	
22760	Common rail assembly	23766A	Through feed pipe	
23083	Through feed pipe	23781	Fuel pipe	
23711	Injection pipe	23783	Fuel pipe	
23712	Injection pipe	23910	Injector	
23713	Injection pipe	9645A	O-ring*	
23714	Injection pipe	9659A	Gasket*	
23715	Injection pipe	9851F	O-ring*	

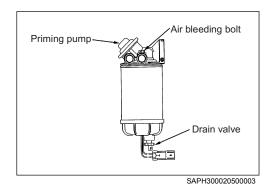
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

22815	28.5N· m {290 kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}	9068-08250	28.5N· m { 290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}
22825	63.7N· m {650 kgf· cm, 47lbf· ft}	9068-08400	28.5N· m { 290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}
900124	108N· m {1,100 kgf· cm, 80lbf· ft}	9068-08450	28.5N· m { 290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}
900124A	25N· m {250 kgf· cm, 18lbf· ft}	9068-08850	28.5N· m { 290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}

Fuel filter drain (on machine main unit)

JP30002050704001



- 1. Prepare a water container under the drain pipe.
- 2. Loosen the fuel filter air bleeding bolt and the drain valve. Discharge water at the bottom of the fuel filter case.
- Since discharged water contains fuel, observe the local disposal procedure for disposal.
- 3. Close the drain valve.
- 4. Start the priming pump and bleed air from the system.
- $\ensuremath{\hat{\coprod}}$ CAUTION Make sure that the fuel filter air bleeding bolt is loose.
- 5. Tighten the fuel filter air bleeding bolt.

Tightening torque:

1.7 - 2.6 N m {17.3 - 23 kgf cm, 1.2 - 1.9 lbf ft}

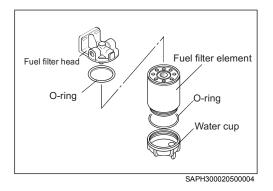
• After work, wipe off spilled water or fuel.

After start of the engine, make sure that there is no fuel leak.

FUEL SYSTEM

Replacement of fuel filter element (on machine main unit)

JP30002050704002



1. Removal of water cup

- Refer to "Drain of the fuel filter" and discharge water from the fuel filter.
- (2) Remove the water cup of the fuel filter.

2. Removal of fuel filter element

(1) Remove the fuel filter element.

⚠ CAUTION • Since the filter contains diesel oil, prepare a tray.

3. Installation of fuel filter element

- (1) After the O-ring of the fuel filter touches the fuel filter head, turn the fuel filter element by 3/4 to 1 · 1/2 and install the fuel filter element on the fuel filter head.
- (2) After the O-ring of the water cup touches the fuel filter element, turn the water cup by 1/2 to 3/4 and install the water cup of the fuel filter on the lower part of the fuel filter element.
- (3) Mount the water cup of the fuel filter under the fuel filter element.
- (4) Tighten the fuel filter drain valve.

! CAUTION • Element is not reused.

(5) Start the priming pump and bleed air from the system.

• Make sure that the fuel filter air bleeding bolt is loose.

(6) Tighten the fuel filter air bleeding bolt.

Tightening torque:

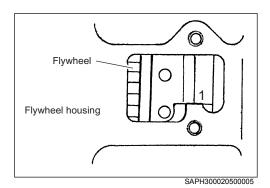
1.7 - 2.6 N m {17.3 - 23 kgf cm, 1.2 - 1.9 lbf ft}

• After work, wipe off spilled fuel. After start of the engine, make sure that there is no fuel leak.

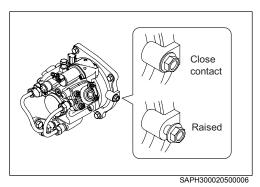
Replacement of supply pump

JP30002050704003

1. Compression upper dead center setting of No.1 cylinder



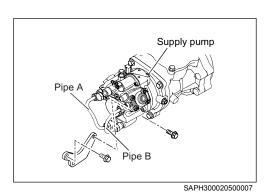
(1) Turn the crankshaft counterclockwise when viewed from the flywheel. Set the timing mark in the flywheel housing inspection window to "1".



(2) Remove the inspection window plug in the bearing holder case of the supply pump. Tighten the guide bolt (380100027) very gently and make sure that the bolt seating comes in close contact with the bearing holder.

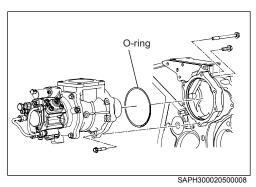
(1) CAUTION • If it is raised, there must be contact other than the stopper key for the coupling flange.

Do not tighten hard.

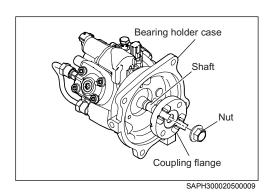


2. Removal of supply pump

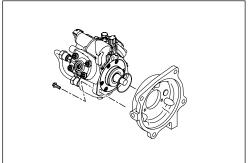
- (1) Remove the fuel pipe connected to the supply pump.
- ! CAUTION Do not remove pipes A and B.



- (2) Remove the supply pump together with the supply pump drive.
- (3) Remove the supply pump at the bearing holder case from the supply pump drive.



- (4) Fix the coupling flange with a vice to prevent turning and remove the coupling flange.
- Remove the bearing holder case from the supply pump.



SAPH300020500010



Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}

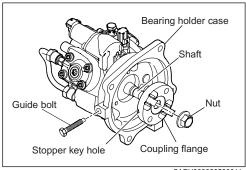
Assembly of supply pump and bearing holder case Fit a new O-ring to the supply pump and install the

bearing holder case.

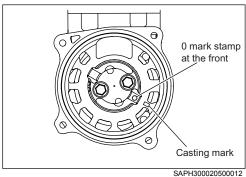
Fix the supply pump and install the coupling flange to the shaft. Tighten nuts while fixing with a vice to prevent turning.

Tightening torque: 63.7 N m {650 kgf cm, 47 lbf ft}

! CAUTION · Do not use the guide bolt for stopper key of the shaft.

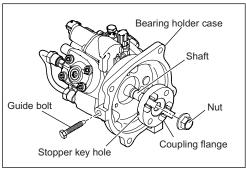


SAPH300020500011

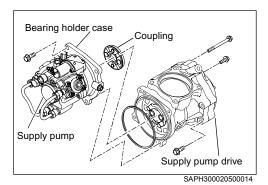


Installation of supply pump

Match the casting mark of the supply pump drive with the "0" mark stamped at the front of the coupling.



SAPH300020500013



O-ring

SAPH300020500015

Put the guide bolt 380100027 into the bearing holder case to come in contact with the stopper key hole of the coupling flange.

- ! CAUTION Do not tighten the guide bolt by contact not with the stopper key hole of the coupling or do not use the stopper key with the nonspecified guide bolt. The specified guide bolt is designed to prevent contact of the guide bolt end with the deep end of the stopper key hole. (The end clearance is 2 mm{0.0788in.})
 - Replace the O-ring of the supply pump drive and the supply pump with new O-rings and attach couplings for assembly. Then, tighten bolts.

Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}

Replace the O-ring with a new one. Install the supply pump drive assembled with the supply pump on the flywheel housing.

Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}

! CAUTION

- · Adjust the gear so that the compression top dead center alignment of the No.1 cylinder may not be changed.
- Be sure to remove the guide bolt in cranking the engine.
- · After assembly, be sure to remove the guide bolt and install the inspection window plug.

5. Update of supply pump learning value

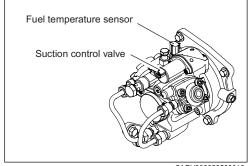
When the supply pump is replaced, update the learning value memorized in the engine ECU with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC. (Refer to "Hino field support system operation manual".)

!\ CAUTION • If learning value is not updated, correct common rail pressure is not controlled, resulting in engine stall or high common rail pressure. Therefore, when the supply pump is replaced, be sure to update the learning value.

FUEL SYSTEM

Inspection of supply pump

JP30002050704004



SAPH300020500016

1. Inspection of suction control valve and fuel temperature sensor

(1) Measure the resistance of the suction control valve terminals and the fuel temperature sensor terminals using a circuit tester. If it is beyond the standard, remove the supply pump assembly and request for replacement at the Denso service shop.

	Between suction control valve terminals
Standard value	7.65 - 8.15Ω(at 20° C {68° F})

	Terminals between fuel temperature sensors		
	13.5 - 16.5kΩ (at -20° C{68° F})		
Standard value	2.2 - 2.7kΩ(at 20° C{68° F})		
value	0.29 - 0.35kΩ(at 80 ° C{176° F})		

Replacement of injector

JP30002050704005

1. Removal of injector

- (1) Remove the fixing bolt and remove the plate and the injection pipe oil seal.
- (2) Remove the nozzle clamp holder and remove the injector.

2. Installation of injector

 Attach a new O-ring to the groove of the cylinder head and insert the injector.

⚠ CAUTION • Apply engine oil to the O-ring and be careful to prevent pinching of the O-ring.

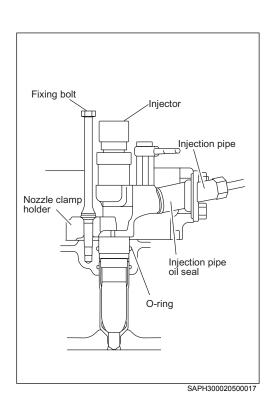
(2) Install the nozzle clamp holder and tack weld the injector temporarily.

<u>^</u>CAUTION • Do not fix the nozzle holder until the injection pipe is tack welded.

(3) Put a new injection pipe oil seal on the injector and install the plate.

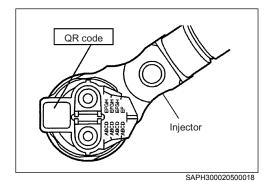
⚠ CAUTION

 Install the injection pipe oil seal to prevent undue force to the injection nozzle. (Offset position between the injection pipe oil seal and the injection nozzle may cause oil leak or poor assembly of the injection pipe.)



(4) Assemble the injection pipe temporarily and tighten the fixing bolt of the nozzle clamp holder.

Tightening torque: 25 N m {250 kgf cm, 1.8 lbf ft}



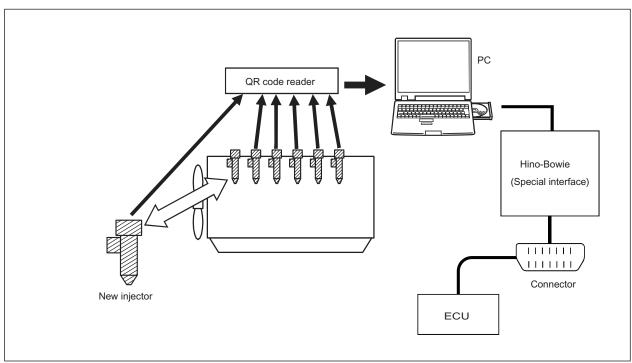
3. Entry of injector correction value to the engine ECU (entry using Hino field support system and QR code reader)

ACAUTION

 When the injector is replaced, it is necessary to enter the injector correction value (QR code) described on the new injector to the engine ECU. Incorrect entry of the correction value may result in faulty engine.

NOTICE

- Available entry methods of the injector correction value are the PC tool and the QR code reader.
- The work flow is described below. For detailed procedures, refer to the operation manual of the Hino field support system.
- Read the injector QR code with the scanner of the QR code reader and prepare the correction data file.
- (2) Enter the injector correction value directly from the Hino field support system to the engine ECU.



SAPH300020500019

FUEL SYSTEM

Inspection of injector

JP30002050704006

1. Inspection of injector insulation

- (1) Remove the injector plastic terminal cap (upper).
- (2) Measure the insulation resistance between the injector upper body and one terminal (no polarity) of two terminals for the injector harness.

Standard value (normal temperature) 1000MΩor more

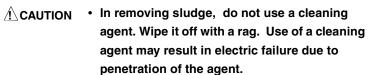
(3) Measure the resistance value between two terminals above.

Standard value (at 20° C) 0.45 $\Omega \pm$ 0.1

(4) If the resistance value in (2) and (3) exceeds the standard value, replace the injector assembly.

2. Cleaning of injector

(1) Remove sludge at or around the terminal, if any.



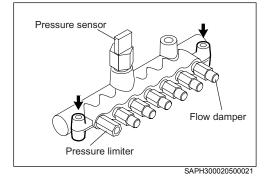
Replacement of common rail

JP30002050704007



 Remove the common rail together with the flow damper, pressure sensor and pressure limiter from the intake manifold.

⚠ CAUTION • Remove dirt around parts before removing the common rail



<Cross-section view of injector head>

Terminal cap (upper)

Terminal cap (lower)

Upper body

SAPH300020500020

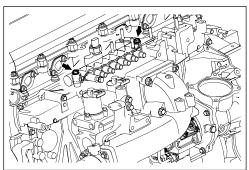
Terminal

Injector harness and rubber seal

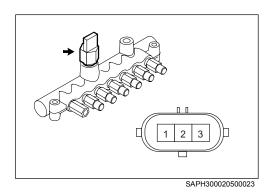
(harness tightening area)

2. Installation of common rail

(1) Install the common rail on the intake manifold.



SAPH300020500022



Inspection of common rail

JP30002050704008

1. Inspection of common rail pressure sensor

(1) Measure the resistance value between terminals using a circuit tester. If it exceeds the standard value, replace the common rail assembly

	Between 1 and 2	Between 2 and 3
Standard value (kΩ) At stop of engine	0.5 - 3.0	6.5 - 18.5

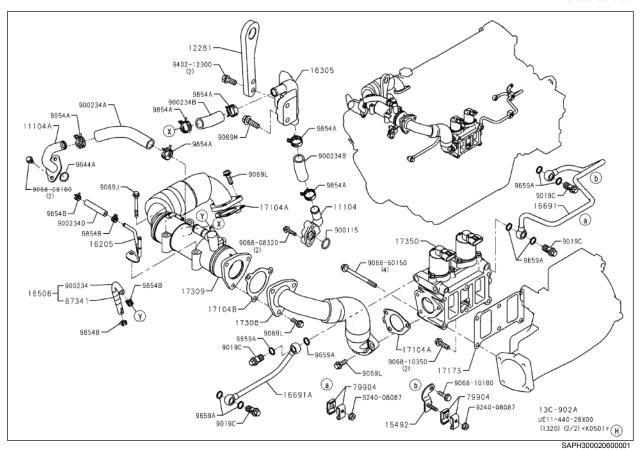
6 EMISSION CONTROL

EGR	6-2
Part layout	6-2
Overhaul of EGR valve and EGR cooler	6-3

EGR

Part layout

JP30002060402001



11104	Coolant pipe	17173	Gasket*
11104A	Coolant pipe	17308	EGR pipe
16305	Coolant pipe	17309	EGR cooler assembly
16691	Coolant pipe	17350	EGR valve
16691A	Coolant pipe	900234A	Coolant hose
17104A	Gasket*	900234B	Coolant hose
17104B	Gasket*	9659A	Gasket*

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

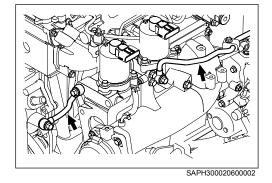
3	- 1· ·		
9068-10350	68.5 N· m{700 kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft}	9069L	68.5 N· m{700 kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft}
			(Exhaust manifold)
9068-60150	68.5 N· m{700 kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft}	9069L	68.5 N· m{700 kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft} (EGR
			valve – EGR pipe) (EGR cooler – EGR
			pipe)
9069J	37 N· m{377 kgf· cm, 27lbf· ft}		

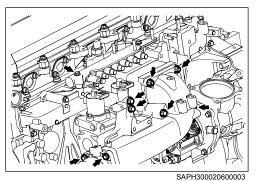
Overhaul of EGR valve and EGR cooler

JP30002060704001

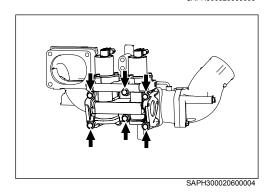
1. Removal of EGR valve

- ⚠ CAUTION Since burn may occur, replace the part after cooling. (Leave it standing for 30 minutes or more after the starter key is turned OFF.)
 - (1) Remove the connector from the EGR solenoid valve.
 - (2) Remove the EGR pipe.
 - (3) Remove the coolant pipe (inlet pipe and outlet pipe) connected to the EGR valve.

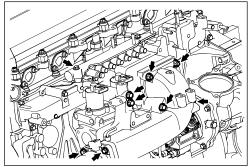




(4) Remove 6 bolts and 2 nuts and remove the intake air pipe together with the EGR valve.



(5) Fix the intake air pipe with a vice and remove 6 bolts to remove the EGR valve.



SAPH300020600003

2. Installation of EGR valve

Replace the EGR valve gasket with a new one and install the EGR valve on the intake air pipe paying attention to the direction

Tightening torque: 68.5 N m {700 kgf cm, 51 lbf ft}

Apply liquid gasket (Threebod TB1207B: Black) to the intake air pipe and connect it to the intake manifold.

Tightening torque: 55 N m {560 kgf cm, 41 lbf ft}

Loosen bolts connecting the EGR cooler and the EGR

- Connect each coolant pipe to the EGR valve. (3)
- Connect the EGR pipe.

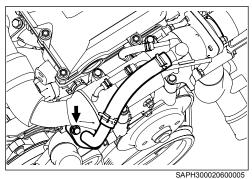
Tightening torque:

57±11 N m {582±116 kgf cm, 42±8 lbf ft}

(5) Connect the connector to the EGR solenoid valve.

Removal of EGR cooler

Remove hoses and pipes from the EGR cooler.

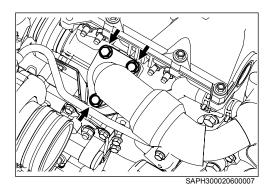


SAPH300020600006

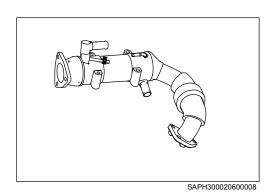
(3)

Remove the EGR pipe.

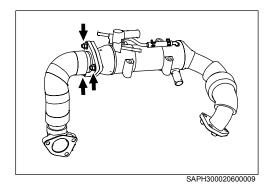
pipe.



EMISSION CONTROL

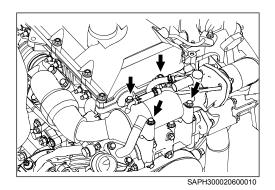


(4) Remove the EGR cooler.



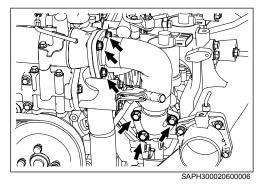
4. Installation of EGR cooler

(1) Replace the gasket with a new one and tighten the EGR pipe and the EGR cooler temporarily.



(2) Install the EGR cooler.

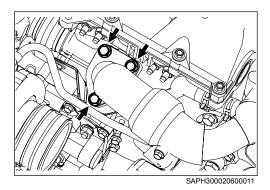
Tightening torque : 37 N · m {377 kgf · cm, 27 lbf · ft}

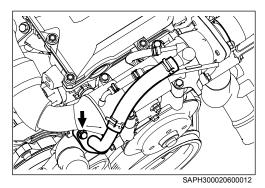


(3) Tighten the EGR pipe and the EGR cooler with bolts.

Tightening torque : $57\pm11~N^{\odot}$ m { $582\pm116~kgf^{\odot}$ cm, $42\pm8~lbf^{\odot}$ ft}

EMISSION CONTROL





(4) Connect the EGR pipe.
Tightening torque: 68.5 N·m {700 kgf·cm, 51 lbf·ft}

(5) Connect hoses and pipes to the EGR cooler.

5. Inspection of EGR cooler

(1) Check visually for crack or clogging of the unit gas channel and the sub-coolant pipe.If a faulty item is found, replace the EGR cooler unit.

6. Inspection of EGR (Inspection with Hino-DX)

(1) Insect operation of the EGR valve on the vehicle using Hino-DX. (Refer to the "Hino field support system operation manual".)

ELECTRICAL

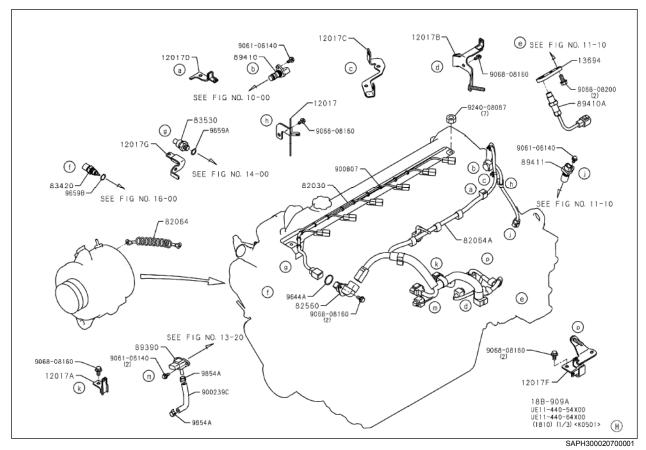
7 ELECTRICAL

Electrical System	7-2
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Installation of alternator	7-10

Electrical System

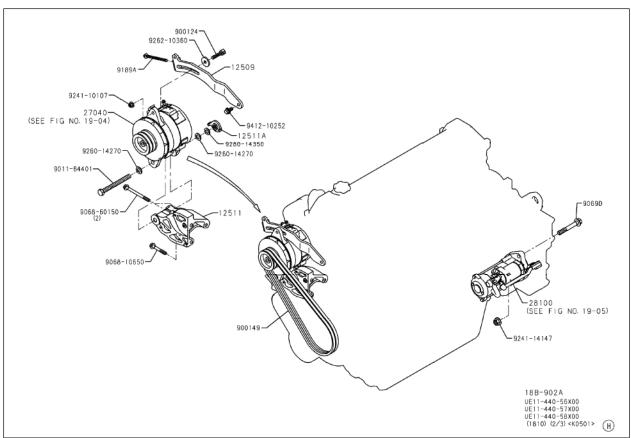
Part layout

JP30002070402001



82030	Injector harness	89390	Boost pressure sensor
83420	Water temperature sender gauge	89410	Engine sub-revolution sensor
83530	Oil pressure warning switch	89411	Engine main revolution sensor

ELECTRICAL



SAPH300020700002

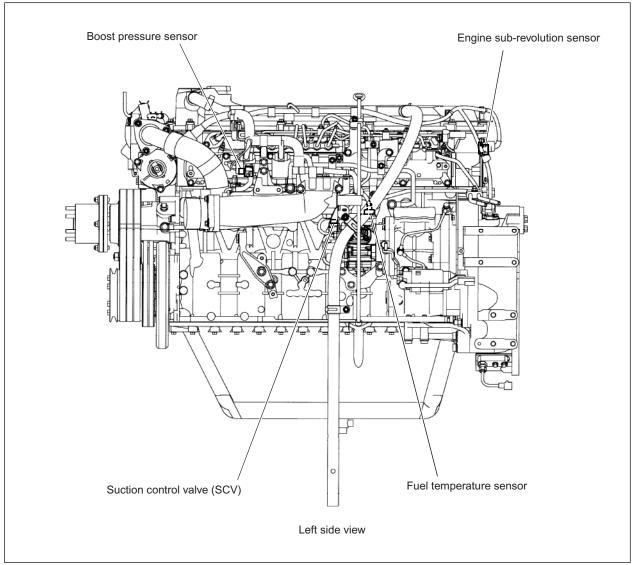
12511	Alternator bracket	28100	Starter assembly
27040	Alternator	900145	V -belt

Tightening torque

9011-64401	83 N m {850 kgf cm, 61 lbf ft}	9241-10107	51 N m {520 kgf cm, 37 lbf ft}
9069D	154 N· m {1, 570 kgf· cm, 114 lbf· ft}	9241-14147	154 N· m {1,570 kgf· cm, 114 lbf· ft}

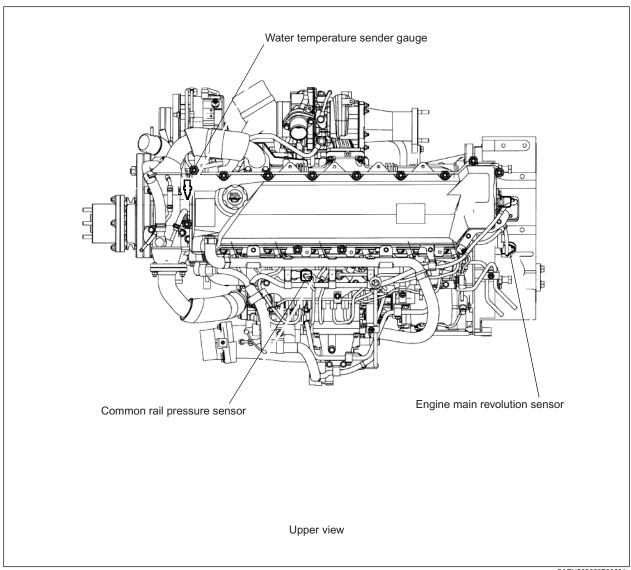
Layout of components

JP30002070402002



SAPH300020700003

ELECTRICAL



SAPH300020700004

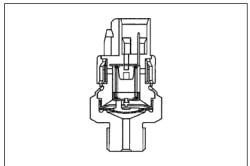
Inspection of components

(Laid out on the oil filter)

replace it.

1. Inspection of oil pressure warning switch

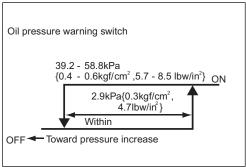
JP30002070702001



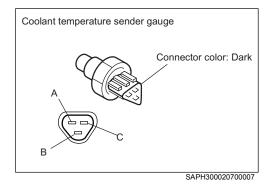
SAPH300020700005

At no load or less than 39 kPa With continuity {0.4 kgf/cm²,5.6565 lbf/in.²} At 39 kPa {0.4 kgf/cm² Without continuity ,5.6565lbf/in.2} or more

Apply pressure with air or oil and check continuity between terminals using a circuit tester. If it is faulty,



SAPH300020700006



Inspection of coolant temperature sender gauge (Installation on thermostat case)

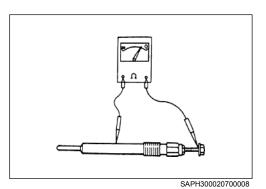
- Heat the coolant temperature sender gauge using hot (1)
- Measure the resistance between terminals using a circuit tester. If it is faulty, replace the gauge.

Between A and C

Temperat ure (° C{° F})	-20 {-68}	20 {68}	80 {176}	110 {230}
Resistanc e value (Ω)	13.84 - 16.33	2.32 - 2.59	0.31 - 0.326	0.1399 - 0.1435

Between B and body

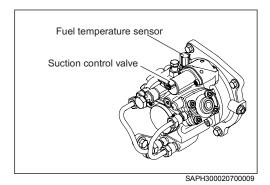
Temperat ure (°C,°F)	75 {167}	100 {212}
Resistanc e value (Ω)	79 - 92	35.5 - 42.5



3. Inspection of glow plug

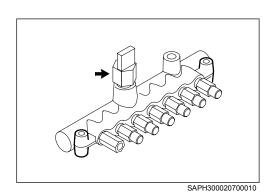
(1) Measure continuity between the body and the terminal using a circuit tester. If it is faulty, replace the glow plug.

Standard value	
Resistance value : Ω	
(Normal temperature	2.59 - 3.29
20 ° C{68° F})	



4. Inspection of suction control valve SCV and fuel temperature sensor

(1) For inspection and replacement of the suction control valve (SCV) and the fuel temperature sensor, refer to the chapter of "J08E Fuel".



5. Inspection of common rail pressure sensor

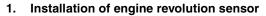
 For inspection and replacement of the common rail pressure sensor, refer to the chapter of "J08EFuel".

6. Inspection of injector

(1) For inspection and replacement of the injector, refer to the chapter of "J08EFuel".

Installation of component

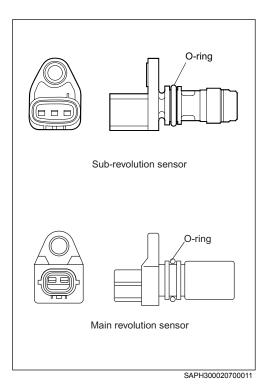
JP30002070702002



(1) Make sure that the sensor has the O-ring. Install the sensor on the flywheel housing and the cam housing.

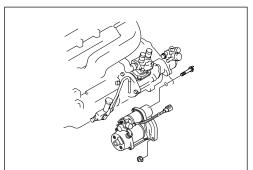
NOTICE

 Since this sensor is a flange type, gap does not have to be adjusted.



Installation of starter

JP30002070702003



SAPH300020700012

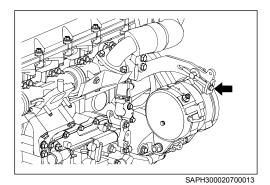
1. Install the starter with bolts and nuts.

Tightening torque : 154 N· m {1,570 kgf· cm, 114 lbf· ft}

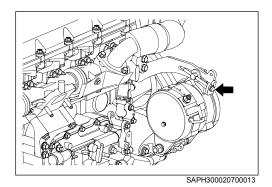
ELECTRICAL

Removal of alternator

JP30002070702004



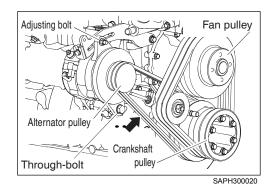
1. Remove the through bolt.



- 2. Remove the alternator adjusting bolt.
- 3. Remove the through bolt while supporting the alternator, and remove the alternator.
- When the through bolt is removed, the alternator falls. The alternator must be firmly supported during removal.

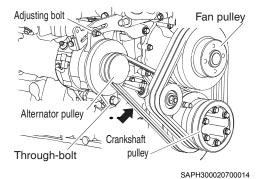
Installation of alternator

JP30002070702005



1. Installation of alternator

- Tighten the alternator temporarily using through bolts and nuts.
- (2) Tighten the adjusting bolt temporarily.



2. V-belt tension adjustment

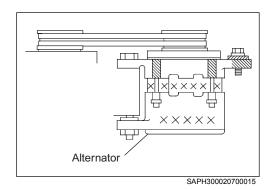
(1) Place a tire lever on the alternator and adjust the V- belt (Measuring position: A) within the standard value using a special tool. Tighten adjusting bolts and through bolts.

Special tool: 380100042 Compression gauge 380100043 Belt tension gauge

(AUTION • When a tire lever is placed, do not place it beyond the shaded area shown in the

Deflection: 380100042 is used.

alternator figure.



Standard value (mm{in.})

[Reference pressing 8 - 10{0.3152 - 0.394} force 98 N {10 kgf, 22lbf}]

Tension: 380100043 is used.

Standard value	340 - 440{35 - 45, 76 - 99}
(N {kgf, lbf})	

Tightening torque: Through bolt 83 N m {850 kgf cm, 61 lbf ft} Tightening torque: Adjusting bolt 51 N m {520 kgf cm, 38 lbf ft}

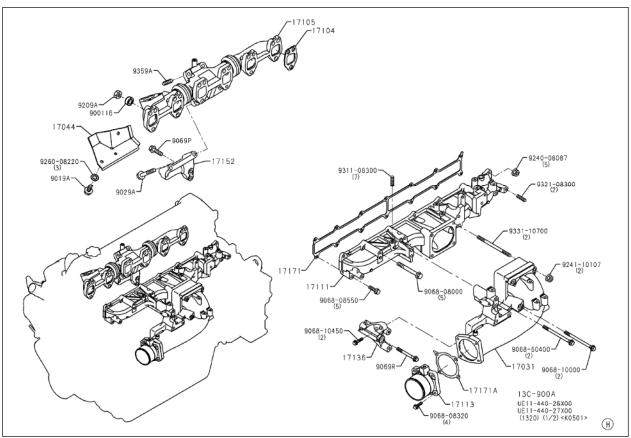
8 INTAKE

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Intake Manifold

Part layout

JP30002080402001



SAPH300020800001

17031	Intake pipe	17113	Intake pipe
17111	Intake manifold	17171	Gasket*

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

9068-08000	28.5 N· m {290 kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}	9240-08087	28 N· m {290 kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}
9068-08550	28.5 N· m {290 kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}		

Replacement

JP30002080704001

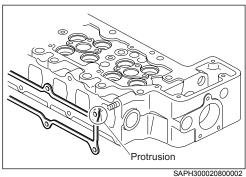
1. Removal of intake manifold

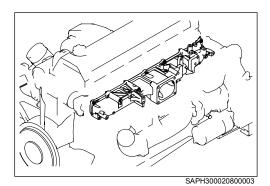
Remove bolts and nuts and remove the intake manifold.

Installation of intake manifold

- Clean inside of the intake manifold and the cylinder head.
- Assemble a new gasket.

⚠ CAUTION • Install the gasket so that the protrusion may come at the rear end stud bolt of the cylinder head.





Install the intake manifold and tighten it with bolts and nuts.

Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}

Installation of intake pipe

- After removing contamination on the contact surface, apply liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207B(black) or equivalent] to the circumference of the contact surface.
- / CAUTION
- Apply it continuously.
- · Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 1.5 to 2.5 mm {0.0591 to 0.09843 in.}
- · Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.
- Install the intake pipe with bolts and nuts. (2)

a

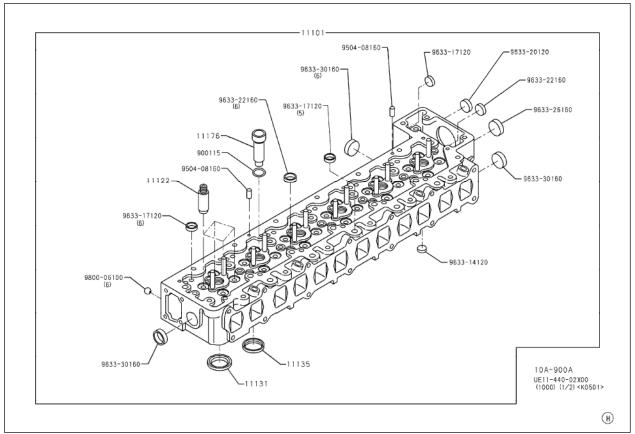
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Cylinder Head

Part layout

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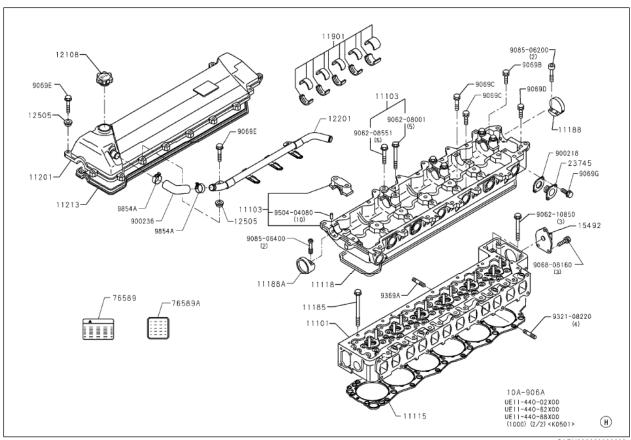


SAPH300020900001

11101	Cylinder head assembly	11135	Exhaust valve seat
11122	Valve guide	11176	Nozzle seat
11131	Intake valve seat	900115	Gasket*

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

ENGINE MECHANICAL



SAPH300020900002

11101	Cylinder head assembly	11188A	Cylinder plug	
11103	Camshaft housing	11201	Cylinder head cover	
11115	Cylinder head gasket	11213	Head cover gasket	
11118	Camshaft housing gasket	12108	Oil filler cap	
11188	Cylinder plug	23745	Pipe oil seal	

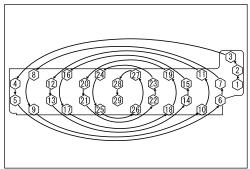
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

	•		
11185	59N· m{600kgf· cm, 44lbf· ft}+90°+90°	9069E	28.5N· m{290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}
9062-10850	59N·m{600kgf·cm, 44lbf·ft}	9062-08001	31N · m{320kgf · cm, 23lbf · ft}
9069B	23N m{230kgf cm, 17lbf ft}	9062-08551	31N m{320kgf cm, 23lbf ft}
9069C	23N· m{230kgf· cm, 17lbf· ft}	9085-06200	6N⋅m{60kgf⋅cm, 4lbf⋅ft}
9069D	23N· m{230kgf· cm, 17lbf· ft}	9085-06400	6N · m{60kgf · cm, 4lbf · ft}

Replacement of cylinder head

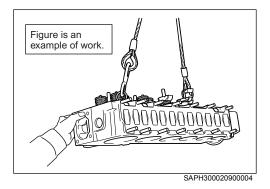
JP30002090704001



1. Removal of cylinder head and head gasket

 Loosen the head bolts from outside to inside gradually (1/ 4 turn for each) as shown in the order of the figure and remove them.

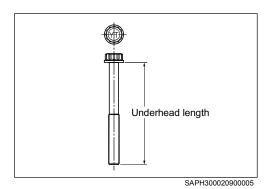




(2) Remove the cylinder head using an eye bolt and hoist.

NOTICE

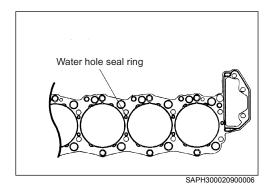
 If it is difficult to remove the cylinder head, insert a chisel between the cylinder head and the cylinder block, and move the chisel vertically so that the contact surface may not be damaged. Then, separate the cylinder head.



2. Inspection of head bolt length

(1) Measure the underhead length of the head bolt (M12 only) using vernier calipers. If it is beyond the service limit, replace it with a new one.

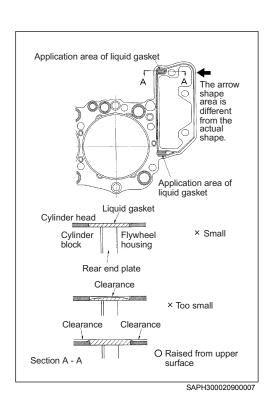
Service limit (mm{in.})	126.5{4.9803 in.}
-------------------------	-------------------



- Installation of head gasket and liquid gasket application procedure
 - Cut the rear end plate gasket to be flush with the surface of the cylinder block upper surface using a scraper.
 - (2) Install the head gasket on the cylinder block and the flywheel housing.

. CAUTION

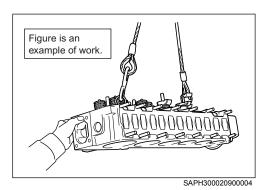
- Remove dirt, water or oil from the mounting surfaces of the cylinder head and the cylinder block before work.
- Never reuse the gasket. Otherwise, it may damage the engine.
- The water hole seal ring of the head gasket is susceptible to damage. Avoid contact with hand or object.



- Before installation of the head gasket, make sure that there is no fall of or damage to the seal ring.
- (3) Apply appropriate amount of liquid gasket [Threebond TB1211 (white) or equivalent] to the head gasket hole at the joint surface between the cylinder block and the flywheel housing.

/ CAUTION

- Apply the liquid gasket so that the surface of the liquid gasket may be raised on the head qasket.
- Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.



4. Installation of cylinder head

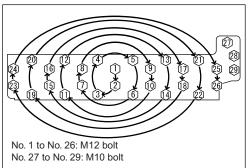
- Clean the head bolt seat at the cylinder head upper surface and the cylinder head lower surface.
- (2) Apply engine oil to the head bolt seat and the bolt thread.
- (3) Align the dowel pins of the cylinder block using a special tool and hoist and mount the cylinder head.

!\CAUTION

- Before mounting the cylinder head, make sure that there is no foreign matter in the cylinder.
- When the cylinder head is mounted, be careful for engagement between the cam idle gear and the sub-idle gear. (Contact of gear teeth with undue force may cause impact mark or chipping, resulting in abnormal noise or missing tooth.)

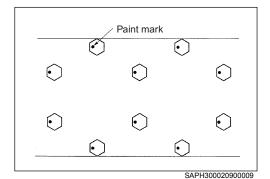
NOTICE

 Mounting of the cylinder head with guide bolt can prevent displacement of the liquid gasket.



SAPH300020900008

SAPH300020900010



(4) Tighten head bolts M12 only in the order from the center to outside

Tightening torque: 59 N m {600 kgf cm, 44 lbf ft}

(5) After tightening M12 bolt, tighten the bolts again from the center to outside.

Tightening torque: 59 N m {600 kgf cm, 44 lbf ft}

- (6) Mark the heads of the head bolts (M12 only) using paint.
- (7) Retighten the 90 deg head bolts (M12 only) in the same order in (5).
- (8) Retighten the 90 deg head bolts (M12 only) in the same order.
- (9) Make sure that all marks face the same direction.

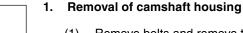
<u>\hat{\Lambda}</u> CAUTION • If a bolt is turned excessively in retightening, do not loosen it.

(10) Tighten remaining head bolts (M10) in the order in the figure.

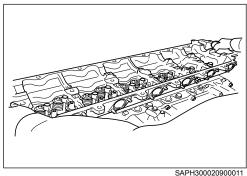
Tightening torque: 59 N m {600 kgf cm, 44 lbf ft}

Replacement of camshaft housing

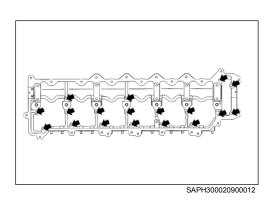
JP30002090704002



(1) Remove bolts and remove the camshaft housing.



ENGINE MECHANICAL



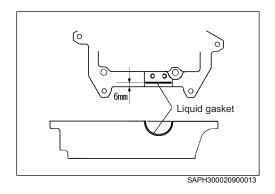
2. Installation of camshaft housing

(1) Install new gasket and camshaft housing. Tightening torque: 23 N m {230 kgf cm, 17 lbf ft}

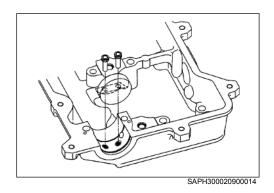
· Refer to the figure for the mounting bolt position.

Liquid gasket application procedure for cylinder plug (only when cylinder plug is removed)

JP30002090704003

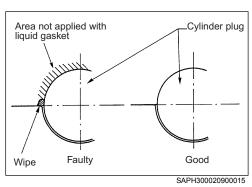


- 1. Remove liquid gasket from the cylinder plug and the camshaft housing.
- 2. Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207B (black) or equivalent] to the semi-circular areas at the front/rear ends of the camshaft housing and install the cylinder plug.



3. Tighten the Torx bolt.

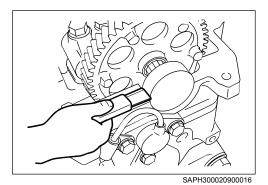
Tightening torque: 6 N m {60 kgf cm, 4 lbf ft}



- **⚠** CAUTION Be sure to wipe protruding liquid gasket.
 - · Make sure that the cylinder plug is seated without inclination to the front or back.

Replacement of head cover

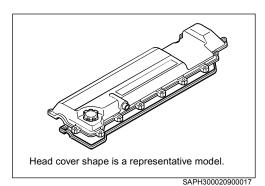
JP30002090704004



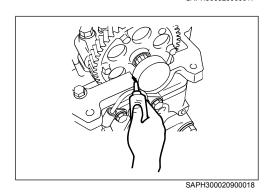
1. Installation of head cover

(1) Remove liquid gasket near the side of the cylinder plug at the front/rear ends of the camshaft housing, using a scraper.

<u>ACAUTION</u> • If there is oil leak from the cylinder plug, do not remove the cylinder plug.



(2) Wipe dirt (including liquid gasket) and oil on the joint surfaces of the head cover and the camshaft housing. Install a new gasket on the head cover.

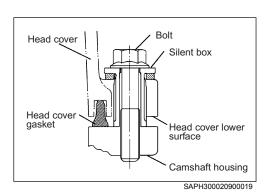


(3) Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207B(black) or equivalent] near the side of the cylinder plug immediately before installation of the head cover.

⚠ CAUTION

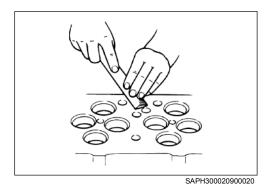
- Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 1.5 to 2.5 mm{0.0591 to 0.0984 in.}
- Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.
- Never apply the liquid gasket to the upper semi-circle of the cylinder plug.
- (4) Put the head cover on the camshaft housing and tighten bolts.

Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}



Overhaul of cylinder head

JP30002090702001

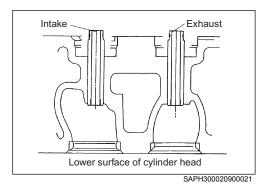


1. Cleaning of cylinder head

- (1) Remove carbon or other deposit using a scraper.
- (2) Clean the cylinder head.

<u>ACAUTION</u> • To remove carbon or other deposit, do not damage the lower surface of the cylinder

head.



2. Replacement of valve guide

- (1) Remove the valve stem seal.
- (2) Remove the valve guide using a brass bar or press.
- (3) When a new valve guide is assembled, do not pry the end in assembly and press fit using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100030 Guide

ACAUTION

- In press fit, be careful not to damage the valve stem at the upper/lower ends of the guide.
- In press fit, be sure to apply engine oil to the circumference of the valve guide.



/ CAUTION

- The valve seat replacement procedure below may damage the cylinder head depending on the case. It is recommended that a request for replacement be made to a machining vendor.
- If the valve seat is replaced, use an out-of-use valve.
 After cutting three pieces from the valve circumference, weld them to the valve seat.



Valve seat

Electric welding

Backing

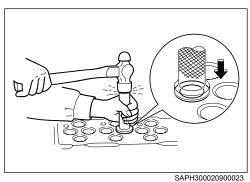
Valve

metal

Æ CAUTI

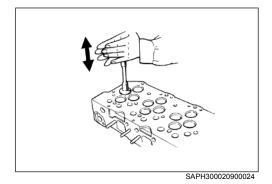
- ⚠ CAUTION Apply grease to protect the cylinder head lower surface from welding spatter before
 - (2) Put a backup metal (e.g. brass bar) at the valve stem head and pull out the valve seat using a press.
 - (3) Remove welding spatter or dirt on the valve seat surface.

ENGINE MECHANICAL



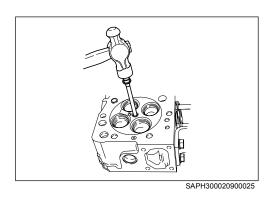
Heat the cylinder head to approx. 80 to 100 °C and strike the cooled valve seat into the mounting area of the cylinder head.





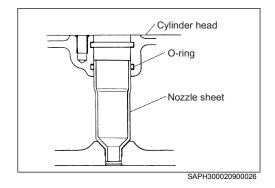
- Apply small amount of lapping compound to the contact surface between the valve and the valve seat.
- Strike gently while turning the valve using a tool for adjustment.

Valve lapping tool

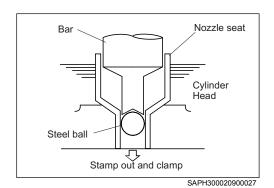


Replacement of nozzle seat

- Tap the nozzle seat from the cylinder head lower part. Then, put an appropriate bolt inside.
- Hit the bolt head using a hammer and pull out the nozzle seat toward the the cylinder head upper part.
- Remove the O-ring from the cylinder head.
- · After pulling out the nozzle seat, be sure to **A**CAUTION remove deposit such as remaining liquid gasket or dirt.
 - After attaching a new O-ring into the nozzle seat hole of the cylinder head, apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1211 (white) or equivalent] at the lower part of a new nozzle seat and assemble it on the cylinder head.

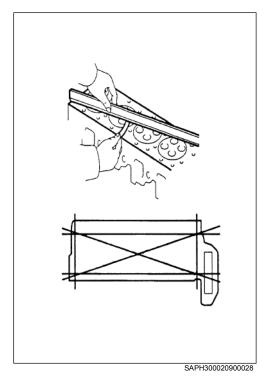


! CAUTION • Be sure to replace the O-ring with a new part. Reuse may cause water leak or gas leak, resulting in overheat or crack of the cylinder head.



(5) Clamp the nozzle seat using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100031 Bar 380100032 Steel ball



5. Inspection of cylinder head

- (1) Inspection of cylinder head distortion
 - a. Measure distortion of the cylinder head lower surface and the manifold mounting surface using a ruler.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Longitudinal direction	
0.06{0.0024}	0.2{0.0079}
Square direction 0.03{0.0012}	

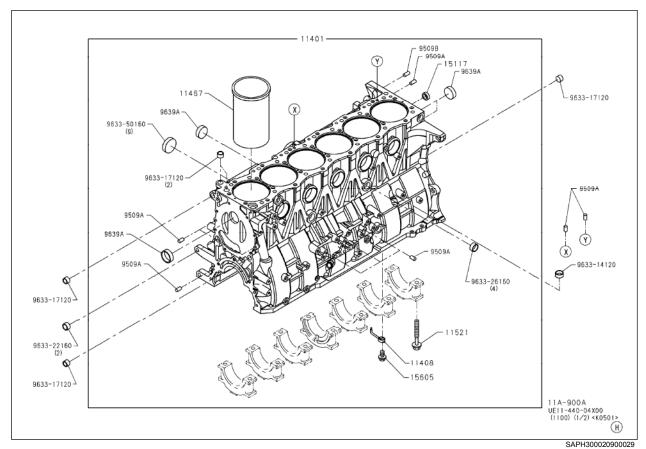
b. If the measurement value is beyond the service limit, replace it.

- ⚠ CAUTION Repair of the lower surface by grinding can change backlash of the timing gear. Do not grind it.
 - (2) Inspection of cylinder head crack
 - a. With dye penetrant test method (red check), make sure that there is no crack or damage in the cylinder head.

Cylinder Block

Part layout

JP30002090402002



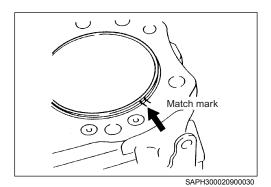
11401	Cylinder block assembly	11467	Cylinder liner	
11408	Cooling jet			

Tightening torque

11521	69N· m{700kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft}+90°+45°	15605 22N · m{220kgf· cm, 16lbf· ft}	

Overhaul

JP30002090702002

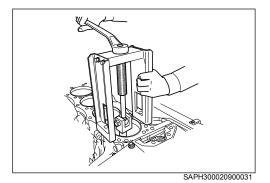


1. Replacement of cylinder liner

(1) Put match marks on the flange surfaces of the cylinder block and the cylinder liner using a oil based marker.

/!\ CAUTION

- · Store removed cylinder liners for each cylinder number.
- · Never provide match marks with a punch.

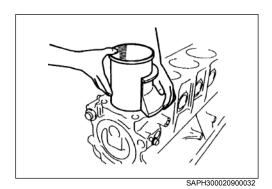


Pull out the cylinder liner toward the cylinder block upper part using a tool.

Cylinder liner puller

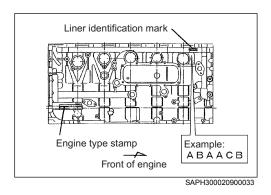
ACAUTION

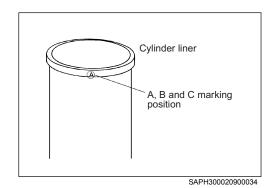
- Be careful for handling of the cylinder liner. Do not reuse the cylinder liner which has been dropped.
- Do not touch the cooling jet during work.

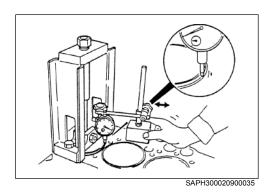


- Apply engine oil to the inner bore of the cylinder block. (3)
- Align the match mark of the cylinder liner with that of the (4) cylinder block. Install the cylinder liner using a tool. Guide

- **⚠** CAUTION When a new cylinder liner is installed, install the cylinder liner with the same identification mark (A, B, C) stamped on the cylinder block.
 - · The example in the figure shows that the #1 cylinder is a liner of B.







2. Inspection of protrusion at cylinder liner flange

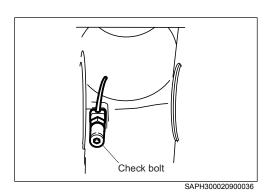
(1) Fix the cylinder liner using a tool.

Tightening torque: 9.8 N m {100 kgf cm, 7 lbf ft}

(2) Measure protrusion of the flange using a dial gauge.

Cylinder liner puller

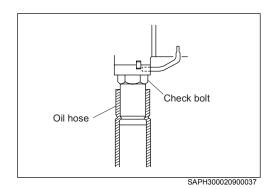
Standard value (mm{in.})	0.01 - 0.08
	{0.0004 - 0.0031}



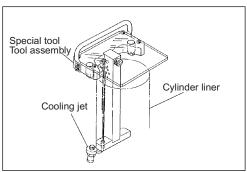
3. Inspection and adjustment of cooling jet

 Remove the standard oil check valve and install the cooling jet on the cylinder block using a special tool.

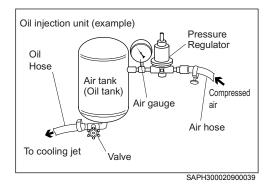
Special tool: 380100040 Check bolt



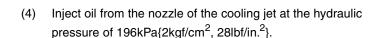
- (2) Connect the injection test oil hose from the lower part of the cylinder block to the special tool check bolt.
- **⚠ CAUTION** Use new engine oil for injection of oil.



SAPH300020900038

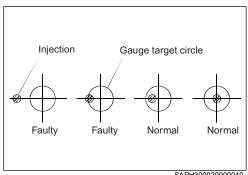


NOTICE

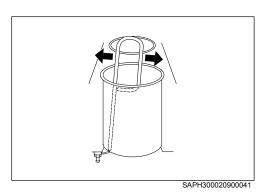


Set a special tool on the cylinder block. Special tool: 380100041 Tool assembly

· Refer to the drawing for the oil injection unit.



SAPH300020900040



When the injection center hits within the specified line of the gauge, it is considered normal.

/ CAUTION

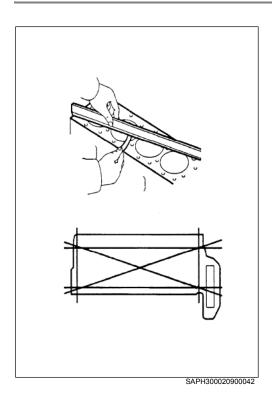
- · Oil is susceptible to combustion due to spread. Do not use fire near around.
- · Work at well ventilated place.
- (6)Make sure that the jet position check gauge hole at the tool assembly end may not interfere with the cooling jet pipe.
- (7) If injection does not hit the target circle, correct it with a special tool.

Special tool: 380100039 Tool

- If it cannot be corrected, install a new cooling jet for reinspection.
- (9) Remove the check bolt and install the cooling jet on the cylinder block using the genuine oil check valve.

Tightening torque: 22 N m {220 kgf cm, 16 lbf ft}

(10) After assembly of the piston, make sure that the cooling jet does not interfere with the piston at the piston bottom dead center.



4. Inspection of cylinder block

- (1) Inspection of cylinder block distortion
 - a. Measure distortion on the cylinder block using a ruler.

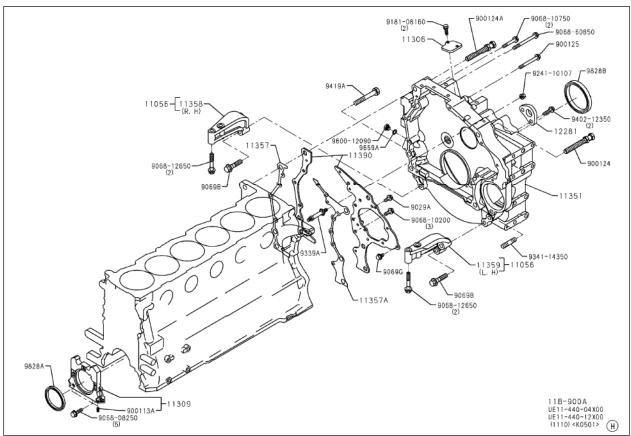
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Longitudinal direction	
0.06{0.0024}	0.0(0.0070)
Square direction	0.2{0.0079}
0.03{0.0012}	

- b. If the measurement value is beyond the service limit, replace it.
- Repair of the upper surace by grinding can change backlash of the timing gear. Do not grind it.
 - (2) Inspection of cylinder block crack
 - a. With dye penetrant test method (red check), make sure that there is no crack or damage in the cylinder block.

Timing Gear Cover and Flywheel Housing

Part layout

JP30002090402003



SAPH30002090004

11056	Flywheel housing stay	11357A	Gasket*
11309	Oil seal retainer	11390	End plate
11351	Flywheel housing	9828A	Front oil seal*
11357	Gasket*	9828B	Rear oil seal*

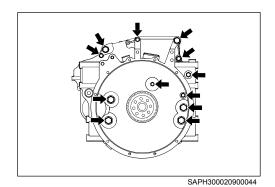
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

9029A	55N· m{560kgf· cm, 41lbf· ft}	90124	196N · m{2,000kgf · cm, 145lbf · ft}
9068-10200	55N· m{560kgf· cm, 41lbf· ft}	90124A	196N · m{2,000kgf · cm, 145lbf · ft}
9068-10750	55N· m{560kgf· cm, 41lbf· ft}	90125	36N⋅ m{370kgf⋅ cm, 27lbf⋅ ft}
9068-12650	97N m{990kgf cm, 72lbf ft}	9241-10107	55N m{560kgf cm, 41lbf ft}
9068-60850	55N· m{560kgf· cm, 41lbf· ft}	9339A	55N m{560kgf cm, 41lbf ft}
9069B	171.5N· m{1,750kgf· cm, 126lbf· ft}	9419A	196N· m{2,000kgf· cm, 145lbf· ft}

Replacement of flywheel housing

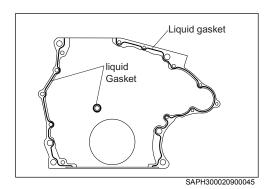
JP30002090702003



1. Removal of flywheel housing

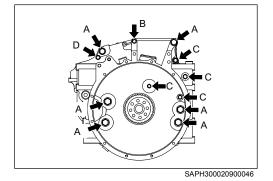
(1) Remove bolts and remove the flywheel housing.

! CAUTION • Remove bolts fixing the flywheel housing from the cylinder block.



2. Installation of flywheel housing

- (1) Remove contamination from the joint surfaces of the flywheel housing and the rear end plate using a scraper.
- (2) Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207D (silver) or equivalent] to the flywheel housing as shown in the figure.
- ! CAUTION Apply it continuously.
 - Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 1.5 to 2.5 mm{0.0591 to 0.0984 in.}.
 - Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.
 - (3) Install the flywheel housing on the cylinder block with bolts.



Tightening torque:

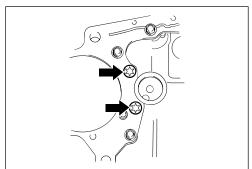
196 N · m {2,000 kgf· cm, 145 lbf· ft} (Area A) 36 N · m {370 kgf· cm, 27 lbf· ft} (Area B)

55 N m {560 kgf cm, 41 lbf ft} (Area C)

• Tighten bolts fixing the flywheel housing from the cylinder block.

Replacement of rear end plate

JP30002090702004



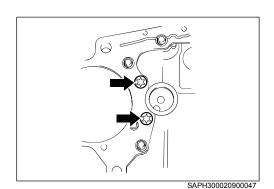
SAPH300020900047

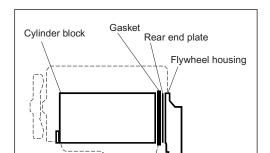
Removal of rear end plate

- (1) Remove bolts.
- (2) Remove the Torx bolt using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100037 Socket wrench

ENGINE MECHANICAL





SAPH300020900048

2. Installation of rear end plate

(1) Install the rear end plate and a new gasket with bolts.

♠ CAUTION
• Make sure that there is no dirt or foreign matter on the installation surface of the cylinder block and the screw holes.

- (2) Apply sealant (Super 5M or equivalent) to the thread of the Torx bolt.
- (3) Install the Torx bolt using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100037 Socket wrench

Tightening torque: 55 N m {560 kgf cm, 41 lbf ft}

(4) Cut the rear end plate gasket with a scraper to be flush to the upper/lower surfaces of the cylinder block.

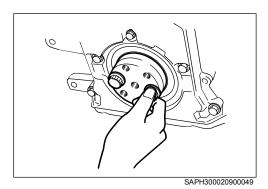
Replacement of crankshaft front oil seal

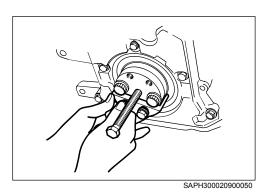
JP30002090704005



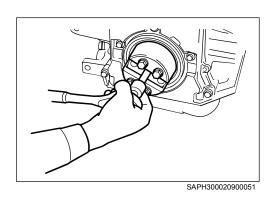
(1) Install the plate of the special tool oil seal puller on the crankshaft using two crankshaft damper mounting bolts.

Special tool: 380100028 Oil seal puller

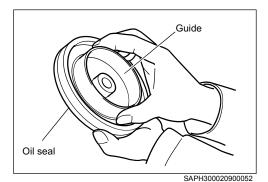




(2) Hook the special tool oil seal puller with the tab of the crankshaft front oil seal and install the hook on the plate of the special tool oil seal puller with accompanying bolts.



- (3) Remove two bolts which installed the plate of the special tool oil seal puller on the crankshaft.
- (4) Attach the accompanying center bolt to the special tool oil seal puller and tighten it. Pull out the crankshaft front oil seal.

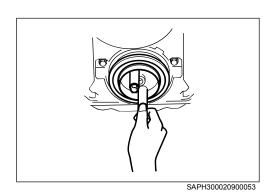


2. Installation of crankshaft front oil seal

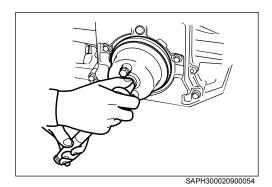
 Insert a new crankshaft oil seal into the guide of the oil seal press.

Special tool: 380100029 Oil seal installer

• Be careful for front/rear directions of the crankshaft front oil seal. (The felt surface is at the crankshaft damper side.)



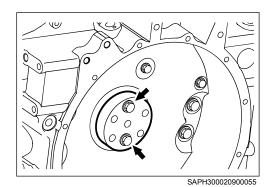
- (2) Remove contamination from the joint surface of the crankshaft front oil seal and the cylinder block.
- (3) Apply small amount of engine oil to the seal area of the crankshaft front oil seal.
- (4) Install the oil seal press guide inserting a new crankshaft front oil seal with accompanying guide bolts on the crankshaft.



- (5) Align the oil seal press hole to the guide bolt and insert the oil seal press.
- (6) Attach the accompanying center bolt to the oil seal press and tighten it until stop. Press fit the crankshaft front oil seal.

Replacement of crankshaft rear oil seal

JP30002090704006

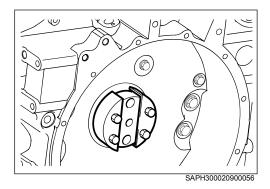


1. Removal of crankshaft rear oil seal

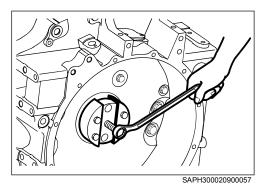
 Install the plate of the special tool oil seal puller on the crankshaft using two flywheel assembly mounting bolts.

Special tool: 380100034 Oil seal remover

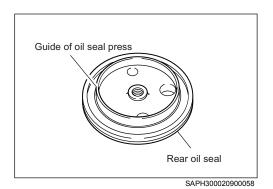
^! CAUTION • Align the large hole of the plate with the collar dowel of the crankshaft.



- (2) Hook the oil seal puller with the tab of the crankshaft rear oil seal and install the hook on the plate of the oil seal puller with accompanying bolts.
- (3) Remove two bolts which installed the plate of the oil seal puller on the crankshaft.



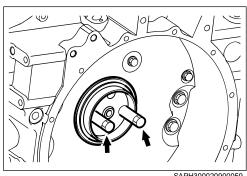
(4) Attach the accompanying center bolt to the oil seal puller and tighten it. Pull out the crankshaft rear oil seal.



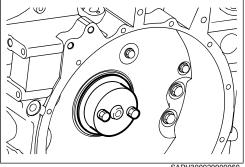
2. Installation of crankshaft rear oil seal

(1) Insert a new crankshaft rear oil seal into the guide of the oil seal press.

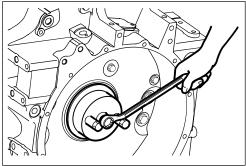
Special tool: 380100038 Oil seal installer



SAPH300020900059



SAPH300020900060



SAPH300020900061

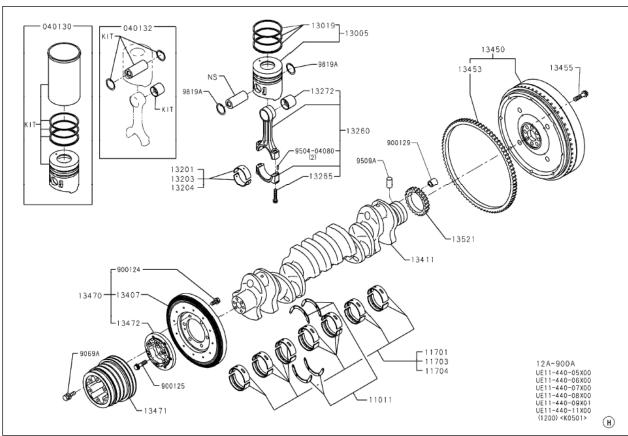
- Remove contamination from the joint surface of the (2) crankshaft rear oil seal and the flywheel housing
- Apply small amount of engine oil to the seal area of the crankshaft rear oil seal.
- (4) Install the oil seal press guide inserting a new crankshaft rear oil seal with accompanying guide bolts on the crankshaft.
- **!** CAUTION · Align the large hole of the guide with the collar dowel of the crankshaft.
 - Align the oil seal press hole to the guide bolt and insert the oil seal press.

Attach the accompanying center bolt to the oil seal press (6) and tighten it until stop. Press fit the crankshaft rear oil seal.

Main Moving Parts

Part layout

JP30002090402004



SAPH300020900062

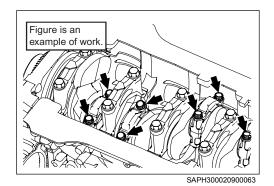
11011	Thrust bearing	13407	Crankshaft damper
11701	Main bearing	13411	Crankshaft
11703	Main bearing US 0.25	13450	Flywheel assembly
11704	Main bearing US 0.50	13453	Ring gear
13005	Piston and piston ring set	13471	Crankshaft pulley
13201	Bearing	13521	Crankshaft gear
13260	Connecting rod assembly	9819A*	Retainer ring

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

13265	69N· m{700kgf· cm, 51lbf· ft}+90°+45°	900125	118N · m {1, 200 kgf · cm, 87lbf · ft}
13455	186N· m {1, 900 kgf· cm, 137lbf· ft}		

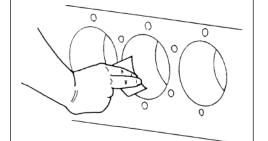
Replacement of piston and connecting rod



1. Removal of piston

Remove bolts and remove the connecting rod cap.

- !\ CAUTION Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the flywheel gear from the flywheel housing inspection hole to prevent turning of the crankshaft.
 - · Store removed connecting rod cap for each cylinder number so that combinations of the connecting rod and the connecting rod cap may not be changed.
 - Remove carbon on the cylinder liner inner surface with a scraper or a sand paper (No. 150 or so) in the circumferential direction.

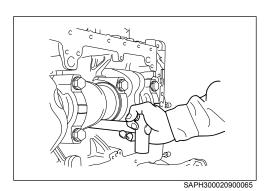


SAPH300020900064

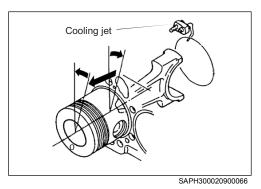
! CAUTION

 Do not damage parts lower than the carbon deposit area.

Fix the cylinder liner with bolts and a plate. (3)



Hit the connecting rod from underneath the engine using a handle of a hammer. Remove the piston together with the connecting rod.

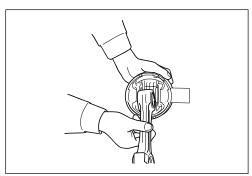


NOTICE

· In removing the piston, rotate the connecting rod as shown in the figure. Do not bend the cooling jet.

! CAUTION

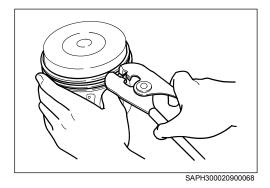
- Store removed pistons and connecting rods for each cylinder number.
- · Be careful not to touch the cooling jet.



2. Disassembly of piston and connecting rod

- (1) Remove the retainer ring using snap ring pliers.
- (2) Remove the piston pin using the brass bar and disconnect the piston from the connecting rod.

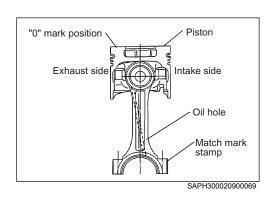




(3) Remove the piston ring using a tool.

ACAUTION

- Since the piston ring is susceptible to damage, be careful for handling.
- Store piston rings for each cylinder number.
- Store the piston rings so that the upper and lower surfaces may be identified.

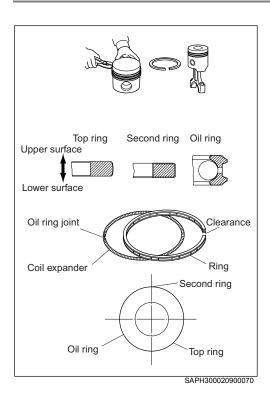


3. Assembly of piston and connecting rod

- (1) Install the piston on the connecting rod so that the "0" mark on the piston may be opposite to the match mark stamp on the connecting rod
- (2) Install a new retainer ring using a snap ring pliers.

/ CAUTION

 Make sure that there is no backlash in the retainer ring.



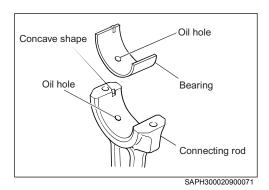
(3) Face the side with the piston ring identification print upward and install in the order of the oil ring, second ring and top ring using a special tool.

NOTICE

 The identification print is present only on the secondary ring and the top and bottom of the top ring and the oil ring are not identified.

Piston ring expander

- (4) Connect the joint of the coil expander and fit the oil ring inside the ring. Offset the coil expander joint with the ring joint by 180 deg for installation.
- (5) Allocate the joints of the piston ring with uniform intervals as shown in the figure.



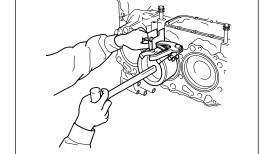
4. Installation of piston and connecting rod

- (1) Allocate the joints of the piston ring with uniform intervals as shown in the figure.
- (2) Install the connecting rod bearing to suit concave shape of the connecting rod.



- Make sure that the oil hole of the connecting rod bearing is aligned with the oil hole of the connecting rod.
- (3) Apply engine oil to the piston, cylinder liner and connecting rod bearing and compress the piston ring using a special tool.

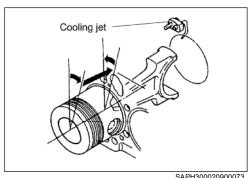
Piston ring holder



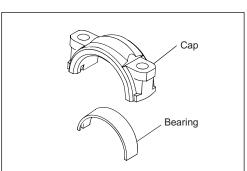
SAPH300020900072

(CAUTION •

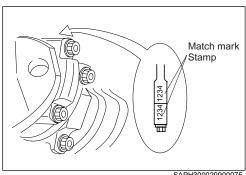
 Make sure that there is no deformation or damage to the special tool piston ring holder.



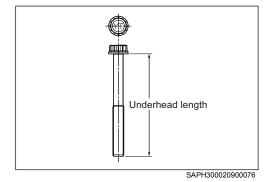
SAPH300020900073



SAPH300020900074



SAPH300020900075



(4) Insert the piston carefully so that the connecting rod may not come in contact with the cooling jet.

/ CAUTION

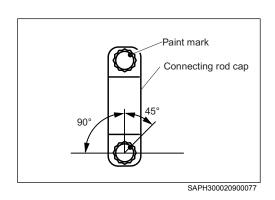
- Face the "0" mark on the piston toward the exhaust side for insertion.
- · Set the crankshaft of the cylinder as the top dead center for assembly.
- Do not damage the cylinder liner, crankshaft and cooling jet during work.
- Install the connecting rod bearing to suit concave shape of the connecting rod cap.

- Align the match mark of the connecting rod cap with that (6)of the connecting rod and fix it with a dowel pin.
- · Do not change the combination between the !\CAUTION connecting rod and the connecting rod cap.

Measure the underhead length of the connecting rod bolt (7) using a vernier calipers. If it is out of the service limit, replace it with a new one.

Service limit (mm{in.}) 68.0{2.67/2} or less	Service limit (mm{in.})	68.0{2.6772} or less
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Apply engine oil to the connecting rod bolt thread and the (8) seat and install it on the connecting rod.



(9) Tighten the connecting rod bolt and mark the bolt head in the same direction with paint.

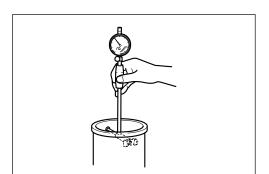
Tightening torque: 69 N m {700 kgf cm, 51 lbf ft}

- (10) Retighten the connecting rod bolt 90 $^{\circ}$.
- (11) Retighten the connecting rod bolt further 45 $^{\circ}$.
- (12) Make sure that all marks are in the same direction.

<u>(1)</u> CAUTION • If a bolt is turned excessively in retightening, do not loosen it.

Inspection of piston and connecting rod

IP30002000703001



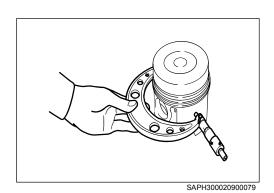
SAPH300020900078

1. Inspection of piston clearance

 Measure the inner diameter of the cylinder liner sliding surface using a cylinder gauge.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
112{4.4095}	112.15{4.4153}

(2) Measure the piston outer diameter using a micrometer.



(2) Measure the pistori outer diameter using a micrometer.

∴ CAUTION • The measuring position is 23 mm{0.9055 in.}
 above the piston lower end and square to the pin hole.

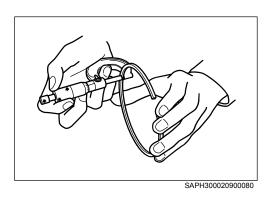
Standard value (mm{in.})	111.9±0.008{4.4055±0.0003}
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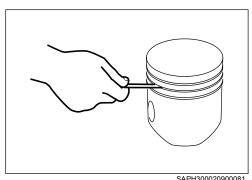
(3) Calculate the difference between the inner diameter of the cylinder liner and the outer diameter of the piston. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the cylinder liner and the piston.

2. Inspection of clearance between piston ring and ring groove

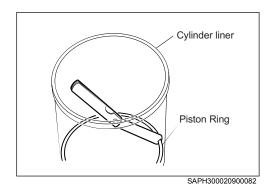
(1) Measure the piston ring width (B width) using a micrometer. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the piston ring.

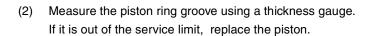
	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Top ring	2.5{0.0984}	2.40{0.0945}
Second ring	2{0.0787}	1.90{0.0748}
Oil ring	4{0.1575}	3.90{0.1535}





SAPH300020900081





	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Top ring groove	2.5{0.0984}	2.70{0.1063}
Second ring groove	2{0.0787}	2.20{0.0866}
Oil ring groove	4{0.1575}	4.10{0.1614}

Inspection of piston ring joint clearance

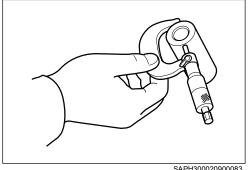
- Insert the piston ring into the cylinder liner by 80 mm horizontally using piston.
- Measure the piston ring joint clearance using a thickness gauge. If it is out of the service limit, replace the piston ring.

	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Top ring	0.3 - 0.40 {0.0118 - 0.0157}	1.5{0.0591}
Second ring	0.75 - 0.90 {0.0295 - 0.0354}	1.2{0.0472}
Oil ring	0.15 - 0.3 {0.0059 - 0.1181}	1.2{0.0472}

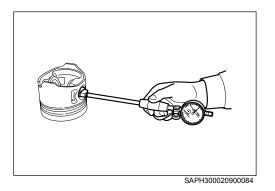
Inspection of piston pin

Measure the outer diameter of the contact area of the piston pin with the piston boss using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
37 {1.4567}	36.96{1.4551}



SAPH300020900083



Measure the piston boss inner diameter using a cylinder gauge. (2)

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
37 {1.4567}	37.05{1.4587}

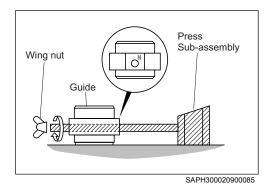
Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the (3) piston pin contact area with the piston boss and the inner diameter of the piston boss. If it is out of the service limit, replace the piston pin.

Standard value (mm)	Service limit (mm{in.})
-0.002T-0.025L	0.05{0.0020}

T: Tightening allowance, L: Clearance

Replacement of connecting rod bushing

IP30002090704007



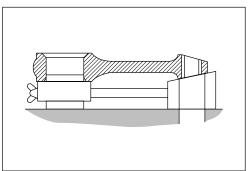
1. Removal of connecting rod bushing

(1) Put the press sub-assembly together with the special tool guide nut and fix them using the wing nut.

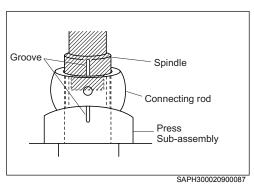
Guide Press sub-assembly Wing nut

ACAUTION

- Face "H" mark of the guide upward for assembly.
- Assemble it on a level table and make sure that the lower end of the guide and the press sub-assembly is flat.
- (2) With the large end bearing removed, assemble the connecting rod and put it on the assembled tool.



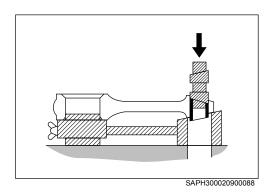
SAPH300020900086



(3) Install the spindle on the bushing of the connecting rod.

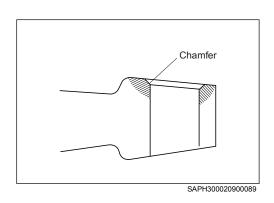
Spindle

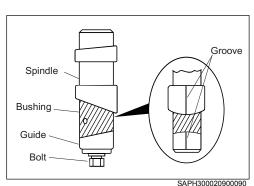
• Align the press sub-assembly groove with the special tool spindle groove for installation.

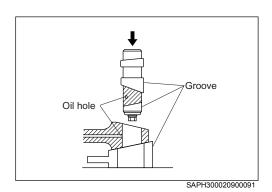


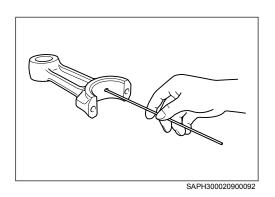
(4) Remove the bushing of the connecting rod using a press.

! CAUTION • Move the press slowly.









(5) Chamfer one side of the connecting rod small end uniformly according to the figure.

/ CAUTION

- Remove burr completely.
- · After chamfering, remove dirt from the inner surface at the small end and from the oil hole.

Installation of connecting rod bushing

Install a new bushing on the spindle and install the special tool guide and the bolt.

> **Spindle** Guide **Bolt**

Tightening torque:

5 - 6 N m {50 - 70 kgf cm, 3.5 - 4 lbf ft}

- !\CAUTION Align grooves of the guide and the spindle for installation.
 - · Make sure that the edge of the spindle and the guide is in close contact.
 - Align the connecting rod oil hole with the bushing oil hole assembled on the special tool. Make sure that the groove of the spindle is in alignment with the groove of the press sub-assembly.

/ CAUTION

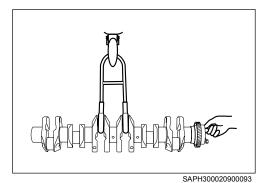
- · Place the connecting rod so that the chamfer side of the connecting rod small end inner diameter may be the bushing side
- · Apply engine oil to the inner diameter surface of the connecting rod.
- (3) Install the bushing on the connecting rod using a press.
- Insert a rod with the diameter of 6 mm from the oil hole at (4) the connecting rod large end and make sure that it goes through the oil hole at the small end.

NOTICE

- · Displacement of oil holes may cause insufficient lubrication, resulting in seizure.
- (5) Insert a new piston pin and check if there is no drag or backlash.

Replacement of crankshaft

JP30002090704008



Removal of crankshaft

- Remove the main bearing cap and the crankshaft bearing. Remove the crankshaft using a hoist.
- · Since the part is heavy, be careful for !\ CAUTION handling.
 - · Store removed main bearing caps and crankshaft bearings for each cylinder number.

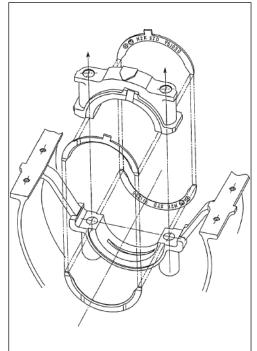


Installation of crankshaft

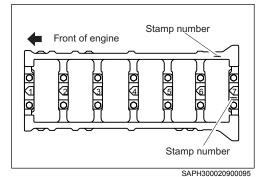
- Face the groove side (front) of the thrust bearing toward the crankarm and the part number side (back) toward the main bearing cap or the cylinder block. Install it on the cylinder block and the main bearing cap.
- ! CAUTION To prevent falling in assembly, apply engine oil or grease to the back of the thrust bearing.
 - Install the main bearing on the cylinder block and each bearing cap.



- Assemble the bearing with oil hole on the cylinder block and assemble the bearing without oil hole on the cap.
 - Apply new engine oil to the sliding surfaces of each bearing.
- Align the crankshaft with the cylinder block.

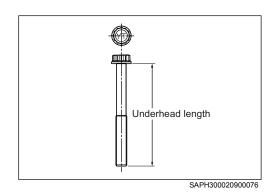


SAPH300020900094



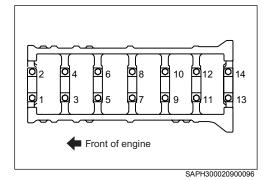
Align the main bearing cap which has the thrust bearing and the main bearing with the cylinder block.

- ! CAUTION The pentagon mark on the main bearing cap should face the front of the vehicle. Align in the order of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 from the front.
 - · Check the stamp number of each main bearing cap with the stamp number of the cylinder block.



(5) Measure the underhead length of the bearing cap bolt using a vernier calipers. If it is out of the service limit, replace it with a new one.

Service limit (mm{in.})	108{4.252}
-------------------------	------------



- (6) Apply engine oil to the bolt seat and the bolt thread of the bearing cap bolt.
- (7) Tighten the bearing cap bolt according to the sequence in the figure.

Tightening torque: 69 N m {700 kgf cm, 51 lbf ft}

- (8) Loosen the bearing cap fixing the thrust bearing and hit the crankshaft gently at the front/rear end using a plastic hammer.
- (9) Loosen all bearing cap bolts.
- (10) Tighten the bearing cap bolt as in (7).

Tightening torque: 69 N m {700 kgf cm, 51 lbf ft}

- (11) Mark bearing cap bolt heads in the same direction with paint.
- (12) Tighten 90 deg (1/4 turn) with the same order as in (7).
- (13) Retighten 45 deg (1/8 turn) as in (7).
- (14) Make sure that all paint marks are in the same direction.

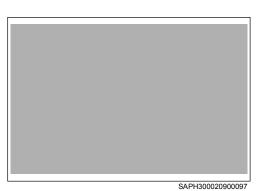


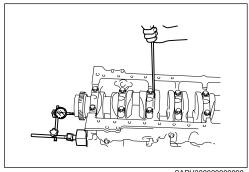
(15) After tightening, hit the front/rear ends of the crankshaft gently with a plastic hammer for initial fit.



- · Make sure that the crankshaft turns smoothly.
- Measure the end play of the crankshaft and make sure that it is within the standard value.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Repair limit (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.050 - 0.270 {0.0020 - 0.0106}}	0.50{0.0197}	1.270{0.0500}





SAPH300020900098

Inspection of crankshaft

JP30002090703002

1. Inspection of end play

Measure the end play of the crankshaft using a dial gauge. If it is beyond the repair limit, replace the thrust bearing. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the crankshaft.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Repair limit (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.050 - 0.270 {0.020 - 0.0106}	0.50{0.0197}	1.270{0.0500}

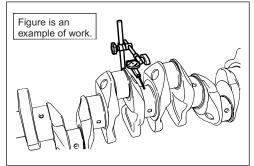
NOTICE

 Standard width of thrust bearing2.5mm{0.0984in.}

2. Inspection of rotation runout

Measure the crankshaft rotation runout using a dial gauge. If it is beyond the repair limit, grind the crankshaft and use the undersize bearing.

Repair limit (mm{in.}) 0.15{0.0060}		Repair limit (mm{in.})	0.15{0.0060}
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SAPH300020900099

Inspection of journal wear

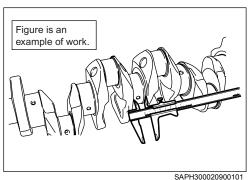
Measure the outer diameter of the crankshaft journal using a micrometer. If it is faulty, grind or replace the crankshaft. When the crankshaft is ground, use the undersize bearing.

Journal standard value (mm{in.})	80{3.1496}
----------------------------------	------------

Wear value (mm{in.})	Action
Eccentric wear 0.10{0.0039}	Regrind for correction.
Wear of 0.20{0.0079} or more	Regrind
Wear of 1.20{0.0472}	Replace the crankshaft.



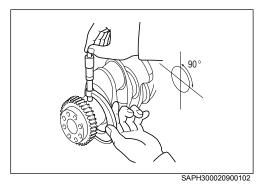
SAPH300020900100



Measure the crankshaft center journal width using a vernier calipers. If it is out of the service limit, replace the crankshaft.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
36{1.4173}	37.0{1.4567}

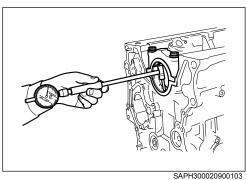




Inspection of crankshaft oil clearance

(1) Measure the outer diameter of the crankshaft journal using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
80{3.1496}	78.8{3.1024}



- (2) Do not install the crankshaft. Install the crankshaft bearing and the main bearing cap on the cylinder block.
- Measure the crankshaft bearing inner diameter using a (3)cylinder gauge.
- Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the crankshaft journal and the inner diameter of the crankshaft bearing. If it is beyond the repair limit, grind the crankshaft and use the undersize bearing.

Repair limit (mm{in.})
0.2{0.0079}

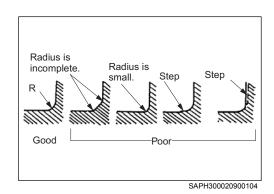
NOTICE

• Standard bearing thickness: 2.5mm

• Undersize bearing value: 0.25, 0.50, 0.75,

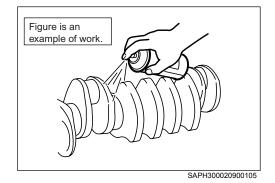
1.00

Bearing size	Journal outer diameter (mm{in.})
Standard	79.940 - 79.960 {3.1472 - 3.1480}
0.25.00US	79.690 - 79.710 {3.1374 - 3.1382}
0.50US	79.440 - 79.460 {3.1276 - 3.1283}
0.75US	79.190 - 79.210 {3.1177 - 3.1185}
1.00US	78.940 - 78.960 {3.1079 - 3.1087}



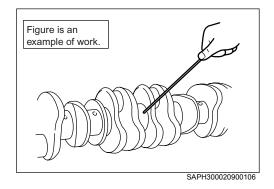
(5) Dimension of fillet "R"

Crank pin
2.5 to 3.0mm {0.0984 to 0.1181 in.}
Journal
2.5 to 3.0mm {0.0984 to 0.1181 in.}

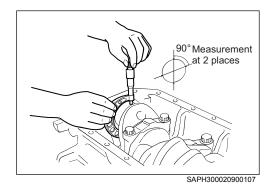


Inspection of crack and damage on crankshaft and of oil hole

(1) Check for crack or damage using dye penetrant. If a faulty condition is found, replace the crankshaft.



(2) Check for clogging of the crankshaft oil hole. If faulty condition is found, replace the crankshaft.



6. Inspection of pin wear

 Measure the outer diameter of the crankshaft crank pin using a micrometer. If it is faulty, grind or replace the crankshaft.

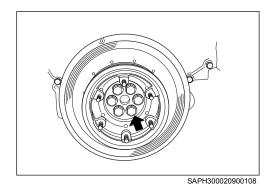
When the crankshaft is ground, use the undersize bearing.

	Crank pin standard value	65
--	--------------------------	----

Wear value (mm{in.})	Action
Eccentric wear 0.10{0.0039}	Regrind for correction.
Wear of 0.20{0.0079} or more	Regrind
Wear of 1.20{0.0472}	Replace the crankshaft.

Replacement of crankshaft pulley

JP30002090704009

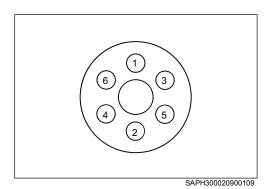


1. Removal of crankshaft pulley

(1) Remove bolts and remove the crankshaft pulley.

NOTICE

 Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the flywheel gear from the flywheel housing inspection hole to prevent turning of the crankshaft.



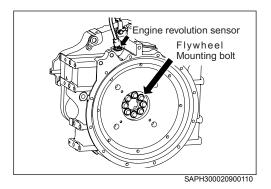
2. Installation of crankshaft pulley

- Apply engine oil to the bolt seat and the bolt thread of the crankshaft pulley mounting bolt.
- (2) Install the crankshaft pulley on the crankshaft and tighten it according to the figure.

Tightening torque: 118 N m {1,200 kgf cm, 87 lbf ft}

NOTICE

 Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the flywheel gear from the flywheel housing inspection hole to prevent turning of the crankshaft.



Replacement of flywheel

JP30002090704010

1. Removal of flywheel

- (1) Remove the engine revolution sensor.
 - (2) Remove bolts fixing the flywheel.

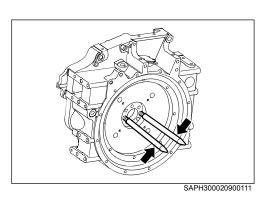
NOTICE

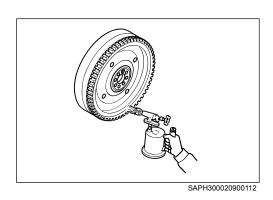
- Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the flywheel gear from the flywheel housing inspection hole to prevent turning of the crankshaft.
- (3) Install a tool into the bolt hole of the crankshaft to remove the flywheel.

Guide



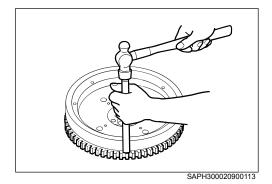
- Since the flywheel is heavy, be careful for handling.
- Do not give impact to the special tool during work.



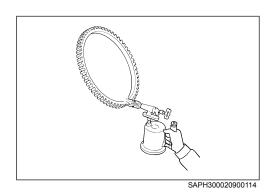


2. Removal of ring gear

- (1) Heat the entire ring gear circumference with a burner until it is about 200 °C(392°F).
- (CAUTION Do not touch the ring gear and the flywheel with bare hand while they are hot.

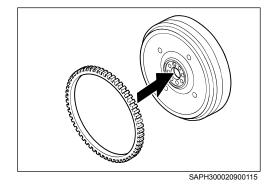


- (2) Hit the circumference of the ring gear gently using a backing rod to remove the ring gear from the flywheel.
- Do not touch the ring gear and the flywheel with bare hand while they are hot.

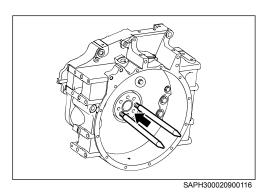


3. Installation of ring gear

- (1) Heat the entire ring gear circumference with a burner until it is about 200 °C(392°F).
- Do not touch the ring gear and the flywheel with bare hand while they are hot.



- (2) Face the chamfered side toward the flywheel and install it on the flywheel quickly.
- Do not touch the ring gear and the flywheel with bare hand while they are hot.



4. Installation of flywheel

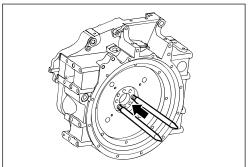
- (1) Make sure that there is no burr or dirt on the joint surface of the crankshaft and the flywheel and the screw hole.
- (2) Install the tool into the bolt hole of the crankshaft. **Guide**

NOTICE

- Install one special tool on the collar dowel and the other at the opposite side of the collar dowel.
- (3) Insert the flywheel until it comes in contact with the collar dowel of the crankshaft and adjust the position.

ACAUTION

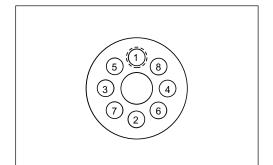
- Since the flywheel is heavy, be careful for handling.
- Do not give impact to the special tool during work.
- (4) Insert the flywheel until it comes in contact with the crankshaft.
- (5) Apply engine oil to the bolt seat and the bolt thread of the flywheel mounting bolt.



SAPH300020900117

SAPH300020900118

- (6) Tighten 6 bolts by 2 to 3 threads temporarily with hand in the bolt holes without installation of the tool.
- (7) Tighten 6 bolts gradually and tighten temporarily.
- (8) Remove the tool and tighten remaining two bolts temporarily as in (6) and (7).



SAPH300020900119

(9) Tighten the flywheel according to the order in the figure.

Tightening torque : 186 N · m {1,900 kgf · cm, 137 lbf · ft}

NOTICE

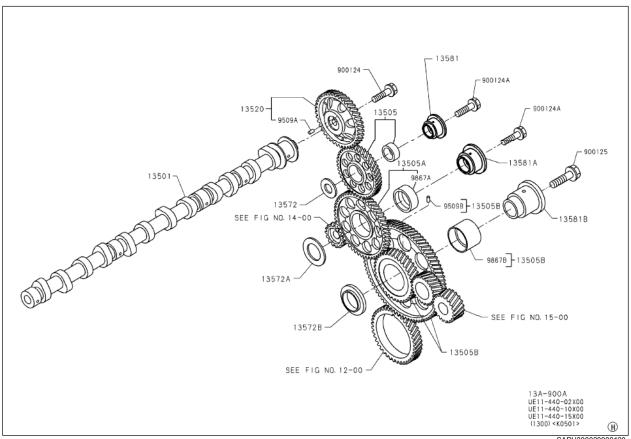
- Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the flywheel gear from the flywheel housing inspection hole to prevent turning of the crankshaft.
- (10) Loosen all bolts.
- (11) Tighten the bolts again.

Tightening torque : 186 N· m {1,900 kgf· cm, 137 lbf· ft}

(12) Install the engine revolution sensor.

Camshaft and Idle Gear

Part layout



SAI	PH3	0002	0900	12

13501	Camshaft assembly	13572A	Thrust plate
13505	Cam idle gear	13572B	Thrust plate
13505A	Sub-idle gear	13581	Idle gear shaft
13505B	Main idle gear	13581A	Idle gear shaft
13520	Camshaft gear	13581B	Idle gear shaft
13572	Thrust plate		

Tightening torque

900124	59N· m{600kgf· cm, 44lbf· ft}+90°	900125	172N· m {1, 750 kgf· cm, 127lbf· ft}
900124A	108N· m {1, 100 kgf· cm, 80lbf· ft}		

Removal of camshaft

JP30002090702006

1. Loosen mounting bolts of the camshaft bearing cap gradually (1/4 turn for each) and remove the camshaft.

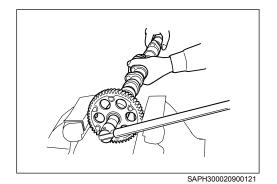
NOTICE

Refer to the following for installation of the camshaft.

"Reference: Installation of camshaft,
Camshaft and idle gear, Engine mechanical".

Disassembly of camshaft

JP30002090702007



1. Disassembly of camshaft

 Fix the camshaft gear using a vice to disassemble the camshaft.

/ CAUTION

 Prevent faulty conditions on the gear such as deformation, impact, scratch, etc.

NOTICE

 Refer to the following for inspection and disassembly of the camshaft.

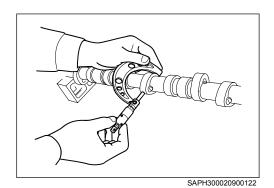
"Reference: Inspection of camshaft,
Camshaft and idle gear, Engine mechanical".

"Reference: Assembly of camshaft,

Camshaft and idle gear, Engine mechanical".

Inspection of camshaft and camshaft bearing

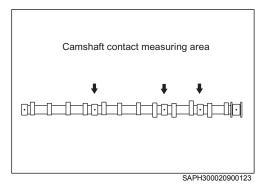
JP30002090702008



1. Inspection of cam height on camshaft

 Measure the cam height using a micrometer. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the camshaft.

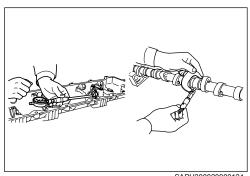
		Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Cam	IN	50.046{1.9703}	49.966{1.9672}
height	EX	52.739{2.0763}	52.659{2.0732}
Com lift	IN	8.046{0.3168}	(7.966{0.3136})
Cam lift	EX	10.739{0.4228}	(10.659{0.4196})



2. Inspection of camshaft runout

- Put the journal at both ends of the camshaft on the V block.
- (2) Put a dial gauge to each journal of the camshaft and measure runout of the camshaft. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the camshaft.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.04{0.0016}	0.1{0.0039}



SAPH300020900124

3. Inspection of camshaft bearing oil clearance

Measure the outer diameter of the camshaft journal using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
40{1.5748}	39.85{1.5689}

Measure the camshaft bearing inner diameter using a (2) cylinder gauge.

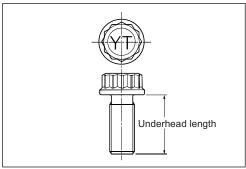
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
40{1.5748}	40.15{1.5807}

Calculate the difference of the camshaft journal bearing inner diameter. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the camshaft or the camshaft bearing.

Standard value (mm{in.})	0.020 - 0.063 {0.0008 - 0.0025}
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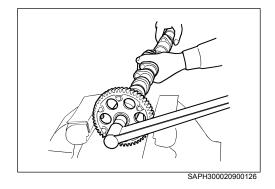
Assembly of camshaft

JP30002090702009



SAPH300020900125

Measure the camshaft mounting bolt using a vernier calipers. If it is out of the service limit, replace it with a new one.



- 2. Fix the camshaft gear using a vice. Apply engine oil to the seat and the bolt thread of the camshaft gear mounting bolt.
- Set the dowel pin to the camshaft and the camshaft gear and tighten the camshaft gear mounting bolt.

Tightening torque: 59 N m {600 kgf cm, 44 lbf ft}

- Retighten 90 deg (1/4 turn).
- **A**CAUTION
- · If it is excessively retightened, do not loosen
- · Prevent faulty conditions on the gear such as deformation, impact, scratch, etc.

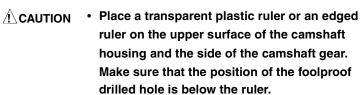
Installation of camshaft

JP30002090702010

1. Align the No. 1 cylinder to the compression top dead center.



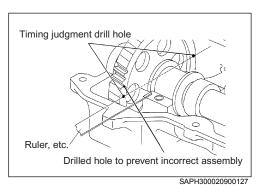
(1) Place the camshaft so that two holes at 180 degrees from the three drilled holes of the camshaft gear may be horizontal to the upper surface of the camshaft housing.

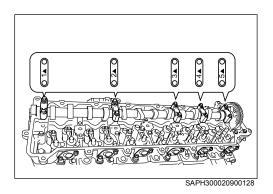


(2) Adjust the direction and the position for installation of the camshaft bearing cap.

Tightening torque: 31 N· m {320 kgf· cm, 23 lbf· ft}

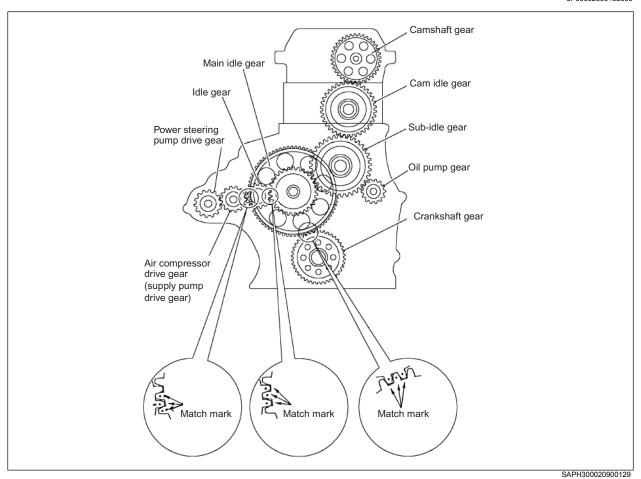
⚠CAUTION • In the camshaft bearing cap, the triangle mark faces forward. The order of stamps is 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 from the front.





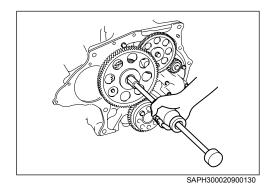
Gear train layout

JP30002090402006



Removal of timing gear

JP30002090702011

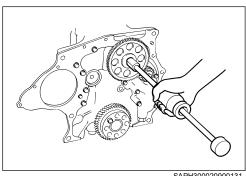


1. Removal of main idle gear

(1) Remove the idle gear shaft mounting bolt and pull out the main idle gear assembly using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100035 Sliding hammer 380100036 Sliding hammer

- (2) Remove the idle gear thrust plate.
- (3) Remove the idle gear shaft from the main idle gear.



SAPH300020900131

Removal of sub-idle gear

Remove the idle gear shaft mounting bolt and the idle gear thrust plate and pull out the sub-idle gear assembly using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100035 Sliding hammer 380100036 Sliding hammer

- (2)Remove the idle gear thrust plate.
- (3) Remove the idle gear shaft from the sub-idle gear.

NOTICE

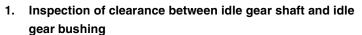
· Refer to the following for inspection and assembly of the timing gear.

"Reference: Inspection of timing gear component, Camshaft and idle gear, Engine mechanical"

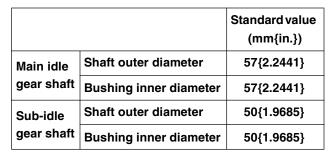
"Reference: Assembly of timing gear, Camshaft and idle gear, Engine mechanical"

Inspection of timing gear components

JP30002090702012

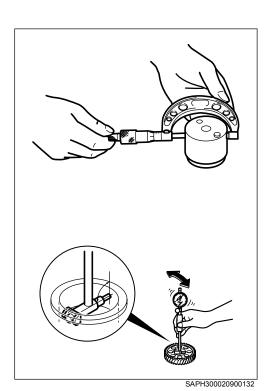


Measure the idle gear shaft outer diameter using a micrometer and the idle gear bushing inner diameter using a cylinder gauge.



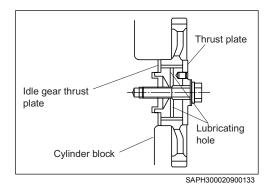
Calculate the difference between the idle gear bushing inner diameter and the idle gear shaft outer diameter. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the idle gear shaft and the idle gear.

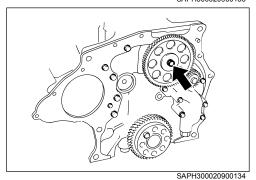
	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Main idle gear shaft	0.030 - 0.090 {0.0012 - 0.0035}	0.20{0.0079}
Sub-idle gear shaft	0.025 - 0.075 {0.0010 - 0.030}	0.20{0.0079}



Installation of timing gear

JP30002090702013

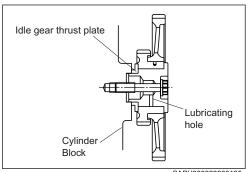




1. Installation of sub-idle gear

- Install the idle gear shaft on the sub-idle gear.
- Install the idle gear thrust plate. (2)
- (3) Provide the lubricating hole of the idle gear shaft in the vertical direction.
- Install the idle gear thrust plate on the idle gear shaft. (4)
- Apply engine oil to the bolt seat and the bolt thread of the (5) idle gear shaft mounting bolt.
- (6) Install the idle gear shaft mounting bolt.

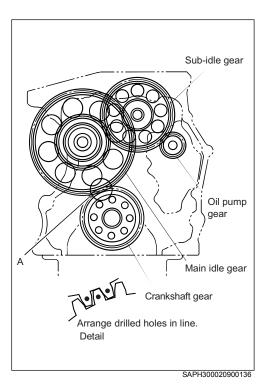
Tightening torque: 108 N m {1,100 kgf cm, 80 lbf ft}



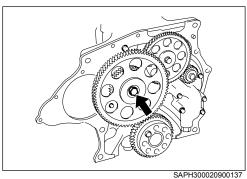
SAPH300020900135

Installation of main idle gear

- Install the idle gear shaft on the main idle gear.
- Install the idle gear thrust plate.



(3) Face the lubricating hole of the idle gear shaft toward the oil pan (downward). Install A in the figure by adjusting the timing of the crankshaft gear and the main idle gear as in the detailed drawing.



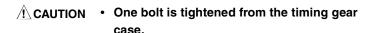
- (4) Apply engine oil to the bolt seat and the bolt thread of the idle gear shaft mounting bolt.
- (5) Install the idle gear shaft mounting bolt.

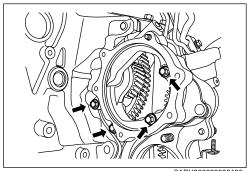
 Tightening torque : 172 N⋅ m {1,750 kgf⋅ cm, 127 lbf⋅ ft}
- (6) Measure backlash and end play of each idle gear. Make sure that it is within the standard value.

Overhaul of sub-idle gear (bearing case side) JP30002090702014

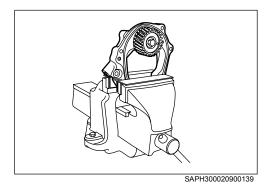


- Remove the supply pump drive.
 - "Reference: Replacement, Supply pump".
- (2) Remove 5 bolts and remove the bearing case assembly.

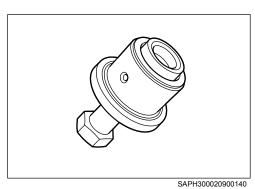




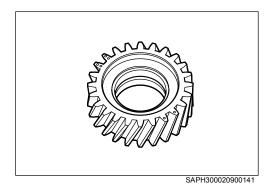
SAPH300020900138



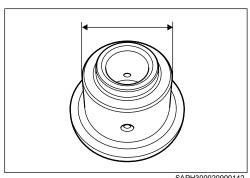
(3) Fix the bearing case with a vice.



(4) Remove the sub-idle gear shaft mounting bolt and pull out the idle gear shaft using a sliding hammer.



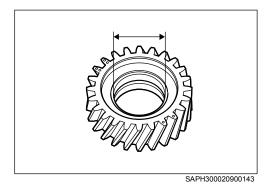
- (5) Remove the sub-idle gear.
- Remove the idle gear thrust plate.



2. Inspection of clearance between sub-idle gear shaft and sub-idle gear bushing

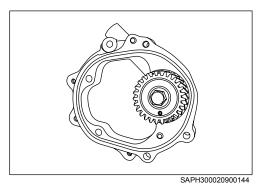
(1) Measure the outer diameter of the idle gear shaft.





- Measure the inner diameter of the sub-idle gear. (2)
- Calculate the clearance. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the shaft and the bushing.

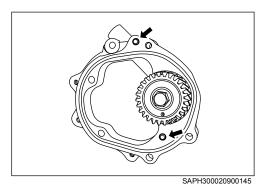
Standard value (mm{in.})	0.025 - 0.075
	{0.0010 - 0.030}



3. Installation of bearing case assembly

- Install the idle gear thrust plate. (1)
- Install the gear shaft on the sub-idle gear. (2)
- Face the lubricating hole of the gear shaft downward and (3) install it on the bearing case.
- (4) Install the sub-idle gear shaft mounting bolt.

Tightening torque: 108 N m {1,100 kgf cm, 80 lbf ft}



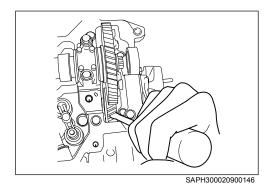
Align two pins of the bearing case assembly with the concave area of the flywheel housing for installation.

Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}

!\CAUTION • Be careful for fall of the O-ring

Inspection of installation status for each gear

JP30002090703003



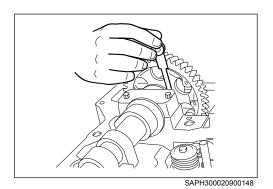
1. Inspection of backlash between camshaft gear and cam idle gear

(1) Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the cam idle gear from the side of the camshaft gear of the camshaft housing to prevent turning of the cam idle gear.



(2) Measure backlash between the camshaft gear and the cam idle gear using a dial gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear.

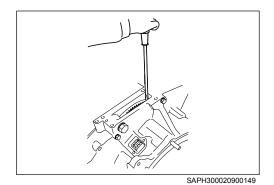
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.030 - 0.253 {0.0012 - 0.0100}	0.30{0.0118}



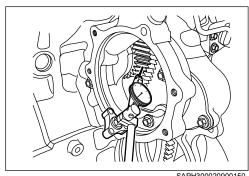
2. Inspection of camshaft end play

(1) Measure the end play of the camshaft using a thickness gauge. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the camshaft.

Standard value (mm)	0.100 - 0.178
	{0.0039 - 0.0070}



- Inspection of backlash between main idle gear and subidle gear
 - (1) Remove the supply pump drive at the bearing case. "Reference: Replacement, Supply pump".
 - (2) Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the main idle gear from the timing gear dust cover of the flywheel housing to prevent turning of the main idle gear.



SAPH300020900150

(3) Measure backlash between the main idle gear and the sub-idle gear using a dial gauge and a magnet stand. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear.

NOTICE

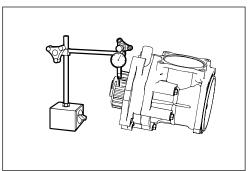
· If the magnet stand is not stable, provide a steel plate for measurement using bolt holes of the cylinder block.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.030 - 0.218	0.20(0.0110)
{0.0012 - 0.0086}	0.30{0.0118}

Inspection of backlash between sub-idle gear at bearing case and supply pump drive gear

- Remove the supply pump drive.
 - "Reference: Replacement, Supply pump"
- (2) Remove the bearing case assembly.
- Fix the supply pump drive with a vice and install the bearing case assembly.
- Measure backlash between the sub-idle gear and the supply pump drive gear using a dial gauge and a magnet stand. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear.

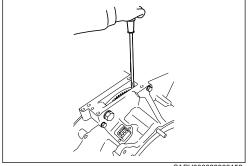
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.020 - 0.083 {0.0008 - 0.0033}	0.10{0.0039}



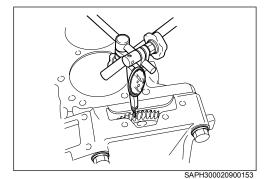
SAPH300020900151

Inspection of backlash between main idle gear and subidle gear

Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the main idle gear from the timing gear dust cover of the flywheel housing to prevent turning of the main idle gear.

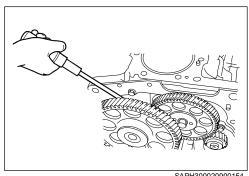


SAPH300020900152



Measure backlash between the main idle gear and the sub-idle gear using a dial gauge and a magnet stand. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear.

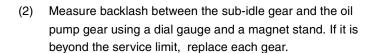
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.030 - 0.162	0.20(0.0119)
{0.0012 - 0.0064}	0.30{0.0118}



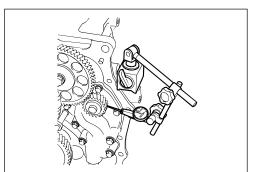
SAPH300020900154

6. Inspection of backlash between sub-idle gear at cam idle gear and oil pump gear

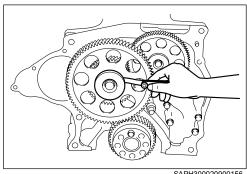
(1) Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the sub-idle gear to prevent turning of the sub-idle gear.



Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.030 - 0.131	0.30{0.0118}
{0.0012 - 0.0005}	



SAPH300020900155

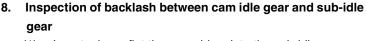


SAPH300020900156

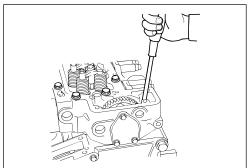
7. Inspection of idle gear end play

(1) Measure the end play of each gear using a thickness gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear and shaft.

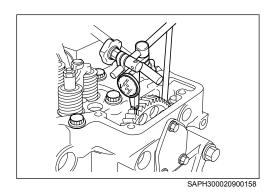
	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Main idle gear	0.114 - 0.160 {0.0045 - 0.0063}	0.30{0.0118}
Sub-idle gear	0.040 - 0.095 {0.0016 - 0.0037}	0.30{0.0118}



Insert a large flat tip screwdriver into the sub-idle gear from the side of the cam idle gear of the cylinder head to prevent turning of the sub-idle gear.



SAPH300020900157



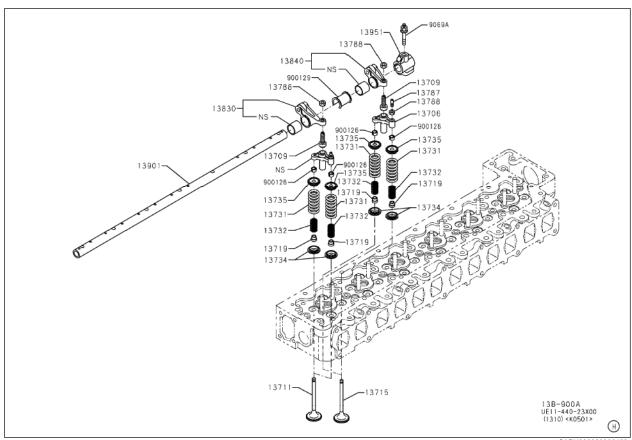
(2) Measure backlash between the cam idle gear and the sub-idle gear using a dial gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace each gear.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.050 - 0.218	0.20(0.0110)
{0.0020 - 0.0086}	0.30{0.0118}

Valve System

Part layout

JP30002090402007



13706	Crosshead assembly	13735	Valve seat upper	
13709	Adjusting screw	13830	Rocker arm intake	
13711	Intake valve	13840	Rocker arm (exhaust)	
13715	Exhaust valve	13901	Rocker shaft	
13731	Outer spring	13951	Rocker support	
13732	Inner spring	900126	Valve stem seal*	
13734	Valve seat lower			

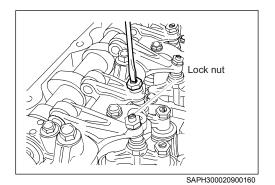
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

|--|

Overhaul of valve system

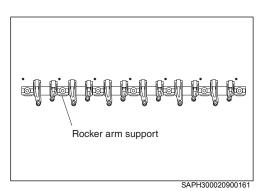
JP30002090702015



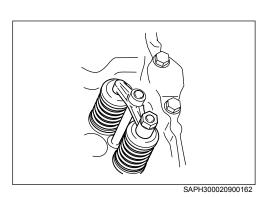
Removal of rocker arm and rocker arm shaft

(1) Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjusting screw completely.

· Removal without turning the adjusting screw /!\ CAUTION may bend the rocker arm shaft.



Loosen the rocker arm support bolts gradually from the center and remove the rocker arm and the rocker arm shaft.



Installation of rocker arm and rocker arm shaft

Make sure that the crosshead is correctly (covering) on each valve.

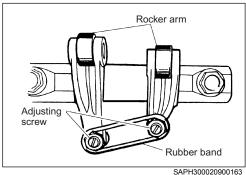
- ACAUTION To ensure that the crosshead is correctly on the valve, move the crosshead to left or right with hand and confirm "clicking" sound.
 - · If the crosshead is offset from the valve in assembly, the upper seat may be pressed, resulting in fall of the valve.
 - (2) Make sure that the rocker arm is correctly assembled into the rocker arm shaft.
 - Turn the adjusting screw at the end of the rocker arm completely.

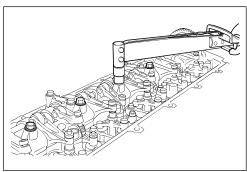


· Bundling the rocker arm with a rubber band eases installation.

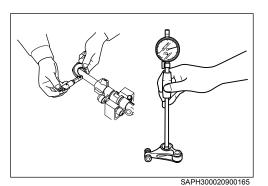
! CAUTION

After installation, apply engine oil to the cam.





SAPH300020900164



Place the rocker arm and the rocker arm shaft on the camshaft housing and make sure that the rocker arm is correctly on the crosshead. Tighten the rocker arm support bolts gradually several times.

Tightening torque: 59 N m {600 kgf cm, 44 lbf ft}

- ! CAUTION After tightening, make sure that the rocker arm moves smoothly.
 - · Make sure that there is no undue force on the injection pipe oil seal. (Otherwise, oil leak or poor assembly of injection pipe may occur.)

Inspection of rocker arm oil clearance

Measure the outer diameter of the rocker shaft using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
22{0.8661}	21.92{0.8630}

(2) Measure the rocker arm bushing inner diameter using a cylinder gauge.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
22{0.8661}	20.08{0.7905}

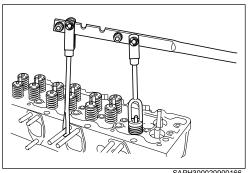
Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the rocker shaft and the inner diameter of the rocker arm bushing. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the rocker shaft or the rocker arm bushing.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})	
0.03 - 0.101	0.15{0.0059}	
{0.0012 - 0.0039}	0.13(0.0033)	

Removal of valve spring

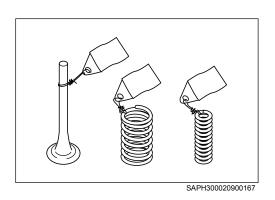
Compress the valve spring using a tool and remove the (1) valve spring retainer.

Valve spring press



SAPH300020900166

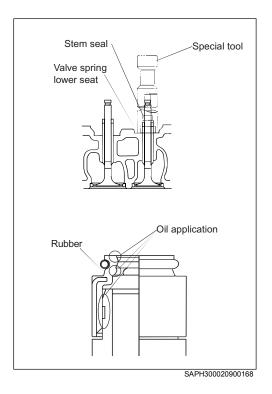
ENGINE MECHANICAL



(2) Remove the intake and exhaust valves.

ACAUTION

 Attach a tag with the applicable cylinder number to the valve so that combinations of the valve and the cylinder head may not be mixed.



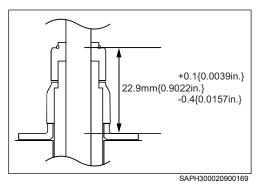
5. Replacement of valve stem seal

(1) After removing the valve stem seal, assemble the valve spring lower seat. Apply engine oil to the lip and the inner surface of the stem seal. Strike the valve guide using a special tool until the special tool comes in contact with the valve spring lower sea

Special tool: 308100033 Bar

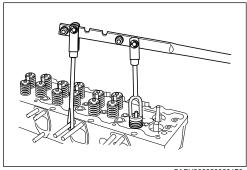
ACAUTION

 After assembly of the stem seal, make sure that there is no deformation, crack or inclination of the rubber.



(2) After striking, check the height.

Otan dand salva (mass (in 1)	22.5 - 23.0
Standard value (mm{in.})	{0.8858 - 0.9055}



SAPH300020900170

6. Installation of valve spring

- Install the valve spring upper seat on the valve spring.
- Compress the valve spring using a tool and install the valve spring retainer.

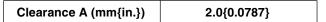
Valve spring press

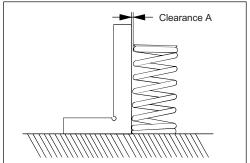
ACAUTION

- · Apply engine oil to the contact surface of each part before assembly.
- · Be sure to assemble each valve at the original cylinder position.
- · When the valve spring is compressed, avoid contact of the valve spring upper seat with the valve stem seal.
- · Since the valve spring has equal spacing, vertical direction is not specified for assembly.
- · Check for scratch on the valve stem seal when the valve is reused.

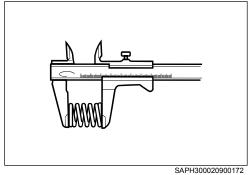
7. Inspection of valve spring

Measure squareness of the valve spring using a square or a thickness gauge. If it is beyond the service limit (clearance A), replace the valve spring.





SAPH300020900171

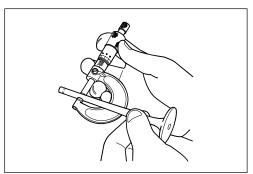


Measure the free length of the valve spring using a vernier calipers. If it is out of the service limit, replace the valve spring.

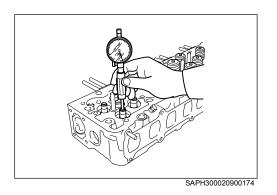
	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Inner valve spring	(64.6{2.5433})	61.6{2.4252}
Outer valve spring	(75.7{2.9803})	72.7{2.8622}

The value in [] is the reference value.

ENGINE MECHANICAL



SAPH300020900173



8. Inspection of oil clearance between valve guide and valve stem

(1) Measure the outer diameter of the valve stem using a micrometer.

	Standard value (mm{in.})
Intake valve stem	7{0.2756}
Exhaust valve stem	7{0.2756}

(2) Measure the valve guide inner diameter using a cylinder gauge.

	Standard value (mm{in.})
Intake valve guide	7{0.2756}
Exhaust valve guide	7{0.2756}

(3) Calculate the difference between the valve system outer diameter and the valve system inner diameter. If it is beyond the standard value, replace the valve or the valve guide.

	Standard value (mm{in.})
Intake valve oil clearance	0.023 - 0.058 {0.0009 - 0.0023}
Exhaust valve oil clearance	0.050 - 0.083 {0.0020 - 0.0033}

Adjustment of valve clearance

JP30002090706001

1. Precautions before adjustment

/ CAUTION

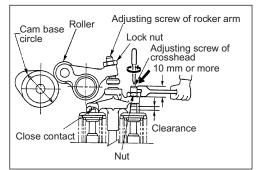
 Before adjustment, make sure that bolts of the cylinder head, rocker arm support, nozzle clamp, camshaft housing and camshaft bearing cap are tightened to the specified torque.

2. Adjustment of valve clearance

- (1) Make sure that there is no dirt between the crosshead and the valve stem
- (2) Turn the crankshaft in the forward direction and adjust the cylinder to the compression top dead center.
- <u>A</u>CAUTION Make sure that there is a roller on the cam base circle.
 - (3) Loosen the adjusting screw and the lock nut of the crosshead completely.

/ CAUTION

 Provide the adjusting screw protrusion of 10 mm or more from the top surface of the crosshead. If the adjusting screw is not completely separated from the valve stem, correct adjustment is not allowed.



SAPH300020900175

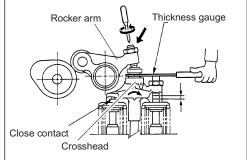
(4) Insert a thickness gauge between the rocker arm and the crosshead and adjust the clearance with the adjusting screw of the rocker arm. Tighten the lock nut.

Standard value	IN	0.30mm{0.0118 in.}
(cold engine)	EX	0.45mm{0.0177 in.}

Tightening torque: 25 N m {250 kgf cm, 18 lbf ft}

Loosen the adjusting screw of the crosshead with the

thickness gauge inserted. Make sure that feel on the



SAPH300020900176

SAPH300020900177

Start

(No move)

(Appropriate contact)

Feel remains the same.

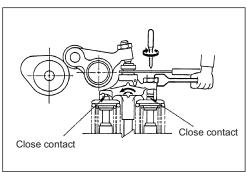
Loosening of adjusting screw Large

thickness gauge is not lighter.

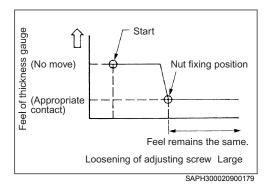
• If it becomes lighter, make adjustments ag

CAUTION • If it becomes lighter, make adjustments again from the beginning.

ENGINE MECHANICAL



SAPH300020900178



(6) Tighten the adjusting screw of the crosshead until the thickness gauge does not move.

(7) While loosening the adjusting screw of the crosshead gradually, tighten the lock nut of the crosshead at the position where feel on the thickness gauge is appropriate.

Tightening torque: 25 N m {250 kgf cm, 18 lbf ft}

ACAUTION

Do not over-loosen the adjusting screw. Over-loosening of the adjusting screw reproduces the original status. Although feel on the thickness gauge is appropriate, there is clearance between the adjusting screw and the valve of the crosshead. Correct adjustment is not allowed.

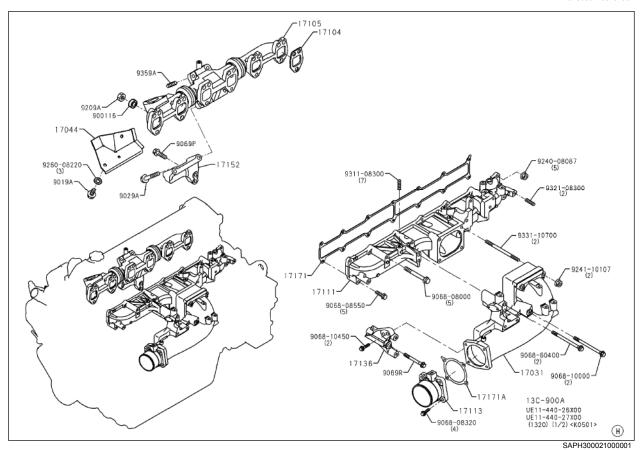
10 EXHAUST

Exhaust Manifold	10-2
Part layout	10-2
Replacement	10-3

Exhaust Manifold

Part layout

JP30002100402001



17104 Gasket*		aust manifold
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^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

9209A	53 N m {540 kgf cm, 40lbf ft}	
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Replacement

JP30002100704001

1. Removal of exhaust manifold

(1) Remove nuts and remove the exhaust manifold.

2. Replacement of stud bolt

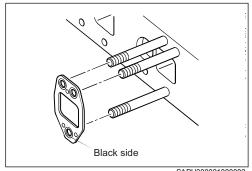
- (1) Remove dirt (e.g. sealant) at the female thread of the cylinder head and clean the thread again with tap (M10 x 1.5)
- (2) Use the Torx wrench to tighten a new stud bolt.

 Tightening torque: 30 N· m {300 kgf· cm, 22 lbf· ft}
- **<u>A</u>**CAUTION Excessive tightening with over torque may cause crack in the cylinder head.



(1) Assemble a new gasket.

⚠ CAUTION • Since a gasket has front and back, install the black side on the exhaust manifold.



SAPH300021000002

(2) Tighten the mounting nut of the exhaust manifold according to the order in the figure.

Tightening torque: 53 N m {540 kgf cm, 40 lbf ft}

/ CAUTION

- When nuts are tightened, prevent each spacer from riding on the counterbore area of the manifold flange.
- The tightening sequence of the exhaust manifold varies between use of a new part and reuse.
- (3) Tighten the same nuts again according to the order in the figure.

Tightening torque: 53 N m {540 kgf cm, 40 lbf ft}

↑ CAUTION • Be sure to retighten it.

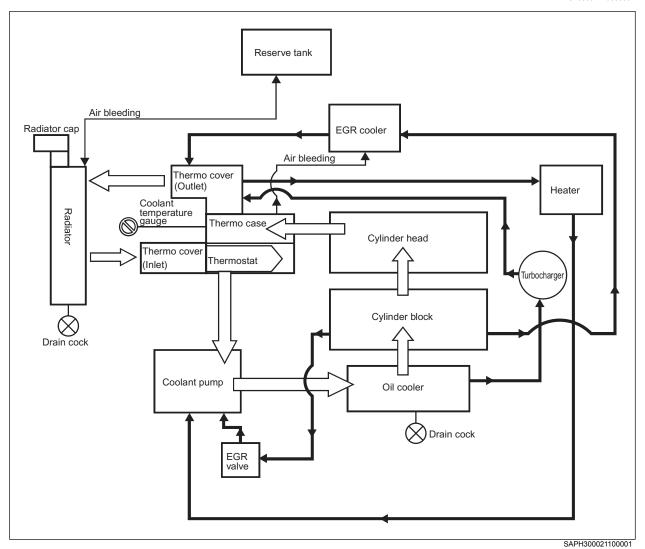
11 COOLING

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Cooling System

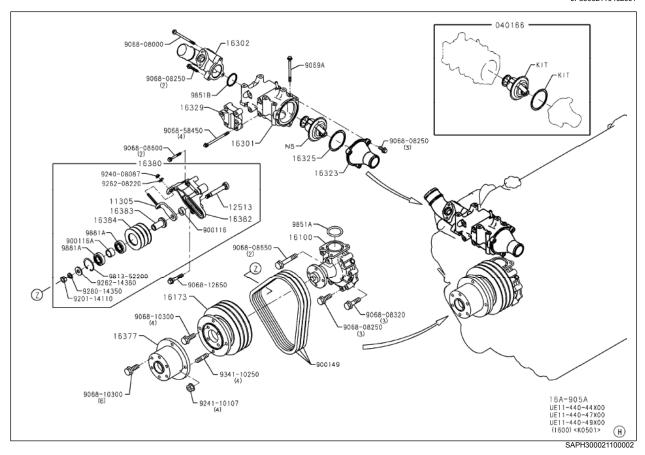
Cooling system drawing

JP30002110803001



Part layout

JP30002110402001

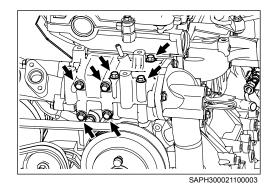


16100	Coolant pump	16323	Thermostat case cover
16301	Thermostat case	16325	Gasket*
16302	Thermostat case cover	9851A	O-ring*

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

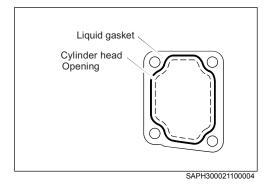
Replacement of thermostat case

JP30002110704001



1. Removal of thermostat case

- Remove the EGR cooler.
 Refer to "Inspection of EGR cooler, Emission control".
- (2) Remove bolts and remove the thermostat case.
- (3) Remove the O-ring from the groove on the coolant pump.

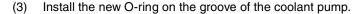


2. Installation of thermostat case

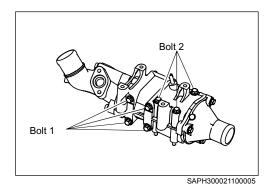
- Remove contamination on the joint between the thermostat case and the cylinder head using a scraper.
- (2) Apply liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207B(black) or equivalent] to the thermostat case as shown in the figure.



- · Apply it continuously.
- Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 1.5 to 2.5 mm{0.0591 to 0.0984 in.}.
- Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.

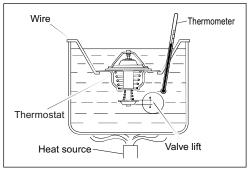


- (4) Put the thermostat case mounting bolt through the thermostat case in advance.
- (5) Align the thermostat case at the mounting position and tighten mounting bolt 1 temporarily to the cylinder head.
- (6) Tighten mounting bolt 2 temporarily to the coolant pump.
- (7) Tighten bolts in the order mounting bolt 1 to the cylinder head and mounting bolt 2 to the coolant pump.

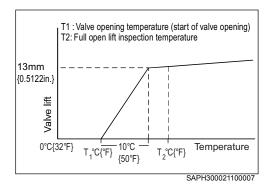


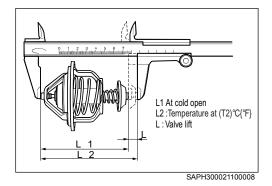
Inspection of thermostat

JP30002110703001



SAPH300021100006





1. Individual inspection of thermostat

(1) Put the thermostat in water as shown in the figure and heat it.

/ CAUTION

- Support the thermostat in the center to prevent approach to the heat source.
- Stir the water well so that water temperature in the container may be uniform.
- (2) Measure the temperature (valve opening temperature) that opens the thermostat valve.

Thermostat valve opening temperature standard value : T1(° C{° F})	74.5 - 76.5 {166.1 - 173.3}
--	--------------------------------

NOTICE

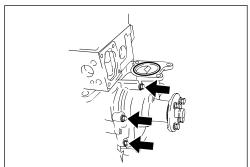
- The thermostat valve opening temperature (T1) is stamped on the thermostat seat.
- (3) Increase the water temperature to 95 °C{203°F} and measure the lift of the thermostat valve.

Thermostat valve full open lift inspection temperature : T2 (° C{°F})	Valve lift : L (mm{in.})
95{203}	13{0.5118} or more

- (4) Put the full open thermostat valve in water at normal temperature. Make sure that the thermostat valve closes completely within 5 minutes.
- (5) If faulty item is found with the inspection above, replace the thermostat.

Replacement of coolant pump

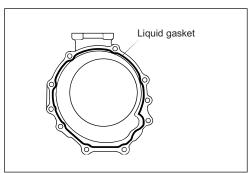
JP30002110704002



SAPH300021100009

1. Removal of coolant pump

Remove bolts and remove the coolant pump.



SAPH300021100010

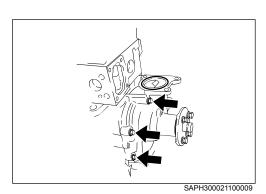
Installation of coolant pump

- Remove contamination on the joint surface between the coolant pump and the cylinder block using a scraper and degrease the surface.
- Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207B (black) or equivalent] to the coolant pump as shown in the figure.

- **⚠** CAUTION Apply it continuously.
 - · Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 2 to 3mm{0.0787 to 0.1181in.}.
 - Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.
 - · Fill the groove on the water pump flange with the liquid gasket.
 - (3) Install the coolant pump to the dowel pin of the cylinder block.



· When the coolant pump is installed using a guide bolt, displacement of the liquid gasket does not occur.



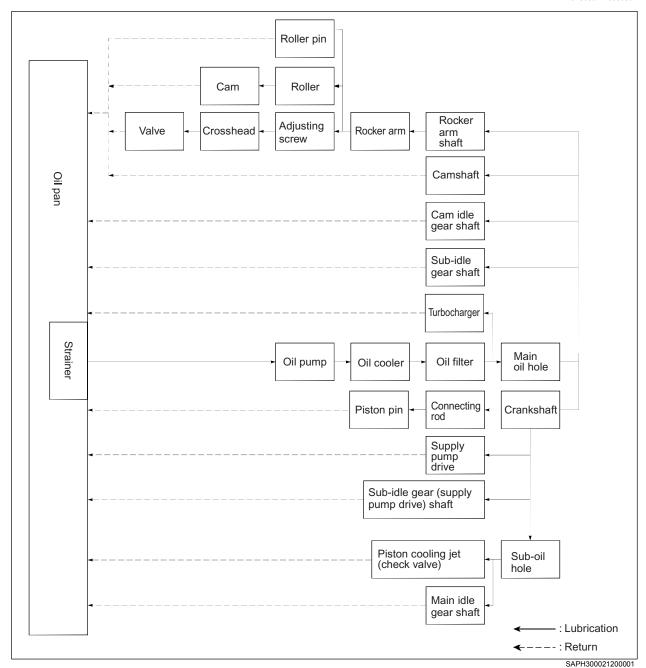
12 LUBRICATION

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Oil Cooler, Oil Filter and Oil Pump

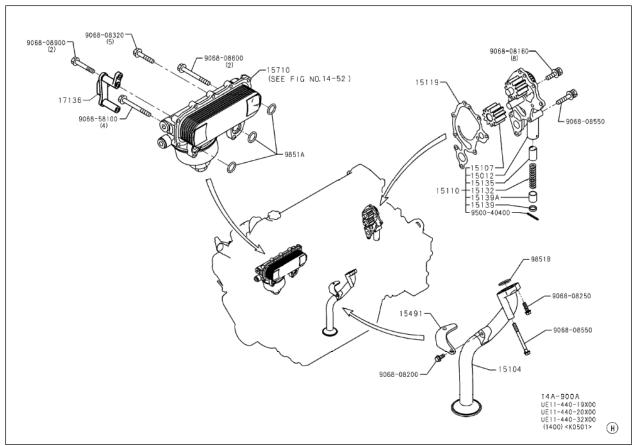
System drawing

JP30002120805001



Part layout

JP30002120402001



APH	1300	021	200	0002

15012	Oil pump cover assembly	15135	Relief valve
15104	Oil strainer	15710	Oil cooler
15107	Driven gear	9500-40400	Cotter pin*
15119	Gasket*	9851A	O–ring*
15132	Spring		

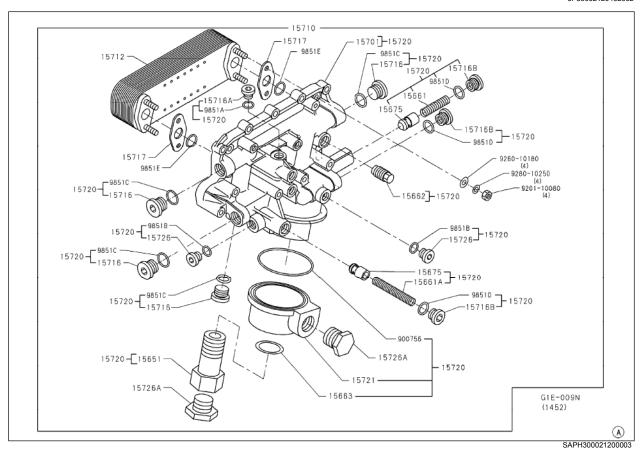
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

9068-08160	28.5N· m {290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft}	9068-08550	31N· m {320kgf· cm, 23lbf· ft} (Oil
			strainer area)
9068-08250	31N m {320kgf cm, 23lbf ft}	9068-08600	24.5±4.9N· m {250±50kgf· cm,
			18±4lbf ⋅ ft}
9068-08320	24.5±4.9N· m {250±50kgf· cm,	9068-08900	24.5±4.9N· m {250±50kgf· cm,
	18±4lbf·ft}		18±4lbf·ft}
9068-08550	28.5N· m {290kgf· cm, 21lbf· ft} (Oil	9068-58100	24.5±4.9N m {250±50kgf cm,
	pump area)		18±4llbf·ft}

Part layout

JP30002120402002



15662	Drain plug	15720	Oil cooler case assembly	
15675	Safety valve	9851A	O-ring*	
15701	Oil cooler case	9851B	O-ring*	
15710	Oil cooler	9851C	O–ring*	
15712	Oil cooler	9851D	O-ring*	
15717	Gasket*	9851E	O–ring*	

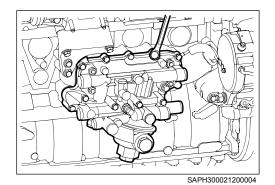
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

15662	44.1±4.9 N · m {450±50 kgf · cm,	
	33±4Ilbf· ft}	

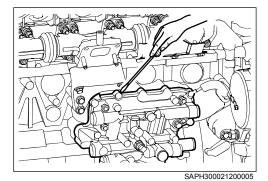
Replacement of oil cooler

JP30002120704001

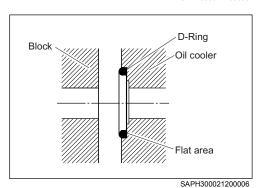


1. Removal of oil cooler

(1) Remove bolts and remove the oil cooler.



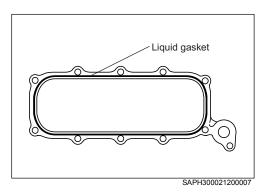
(2) If it is difficult to remove the oil cooler due to liquid gasket sticking to the cylinder block, put a flat tip screwdriver at the protrusion in the figure for removal.



2. Installation of oil cooler

(1) Assemble the new D-ring into the D-ring groove of the oil

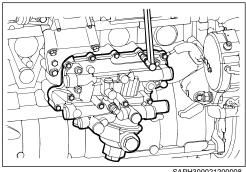
⚠ CAUTION • Face the D-ring flat area toward the oil cooler.



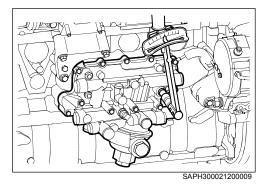
(2) Remove contamination on the joint surface between the oil cooler and the cylinder block using a scraper. Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207 (silver) or equivalent] to the oil cooler as shown in the figure.

ACAUTION

- Apply it continuously.
- Apply the liquid gasket at the width of 1.5 to 2.5 mm{0.0590 to 0.0984 in.}.
- Install the oil cooler within 20 minutes after application of the liquid gasket.



SAPH300021200008



- Insert the positioning stud into the screw hole of the cylinder block and install the oil cooler.
- After temporary tightening with bolts, remove the positioning stud and tighten bolts.

Tightening torque:

24.5±4.9 N m {250±50 kgf cm, 18±4 lbf ft}

- · Tighten together with the alternator ground. /!\ CAUTION
 - · Be sure to connect the turbocharger lubricating oil hose.
 - (5) Install the drain plug.

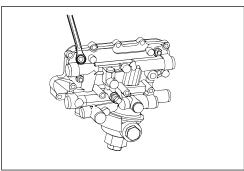
Tightening torque:

44.1±4.9 N· m {450±50 kgf· cm, 33±4 lbf· ft}

! CAUTION • If a new part is used, tighten it to 58.8±4.9N⋅m {600±50kgf·cm, 43±4lbf·ft} and loosen it. Then, tighten it again to the torque above.

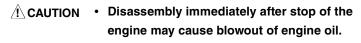
Overhaul of oil cooler

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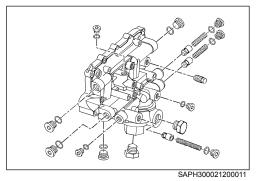


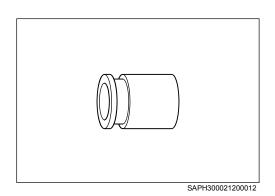
SAPH300021200010

- Removal of oil cooler element
 - Remove nuts and remove the oil cooler element.
- 2. Inspection of oil cooler element
 - Wash water and oil channels with kerosene oil or washing
 - Check for crack or deformation on the stud bolt mounting area and element visually.
 - (3) Blow air of approx. 0.5kgf/cm² into the oil channel to check for leak from parts. If crack, leak or deformation is found, replace it with a new part.
- Disassembly of oil cooler case



- (1) Remove valve spring plugs and safety valves using a hexagonal wrench.
- Remove the hydraulic pressure warning switch.





4. Inspection of safety valve wear and damage

(1) If wear or damage is found, replace it.

5. Inspection of oil pressure warning switch

(1) For inspection of oil pressure warning switch, refer to "Inspection of components"- "Electrical".

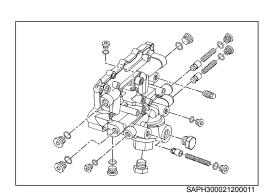
6. Assembly of oil cooler case

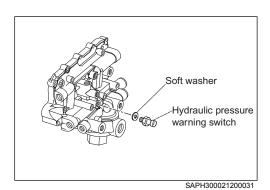
(1) Install a new O-ring and install valve spring plugs and safety valves using a hexagonal wrench.

Tightening torque:

24.5±4.9 N m {250±50 kgf cm, 18±4 lbf ft} (M14, M20) 29.4±4.9 N m {300±50 kgf cm, 22±4 lbf ft} (M22) 34.3±4.9 N m {350±50 kgf cm, 25±4 lbf ft} (M24)

- (2) Apply the liquid gasket [Threebond TB1211 (white) or equivalent] to the sealing surface of a new soft washer.
- (3) Install the soft washer in (2) and the hydraulic pressure warning switch.





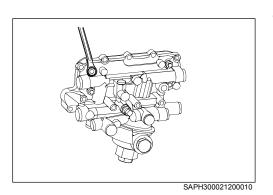
7. Installation of oil cooler element

 Assemble new gasket and new O-ring and assemble the oil cooler element with nuts.

Tightening torque:

24.5±4.9 N m {250±50 kgf cm, 18±4 lbf ft}

<u>ACAUTION</u> • In handling the oil cooler element, be careful not to give damage to it.



Replacement of oil pump

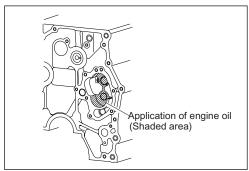
JP30002120704002

1. Removal of oil pump

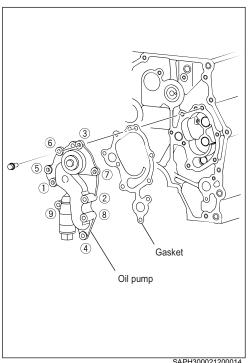
- Dismount the engine from the vehicle.
- Remove the flywheel.
- (3) Remove the flywheel housing.
- (4) Remove the timing gear.
- (5) Remove the oil pump.

2. Installation of oil pump

- Apply engine oil to the pump case and the bearing (shaded area) of the cylinder block.
- ⚠ CAUTION Without application of engine oil, poor oil suction may occur at the initial start, resulting in seizure or abnormal wear.
 - To prevent bolt hole offset of the gasket, apply engine oil to the cylinder block in advance and place and fix the gasket.
- Assembly with offset gasket may cause faulty **A**CAUTION sealing. Oil in the oil pump may be completely discharged when the engine stops. Faulty sealing may cause insufficient suction of oil at initial revolution of engine restart, resulting in seizure or abnormal wear.
 - (3) Tighten the oil pump according to the order in the figure. Tightening torque: 28.5 N m {290 kgf cm, 21 lbf ft}
- **⚠** CAUTION If the tightening order is not observed, the oil pump may be damaged.
 - After tightening, make sure that the gear can be turned with hand.



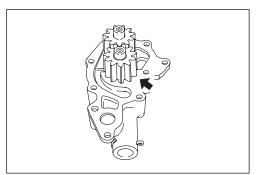
SAPH300021200013



SAPH300021200014

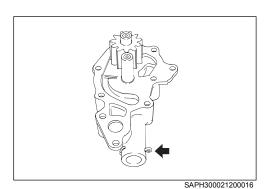
Overhaul of oil pump

JP30002120702002

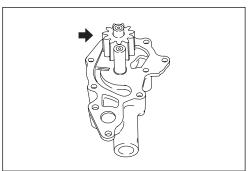


1. Remove the driven gear.





- 2. Remove the cotter pin and remove seat 2, seat 1, relief valve spring and safety valve.
- When the cotter pin is removed, seat 2 and the relief valve spring may eject out.



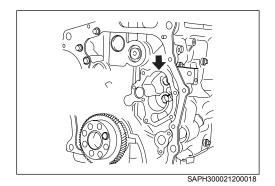
SAPH300021200017

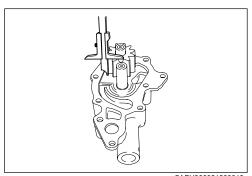
- 3. Inspection of clearance between drive gear and cylinder block
 - Measure the outer diameter of the drive gear and the inner diameter of the pump chamber at cylinder block.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})
Outer diameter of drive gear	54{2.1260}
Inner diameter of pump chamber at cylinder block	54{2.1260}

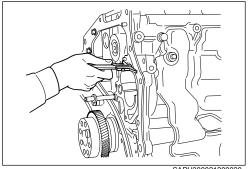
(2) Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the drive gear and the inner diameter of the pump chamber at the cylinder block. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.100 - 0.202{0.0039 -	0.30{0.0118}
0.0080} (reference)	0.30{0.0116}





SAPH300021200019



SAPH300021200020

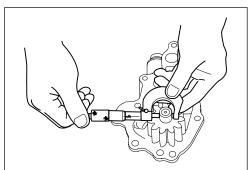


Measure the drive gear width and the pump chamber depth at the cylinder block using a depth gauge.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})
Width of drive gear	37.5{1.4764}
Depth of pump chamber at cylinder block	37.5{1.4764}

(2) Calculate the difference between the depth of the drive gear and the pump chamber depth at the cylinder block. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})	
0.049 - 0.113{0.0020 -	0.15{0.0060}	
0.0044} (reference)	0.10(0.0000)	



SAPH300021200021

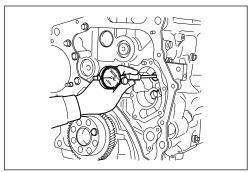
Inspection of clearance between outer diameter of driven gear shaft and cylinder block hole diameter

Measure the outer diameter of the driven gear shaft using a micrometer and measure the cylinder block hole diameter using a cylinder gauge.

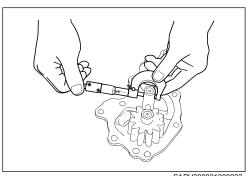
Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})
Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}
Cylinder block hole diameter	18{0.7087}

Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the driven gear and the cylinder block hole diameter. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly.

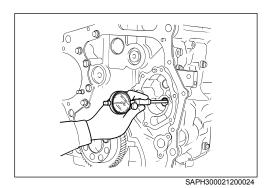
Ctandard value (mm(in))	0.040 - 0.099	
Standard value (mm{in.})	{0.0016 - 0.0039}	



SAPH300021200022



SAPH300021200023



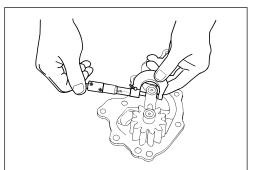
Inspection of clearance betweeen outer diameter of driven gear shaft and inner diameter of driven gear bushing

Measure the outer diameter of the driven gear shaft using a micrometer and measure the inner diameter of the driven gear bushing using a cylinder gauge.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})
Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}
Cylinder block hole diameter	18{0.7087}

Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the driven gear and the cylinder block hole diameter. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly.

Standard value (mm{in.})	0.030 - 0.075	
Standard value (IIIII (III.)	{0.0012 - 0.0030}	



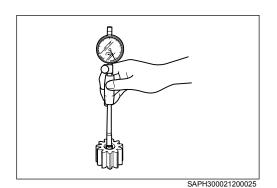
SAPH300021200023

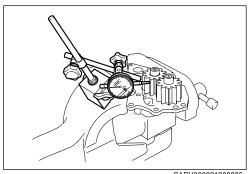
- 7. Inspection of clearance betweeen outer diameter of driven gear shaft and inner diameter of driven gear bushing
 - (1) Measure the outer diameter of the driven gear shaft using a micrometer and measure the inner diameter of the driven gear bushing using a cylinder gauge.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})
Outer diameter of driven gear shaft	18{0.7087}
Inner diameter of driven gear bushing	18{0.7087}

Calculate the difference between the outer diameter of the driven gear shaft and the inner diameter of the driven gear bushing. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly or the driven gear bushing.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.040 - 0.083	0.15(0.00050)
{0.0016 - 0.0033}	0.15{0.00059}





SAPH300021200026

SAPH300021200016

SAPH300021200015

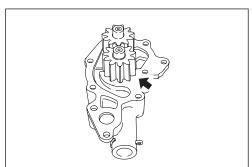
8. Inspection of drive gear backlash

- (1) Fix the oil pump assembly with a vice.
- (2) Measure backlash between the drive gear and the driven gear using a dial gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the oil pump assembly.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.073 - 0.207	0.20(0.0110)
{0.0029 - 0.0081}	0.30{0.0118}

9. Assembly of oil pump

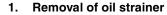
(1) Install the safety valve, relief valve, seat 1 and seat 2 on the oil pump cover assembly with new cotter pins.



(2) Install the driven gear.

Replacement of oil strainer

JP30002120704003

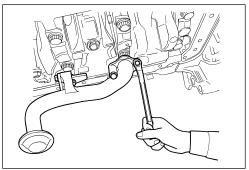


(1) Remove bolts and remove the oil strainer.

2. Installation of oil strainer

(1) Install the oil strainer.

Tightening torque: 31 N m {320 kgf cm, 23 lbf ft}

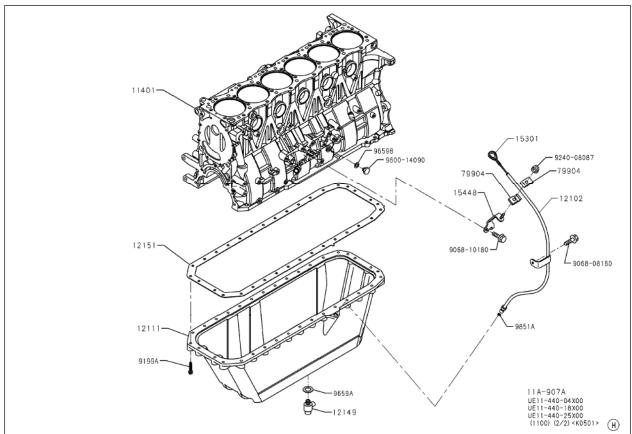


SAPH300021200027

Oil Pan

Part layout

JP30002120402003



SAPH300021200028

12101	Oil pan assembly	12149	Drain plug
12151	Oil pan gasket*	9659A	Gasket*

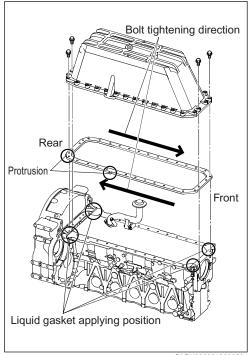
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

9199A	30 N· m {300 kgf· cm, 22 lbf· ft}	12149	41 N· m {420 kgf· cm, 30 lbf· ft}

Replacement

JP30002120704004



SAPH300021200029

1. Installation of oil pan

- Cut the gasket of the rear end plate to be flush to the cylinder block lower surface using a scraper.
- Make sure that there is no deformation, dirt or oil on the (2) joint surface between the cylinder block and the oil pan. Apply liquid gasket [Threebond TB1207D (silver) or equivalent] to the front rear end of the cylinder block lower surface.
- (3)Insert several stud bolts (70 mm{2.7559 in.} or larger) for positioning into the cylinder block screw hole.
- (4) Position the gasket protrusion at the intake side and the flywheel housing (printed seal surface at cylinder block). Align the new gasket and oil pan to the cylinder block lower surface and tighten bolts in the arrow order of the figure.

Tightening torque:

19.6 - 24.5 N · m {200 - 250 kgf · cm, 14 - 18 lbf · ft}

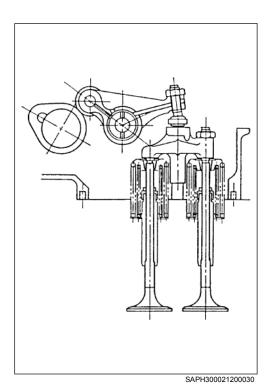
- (5) Remove positioning stud bolts and install the correct bolts.
- Tighten bolts in the arrow order of the figure.

Tightening torque: 30 N m {300 kgf cm, 22 lbf ft}

- ⚠ CAUTION Check if the washer is not riding on the flange.
 - · Make sure that the printed seal is not peeled or damaged before installation of the gasket.

Inspection of lubrication status

JP30002120703001



1. Inspection of valve system

 Perform inspection with the water **A**CAUTION temperature at 60 ° C{140 ° F}.

Remove the head cover.

⚠ CAUTION • To prevent spread of engine oil, attach a jig which cuts a head cover in half. Cut it to the degree that the camshaft is covered.

- (2) Adjust the engine revolution to the standard idling revolution [550r/min{rpm}].
- After start of the engine, make sure that oil is supplied to the areas below of all rocker arms within about 10 seconds.
 - · Roller and cam surface
 - · Cross head and spring upper seat surface through adjusting screw

⚠ CAUTION • If time until lubrication is long or if lubrication is not performed, the oil pressure may be low or the oil channel may be clogged. Seizure, abnormal wear or abnormal noise may occur due to insufficient lubrication.

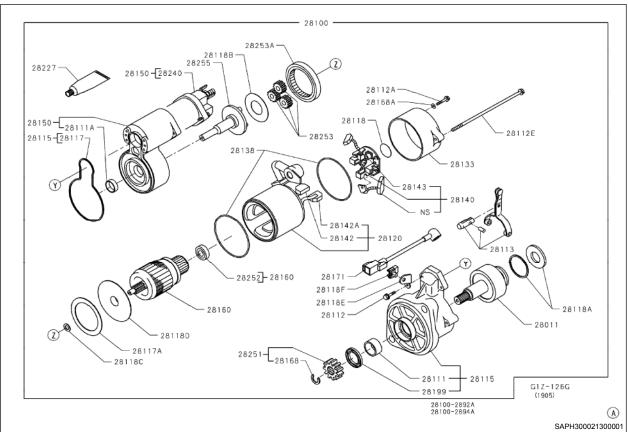
13 STARTING AND CHARGING

Starter	13-2
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Circuit drawing (60A)	13-22
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Inspection of components (60A)	13-26
Assembly (60A)	13-29
Inspection after assembly (60A)	13-33

Starter

Part layout (typical example)

JP30002130402001



28011	Clutch subassembly	28138	Packing*
28100	Starter	28140	Brush holder assembly
28111	Bushing	28142	Brush
28111A	Bushing	28143	Spring
28113	Lever	28150	Center bracket
28115	Start drive housing	28160	Armature assembly
28117	Packing*	28168	Pinion stopper
28117A	Packing*	28199	Dust protector
28118	Plate	28240	Start magnet switch
28118A	Plate	28251	Pinion
28118B	Plate	28252	Bearing
28118C	Plate	28255	Shaft assembly
28118D	Cover	28253	Planetary gear
28120	Yoke assembly	28253A	Internal gear
28133	Commutator end frame		

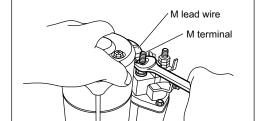
^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Tightening torque

28112	14-16 N· m{140-160kgf· cm, 10-12lbf· ft}	28112E	15.7-17.6 N· m{160-179kgf· cm, 12-
			13lbf· ft}
28112A	3.6-4.9 N· m{37-49kgf· cm, 3-4lbf· ft}		

Disassembly

JP30002130702001



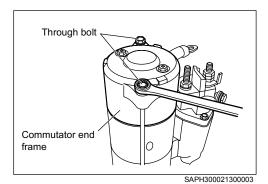
SAPH300021300002

NOTICE

Fix the starter on the working table to ease accessibility.

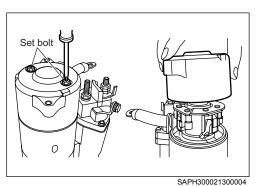
1. MRemoval of lead wire

- (1) Remove the cap of the M terminal.
- (2) Remove nuts and remove the M lead wire.



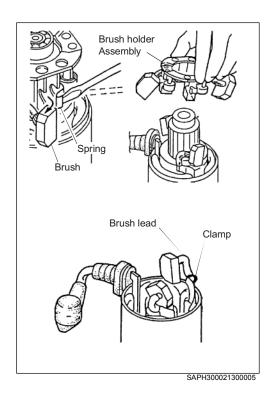
2. Removal of commutator end frame

(1) Loosen and remove two through bolts.



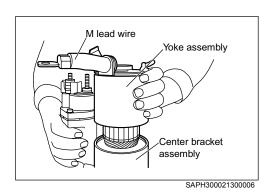
(2) Remove two set bolts and remove the commutator end frame.

! CAUTION • Hold the M lead wire and remove the commutator end frame by lifting.



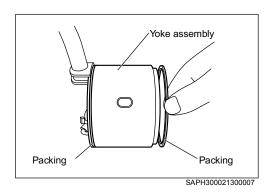
3. Removal of brush holder assembly

- Lift the spring using a flat tip screwdriver or pliers.
 Remove four brushes from the brush holder assembly.
- **A** CAUTION Do not cut the brush lead fixing clamp.
 - (2) Remove the brush holder assembly from the armature assembly.



4. Removal of yoke assembly

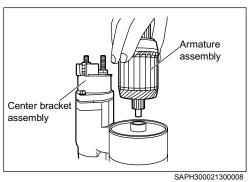
- (1) Remove the yoke assembly from the center bracket assembly.
- Do not hold the M lead wire and hold the yoke assembly outer diameter for removal.



5. Removal of packing

- Remove the packing from the centering parts at both ends of the yoke assembly.
- Damaged packing must not be resued. Replace it with a new part.

STARTING AND CHARGING

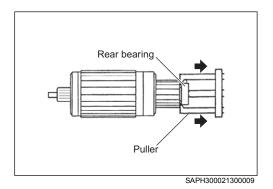


6. Removal of armature assembly

(1) Remove the armature assembly by lifting.

ACAUTION

· When the armature assembly is removed, the washer at the end of the gear may be dropped and lost. Be careful for handling.

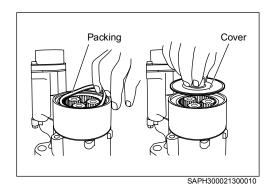


7. Removal of rear bearing

(1) Pull out the bearing of the armature assembly using a puller or press.

⚠ CAUTION

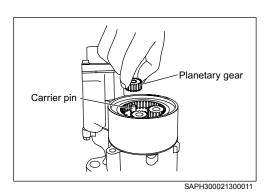
· Removed bearing must not be reused. Replace it with a new one.



Removal of cover

- Remove the cover from the center bracket assembly.
- Remove the packing. (2)

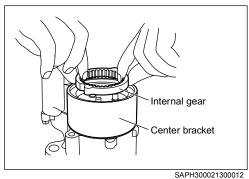
! CAUTION • Damaged packing must not be resued. Replace it with a new part.



Removal of planetary gear

(1) Remove the planetary gear from the carrier pin.

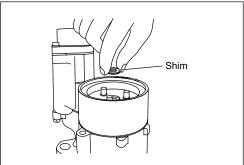
· Make sure that the gear is not damaged or / CAUTION chipped.



10. Removal of internal gear

Remove the internal gear from the center bracket.

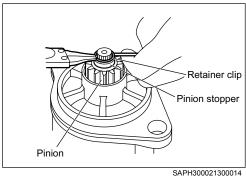
ACAUTION · Make sure that the gear is not damaged or chipped.



SAPH300021300013

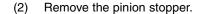
11. Removal of shim washer

Remove the shim washer from the center bracket.

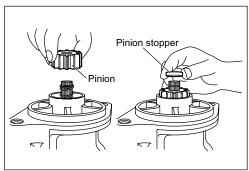


12. Removal of pinion

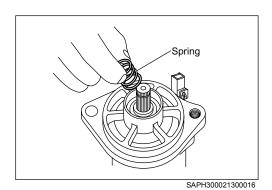
- Remove the retainer clip using a tool such as snap ring pliers.
- **⚠** CAUTION Retainer clip must not be reused. Replace it with a new one.
- · Push upward or pull out the chipped part of NOTICE the clip mouth.



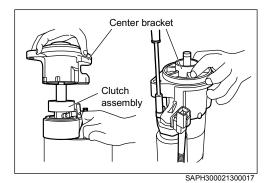
- (3) Remove the pinion.
- · Make sure that the gear is not damaged or **!** CAUTION chipped.



SAPH300021300015

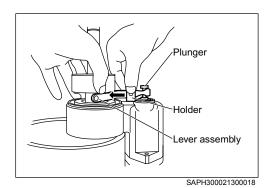


(4) Remove the spring.



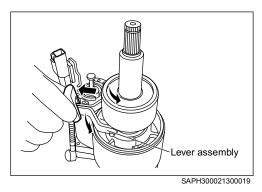
13. Removal of center bracket

- (1) Remove two set bolts at the switch using a box screwdriver or offset wrench.
- (2) Lift and remove the center bracket.



14. Removal of lever

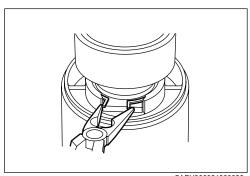
(1) Hold the lever holder and press the entire lever to the clutch. Remove the link with the plunger.



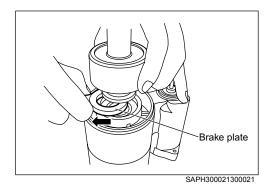
(2) Turn and pull out the lever assembly using the clutch as the axis.

15. Removal of brake plate

STARTING AND CHARGING

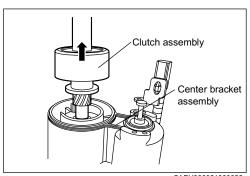


SAPH300021300020



(2) Remove the brake plate.

and remove it by bending.

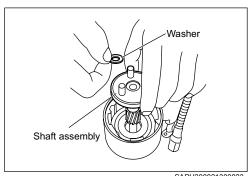


SAPH300021300022

16. Removal of clutch assembly

While pressing the clutch assembly to the center bracket assembly, offset the helical spline by one tooth. Pull out the clutch assembly upward from the offset position and remove it.

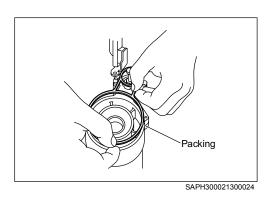
Hold the clutch case outer diameter and slide the clutch assembly upward. Pinch the clip end fixing the brake plate



SAPH300021300023

17. Removal of shaft assembly

- Turn the center bracket assembly upside down. Hold the carrier plate and pull out the shaft assembly.
- /! CAUTION Washers are available at the upper and lower parts of the carrier plate. Be careful for loss of the washers.



18. Removal of packing

(1) Turn the center bracket upside down again and remove the packing.

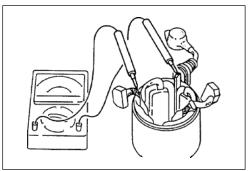
⚠ CAUTION • Packing must not be reused.

Inspection of components

Inspection of yoke assembly

using a circuit tester.

JP30002130703001



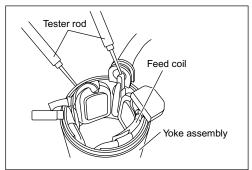
SAPH300021300025

(3) Measure the resistance between the coil lead wire and the yoke with a circuit tester and check insulation. When the value is below the service limit, replace it.

Make sure that the coil lead wire has electric continuity

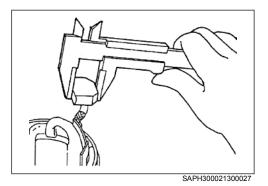
Make sure that there is no discoloration at the coil.

Service limit	1kΩor less
Service limit	I K22 Of less



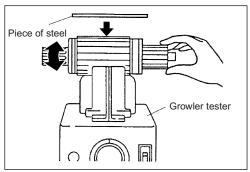
SAPH300021300026

! CAUTION • After cleaning and drying, take measurements.

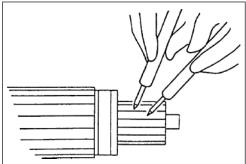


(4) Measure the brush length using vernier calipers.

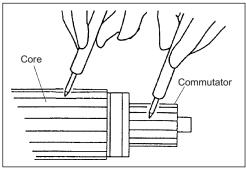
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
18{0.7087}	13{0.5118} or less



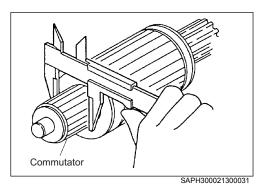
SAPH300021300028



SAPH300021300029



SAPH300021300030



2. Inspection of armature assembly

- (1) Turn the armature assembly using a commercially available growler tester and put a piece of steel on the armature assembly. Make sure that the steel piece is not vibrating on the core circumference.
- (2) Make sure that adjacent segments of the commutator have electric continuity using a circuit tester.
- (3) Make sure that there is no discoloration at the coil.

(4) Measure the resistance between the commutator and the core using a circuit tester and check insulation.

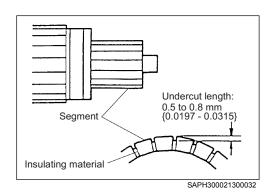
Standard value	Service limit
1M Ω or more	1k Ω or less

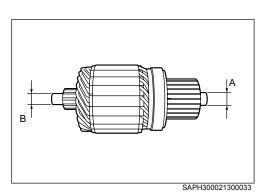
(CAUTION • After cleaning and drying, take measurements.

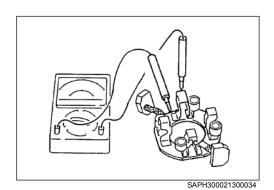
- (5) Measure the commutator outer diameter using vernier calipers.
- After removing roughness on the surface (after polishing), take measurements.

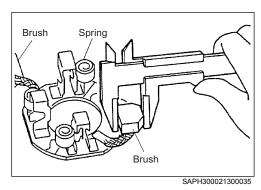
Commutator outer diameter

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
36{1.4173}	34{1.3386} or less









(6) Measure the undercut depth between segments. If the undercut depth is beyond the service limit, repair it.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
0.5 - 0.8{0.0197 - 0.0315}	0.2{0.0079} or less

⚠ CAUTION • In repair, do not leave insulation material at the end of the segment.

(7) Measure the shaft outer diameter using a micrometer. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the shaft.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Area	12{0.4724}	11.98{0.4717} or less
Area	9{0.3543}	8.98{0.3535} or less

- 3. Inspection of brush holder assembly
 - Measure the resistance between the holder (plus) and the plate using a circuit tester and check insulation.
 When the value is below the service limit, replace it.

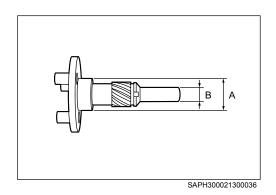
Service limit	1kΩor less
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!CAUTION • After cleaning and drying, take measurements.

(2) Measure the brush length using vernier calipers.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
18{0.7087}	13{0.5118} or less

(3) Make sure that the spring has pressure.

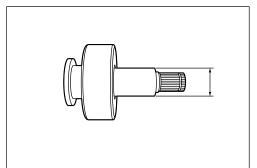


4. Inspection of shaft assembly

Measure the outer diameter of the shaft using a micrometer

If it is beyond the service limit, replace the shaft.

Measuring area	Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
Area	26{1.0236}	25.90{1.0197} or less
Area	12.1{0.4764}	12.04{0.4740} or less

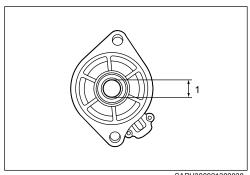


SAPH300021300037

5. Inspection of clutch assembly

Measure the outer diameter of the inner sleeve using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
25{0.9843}	24.90{0.9803} or less

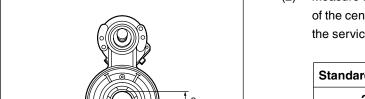


SAPH300021300038

6. Inspection of bearing

(1) Measure the bearing metal inner diameter (1 in the figure) of the pinion case using a cylinder gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the bushing.

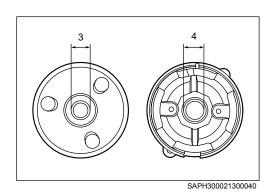
Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
25{0.9843}	25.2{0.9921} or more



SAPH300021300039

Measure the bearing metal inner diameter (2 in the figure) (2) of the center bracket using a cylinder gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the center bracket.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
26{1.0236}	26.2{1.0315}

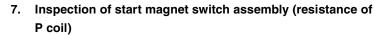


Measure the bearing metal inner diameter (3 in the figure) of the shaft assembly using a cylinder gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the shaft assembly.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
9{0.3543}	9.2{3.6220}

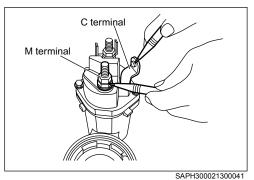
Measure the bearing housing inner diameter (4 in the (4) figure) of the commutator end frame using a cylinder gauge. If it is beyond the service limit, replace the commutator end frame.

Standard value (mm{in.})	Service limit (mm{in.})
28{1.1024}	28.1{1.1063} or more



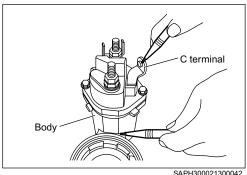
Measure the P coil resistance between the C terminal and (1) the M terminal using a circuit tester.

Standard value (Ω)	0.12 - 0.14
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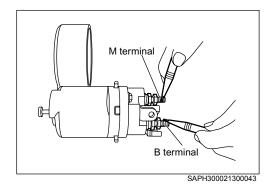
- 8. Inspection of start magnet switch assembly (resistance of H coil)
 - Measure the H coil resistance between the C terminal and (1) the body using a circuit tester.

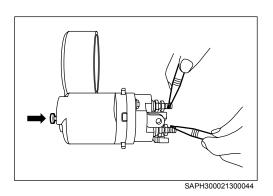
Standard value(Ω)	1.13 - 1.25
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SAPH300021300042

- Inspection of start magnet switch assembly (electric continuity inspection)
 - Check electric continuity between the B terminal and the M terminal using a circuit tester, and make sure that there is no electric continuity.

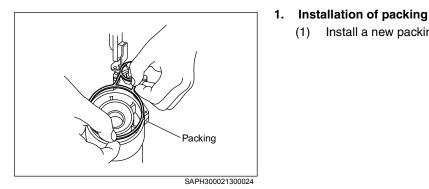




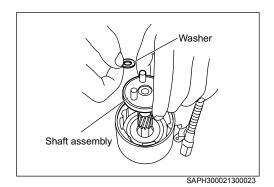
(2) Push the end of the start magnet switch assembly (close the internal contact) and make sure that there is electric continuity between the B terminal and the M terminal using a circuit tester.

Assembly

JP30002130702002



(1) Install a new packing on the center bracket assembly.

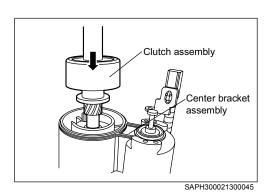


2. Installation of shaft assembly

(1) Turn the center bracket assembly upside down and hold the carrier plate. Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the shaft assembly.



 Washers are available at the upper and lower parts of the carrier plate. Be careful for loss of the washers.



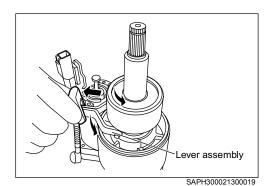
3. Installation of clutch assembly

(1) Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and insert the clutch assembly into the center bracket assembly.



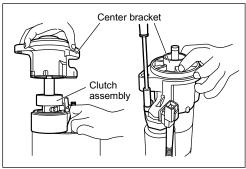
4. Installation of brake plate

(1) Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the brake plate.



5. Installation of lever

(1) Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list). Turn and install the lever assembly using the clutch as the axis.



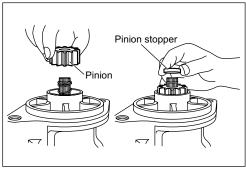
SAPH300021300017

6. Installation of pinion case

(1) Install two set bolts at the switch using a box screwdriver or offset wrench.

Tightening torque:

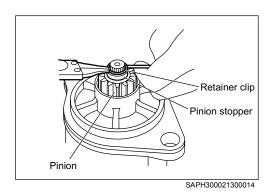
14 - 16 N m {140 - 160 kgf cm, 10 - 12 lbf ft}



SAPH300021300015

7. Installation of pinion

 Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the pinion and the pinion stopper.

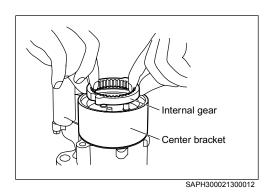


(2) Install the retainer clip using a tool such as snap ring pliers.



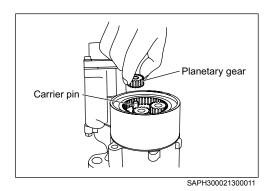
8. Installation of shim washer

 Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the shim washer on the center bracket.



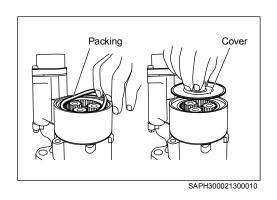
9. Removal of internal gear

 Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the internal gear on the center bracket.



10. Installation of planetary gear

(1) Lubricate parts (refer to the lubrication point drawing and the lubrication list) and install the planetary gear on the carrier pin.

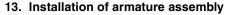


11. Installation of cover

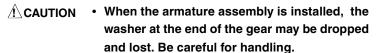
- Install a new packing.
- (2) Install the cover on the center bracket assembly.

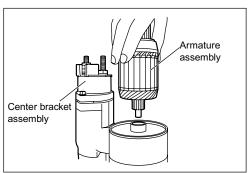


- Install the bearing on the armature assembly using a
- · When the bearing is removed, replace it with **A**CAUTION a new one.



(1) Install the armature assembly.



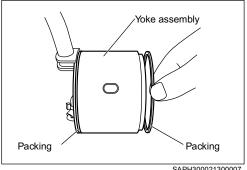


SAPH300021300008

14. Installation of packing

Install a new packing on the centering location at both ends of the yoke assembly.

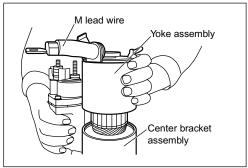
!\CAUTION • Damaged packing must not be resued. Replace it with a new part.



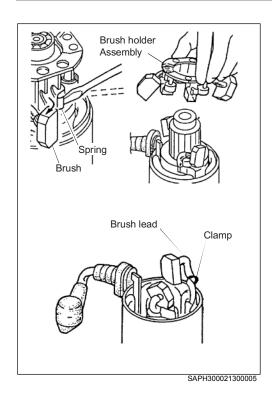
SAPH300021300007

15. Installation of yoke assembly

(1) Install the yoke assembly on the center bracket assembly.

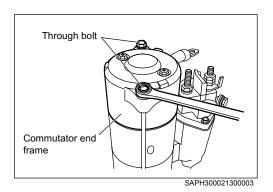


SAPH300021300006



16. Installation of brush holder assembly

(1) Lift the spring using a flat tip screwdriver, long-nose pliers or pliers. Install four brushes on the brush holder assembly.

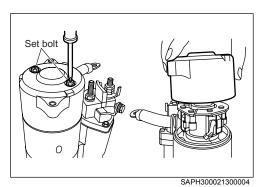


17. Installation of commutator end frame

(1) Tighten the through bolt of the commutator end frame.

Tightening torque:

15.7 - 17.6 N · m {160 - 179 kgf · cm, 12 - 13 lbf · ft}

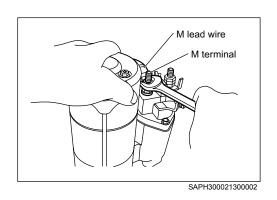


(2) Tighten two set bolts.

Tightening torque:

3.6 - 4.9 N m {37 - 49 kgf cm, 3 - 4 lbf ft}

• Hold the M lead wire and remove the commutator end frame by lifting.



18. Installation of lead wire

(1) Install the M lead wire.

19. Lubrication

Refer to the following figure and table for lubricant to be applied.

 \triangle CAUTION • There shall be no lubricant on the commutator surface, brush and contact.

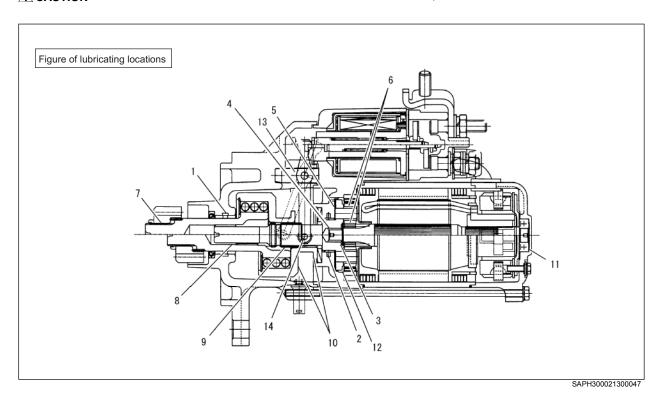


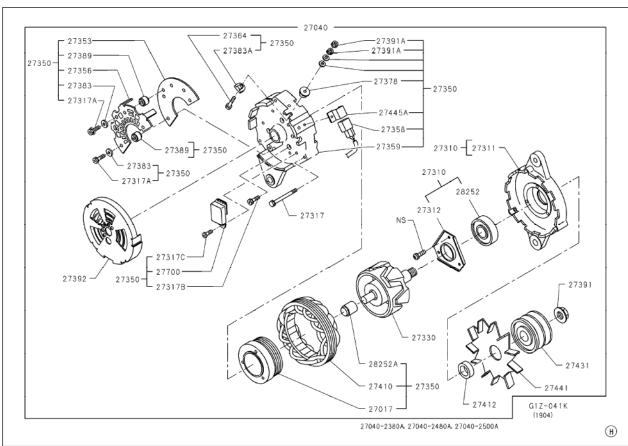
Table of lubricant

Code	Lubricating point	Lubricant used	Amount (g{oz})	Remark	Lubricant manufacturer
1	Pinion case metal and grease reservoir	Multemp AC-N	0.8 - 1.5 {0.03 - 0.05}		Kyodo Yushi
2	Bracket center metal and grease reservoir	Multemp AC-N	0.5 - 1.5 {0.03 - 0.05}		Kyodo Yushi
3	Shim washer	Multemp AC-N	0.2 - 0.5 {0.01 - 0.02}	Applied to both sides of washer.	Kyodo Yushi
4	Armature front metal	Multemp AC-N	0.5 - 1 {0.02 - 0.04}		Kyodo Yushi
5	Shim washer	Multemp AC-N	0.2 - 0.5 {0.01 - 0.02}	Applied to both sides of washer.	Kyodo Yushi
	Internal gear				
6	Armature gear	Multemp AC-N	7 -11 {0.25 - 0.39}		Kyodo Yushi
	Planetary gear		{0.25 - 0.59}		
7	Pinion straight Spline	Multemp AC-N	0.5 - 1 {0.02 - 0.04}		Kyodo Yushi
8	Inner sleeve metal	Multemp AC-N	0.3 - 0.6 {0.01 - 0.02}		Kyodo Yushi
9	Helical spline	Multemp AC-N	0.5 - 1 {0.02 - 0.04}		Kyodo Yushi
10	Clutch case lever shifter	Pyroknock No.2	1 - 2 {0.04 - 0.07}		Nippon Oil Corporation
11	Bracket rear bearing housing	Pyroknock No.2	0.2 - 0.5 {0.01 - 0.02}		Nippon Oil Corporation
12	Planetary gear metal	Multemp AC-N	1 - 2 {0.04 - 0.07}		Kyodo Yushi
13	Lever holder	Multemp AC-N	0.4 - 0.8 {0.01 - 0.03}		Kyodo Yushi
14	Lever roller rod	Pyroknock No.2	0.2 - 0.5 {0.01 - 0.02}	Assemble the roller after application of grease to prevent fall of the roller in assembly.	Nippon Oil Corporation

Alternator (60A)

Part layout (typical example of 60A)

JP30002130402002



SAPH300021300048

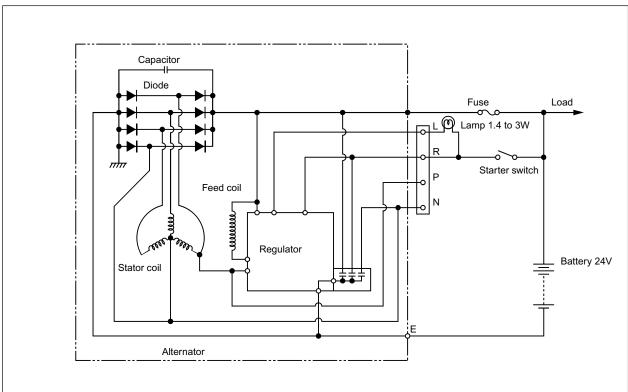
27017	Feed coil	27383A	Insulator
27040	Alternator	27389	Insulator
27310	Drive end frame assembly	27392	Cover
27311	Drive end frame	27410	Stator coil
27312	Bearing cover	27412	Collar
27330	Rotor assembly	27431	Pulley
27350	End frame assembly	27441	Fan
27353	Rectifier minus	27445A	Coupler holder
27356	Rectifier plus	27700	Regulator
27359	End frame	28252	Front bearing
27383	Insulator	28252A	Rear bearing

Tightening torque

•	-		
27317	7.8-9.8 N m{80-99 kgf cm, 6-7lbf· ft}	27317C	1.9-2.5 N· m{20-25 kgf· cm, 1-2lbf· ft}
27317A	1.9-2.5 N m{20-25 kgf cm, 1-2lbf ft}	27391	127 - 157 N· m{1, 300 - 1, 600 kgf· cm,
			94-116lbf· ft}
27317B	2.9 - 3.9 N· m{30 - 39 kgf· cm, 2-3lbf· ft}	27391A	Internal nut : 4.9-5.9 N m{50-60 kgf cm,
			3.6-4.3lbf·ft}

Circuit drawing (60A)

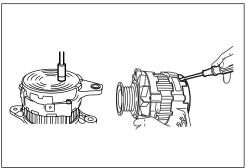
JP30002130803001



SAPH300021300049

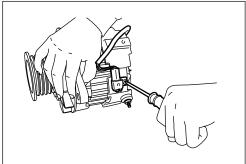
Disassembly (60A)

JP30002130702003

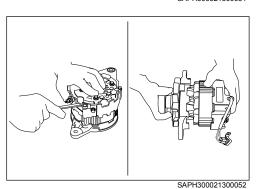


SAPH300021300050

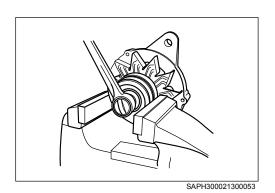
- **⚠** CAUTION Place a rubber mat and perform work on the mat.
- 1. Disconnection of front from rear
 - (1) Remove fixing bolts and remove the cover.
- - (2) Remove bolts with a screwdriver and remove the coupler holder.



SAPH300021300051

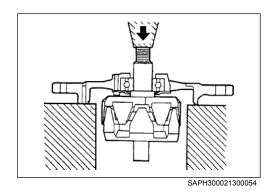


(3) Remove three through bolts and disconnect the front from the rear.



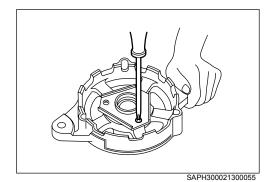
2. Disassembly of front

- (1) Remove nuts and remove the pulley, fan and collar.
- **⚠** CAUTION Tie around a general V –belt in the pulley groove and fix the pulley with a vice.

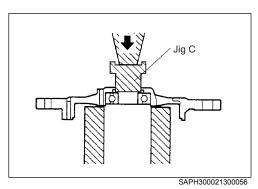


Remove the rotor assembly using a press.

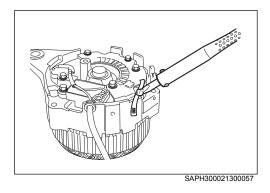
- ! CAUTION Do not damage the end of the thread.
 - · Support the rotor assembly to prevent fall of the rotor assembly.



(3) Remove three bolts with a screwdriver and remove the bearing cover.



- (4) Remove the ball bearing from the front bracket using a press or jig C.
- / CAUTION
- · Place jig C at the inner race of the front bearing.
- · Removed bearing must not be reused.

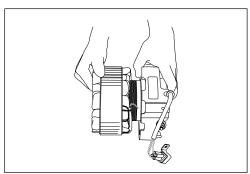


Disassembly of rear

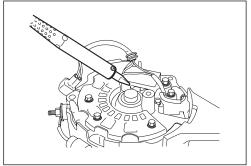
Remove solder of the lead wire connecting the stator coil and the diode using a soldering bit and suction line or a solder suction device

ACAUTION

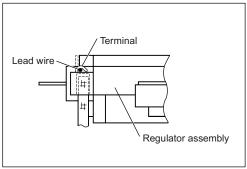
- · At solder of the stator coil and the diode, the end of the diode is clamped. Do not damage the diode by prying. Deformed diode must not be reused.
- Perform soldering in a short time (within 5 seconds).



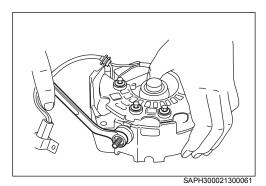
SAPH300021300058



SAPH300021300059



SAPH300021300060



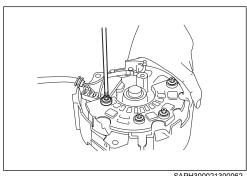
(2) Remove the stator coil from the rear bracket.

Do not damage the stator coil.

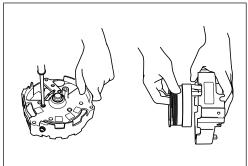
- Remove solder of the lead wire connecting the regulator and the field coil using a soldering bit.
- **⚠** CAUTION Remove the lead wire of the field coil by raising the terminal of the regulator.
 - Perform soldering in a short time (within 5 seconds).

- Loosen the nut at the B terminal.

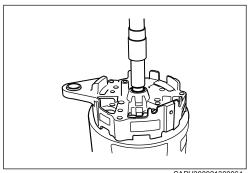
· Loosen the nut to some extent and do not **A**CAUTION remove it from the B terminal.



SAPH300021300062



SAPH300021300063



SAPH300021300064

- Remove five bolts using a screwdriver and remove the heat sink assembly (plus), heat sink assembly (minus) and regulator all together.
- (CAUTION Screw lock is used. Since torque is high until bolt is removed, be careful not to damage the groove of the bolt head.
 - · When the rear bracket is reused, clean the screw hole.
 - (6) Remove the capacitor.
 - Remove three bolts with a screwdriver and remove the field coil from the rear bracket.

- Remove the roller bearing from the rear bracket using a press, jig A and jig B.
- **⚠ CAUTION** Removed bearing must not be reused.

Inspection of components (60A)

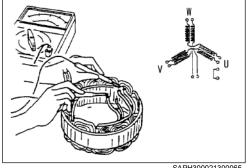
JP30002130703002



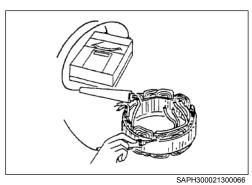
· Place a rubber mat and perform work on the mat.

- Inspection of stator coil and field coil
 - Measure the resistance between U-V, V-W and W-U terminals of the stator coil using a circuit tester.

Standard value (Ω)	0.15 - 0.17
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SAPH300021300065



(2) Measure the resistance between the stator coil core and each terminal using a megger tester.

Standard value (M Ω)	1 or more
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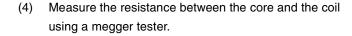


Measure the resistance of the field coil using a circuit tester.

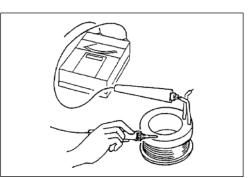
Standard value (Ω)	6.4 - 7.0
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! CAUTION

- Do not damage the circumferential surface of the coil.
- Damaged coil circumference must not be reused.





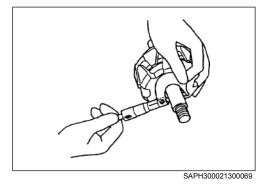


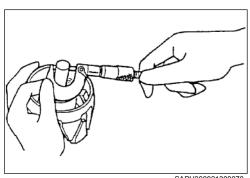
SAPH300021300068

2. Inspection of rotor assembly

Measure the outer diameter of the shaft at the ball bearing insertion area of the rotor assembly using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	25{0.9843}
Service limit (mm{in.})	24.98{0.9835}

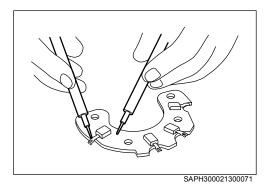




Measure the outer diameter of the shaft at the roller bearing insertion area of the rotor assembly using a micrometer.

Standard value (mm{in.})	17{0.6693}
Service limit (mm{in.})	16.98{0.6685}

SAPH300021300070



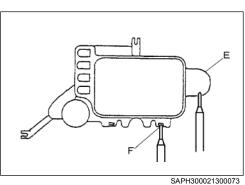
3. Inspection of diode, capacitor and regulator

Measure the resistance of the holder between the minus diode and the heat sink holder using a circuit tester.

	Standard value
Forward resistance value	Approx. 10 Ω
Reverse resistance value	Infinite



SAPH300021300072



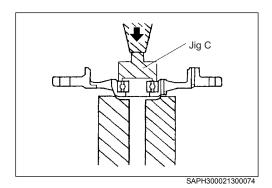
Measure the resistance between the capacitor terminal and the body using a circuit tester. Make sure that it indicates 800 k Ωand then immediately indicates infinite value.

Inspection of regulator Measure the resistance between regulator terminals F and E using a circuit tester.

	Standard value
Forward resistance value	Approx. 10 Ω
Reverse resistance value	Infinite

Assembly (60A)

JP30002130702004



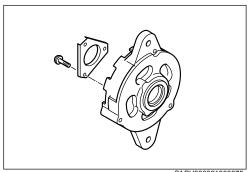
! CAUTION • Place a rubber mat and perform work on the mat.

1. Assembly of front

- (1) Press fit a new ball bearing into the front bracket using a press and jig C.
- Place jig C at the outer race of the ball / CAUTION bearing.
 - · Removed bearing must not be reused.
 - Install the bearing cover with bolts.

Tightening torque:

1.9 - 2.5 N m {20 - 25 kgf cm, 1 - 2 lbf ft}

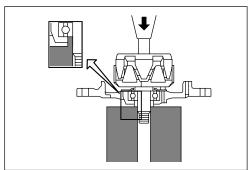


SAPH300021300075

Install the rotor assembly using a press.



- ! CAUTION Be sure to support the inner race of the bearing for press fit of the rotor.
 - · Do not damage the shaft.



SAPH300021300076

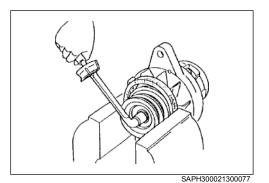
Install the space collar, fan and pulley on the shaft of the rotor assembly.

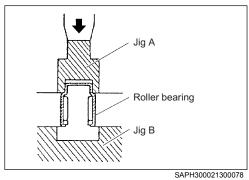
Tightening torque:

127 - 157 N · m {1,300 - 1,600 kgf · cm, 94 - 116 lbf · ft}

/ CAUTION

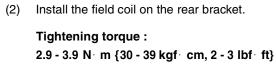
• Tie around a general V -belt in the pulley groove and fix the pulley with a vice.



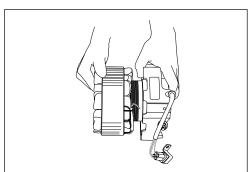


2. Assembly of rear

- (1) Press fit a new roller bearing into the rear bracket using a press, jig A and jig B.
- ⚠ CAUTION Press fit until jig A comes in contact with the rear bracket.



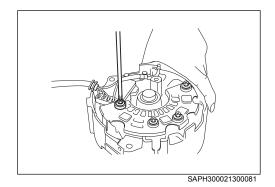
 $\hat{\mathbf{M}}$ CAUTION • Tighten bolts finally after temporary tightening. Tighten them evenly.



SAPH300021300080

SAPH300021300079

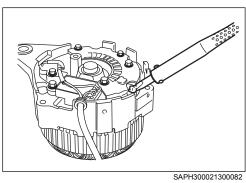
- (3) Assemble the stator coil on the rear bracket temporarily.
- ! CAUTION Do not damage the stator coil.

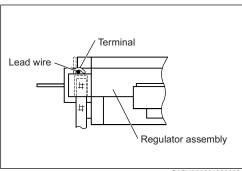


(4) Install parts referring to the part layout.

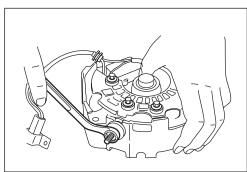
> Tightening torque: 1.9 - 2.5 N m {20 - 25 kgf cm, 1 - 2 lbf ft}

ACAUTION Apply screw lock to the ends of the heat sink mounting bolt and the regulator mounting bolt.





SAPH300021300083



SAPH300021300084

(5) Solder the lead wire connecting the regulator and the field coil, and connecting the stator coil and the diode using a soldering bit.

! CAUTION

- Perform soldering after tightening of bolts.
- · Bend and fix the regulator terminal before soldering the lead wire of the field coil.
- · Clamp the end of the diode of the stator coil before soldering.
- Perform soldering in a short time (within 5 seconds).

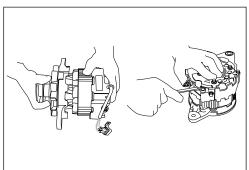
Tighten the nut inside the B terminal.

Tightening torque:

4.9 - 5.9 N m {50 - 60 kgf cm, 3.6 - 4.3 lbf ft}

NOTICE

· After installation of the alternator, connect the wire and tighten the outside nut



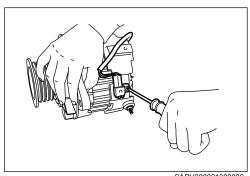
SAPH300021300085

- Joint of front and rear
 - Joint the front with the rear with bolts.

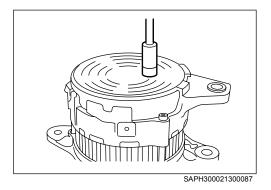
Tightening torque:

7.8 - 9.8 N · m {80 - 99 kgf · cm, 6 - 7 lbf · ft}

• Tighten bolts evenly. **A**CAUTION



SAPH300021300086



(2) Install the coupler holder and tighten bolts.

Tightening torque:

1.9 - 2.5 N m {20 - 25 kgf cm, 1 - 2 lbf ft}

(3) Align the tab and install the cover. Fix it with bolts.

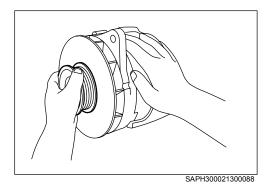
Tightening torque:

3.3 - 4.4 N · m {34 - 44 kgf · cm, 2 - 3 lbf · ft}

<u>N</u>CAUTION • Do not hit the cover because the tab may be broken.

Inspection after assembly (60A)

JP30002130703003

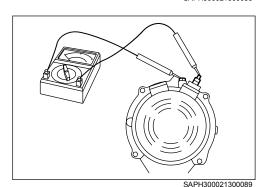


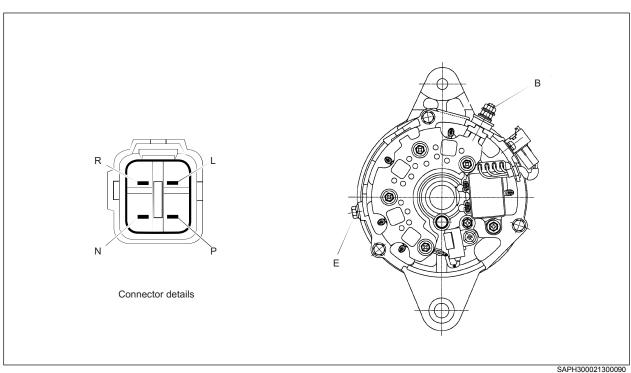
⚠ CAUTION • Place a rubber mat and perform work on the mat.

1. Inspection of rotation

- Turn the pulley with hand to check if there is no interference with internal parts and if rotation is smooth.
- (2) Measure the resistance between B and E terminals and between P and E terminals using a circuit tester. If it is beyond the standard value (e.g. 0 Ω), disassemble it again and reassemble the unit correctly.

Circuit tester lead		Standard value
(+)	(–)	Standard value
В	E	Approx. 20 Ω
E	В	Infinite
Р	E	Approx.7 Ω
E	Р	Infinite





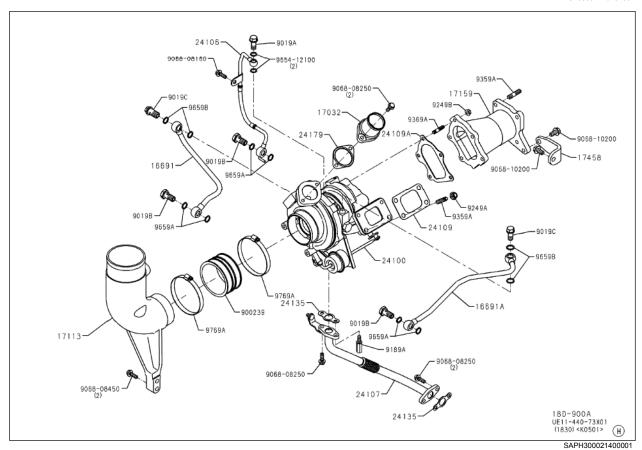
14 TURBOCHARGER

Turbocharger Assembly	14-2
Part layout	14-2
Inspection	14-3
Replacement	14-6

Turbocharger Assembly

Part layout

JP30002140402001



16691	Coolant pipe	24109	Gasket*
16691A	Coolant pipe	24109A	Gasket*
17113	Intake pipe	24135	Gasket*
17159	Exhaust manifold connector	24107	Oil outlet pipe
17458	Exhaust pipe bracket	9654-12100	Gasket*
24100	Turbocharger assembly	9659A	Gasket*

9659B

Gasket*

Oil inlet pipe

Tightening torque

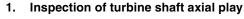
24106

9249A	56 N m {570 kgf cm, 41lbf ft}	

^{*}Parts not to be reused.

Inspection

JP30002140501001

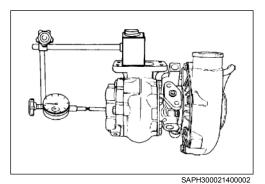


(1) Inspect play of the turbine shaft at the exhaust side using a special tool.

Special tool: 380100044 Tool assembly

(2) If the measurement value is beyond the standard value, ask the manufacturer to overhaul the unit.

Standard value (mm{in.})	0.040 - 0.085	
	{0.0016 - 0.0033}	

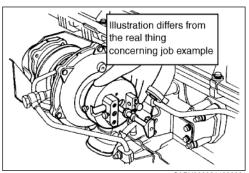


NOTICE

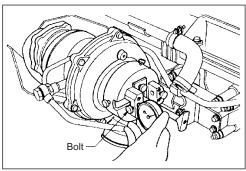
 Since the assembly is replaced, disassembly and inspection are not allowed.

2. Inspection procedure with special tool

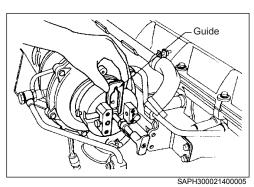
Remove dial gauge (key No. 1), loosen the bolt (key No. 13) of the guide (key No. 13) and turn the guide (key No. 2) 90°. Put the dial gauge into the plate (key No. 8) which is inspected for axial play, and tighten the bolt (key No. 19) for fixing.



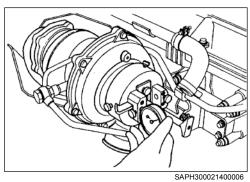
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SAPH300021400004

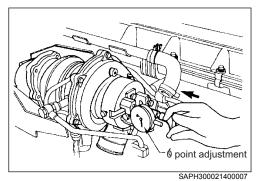


(2) Insert the guide (key No. 9) to preventment horizontal movement of the measuring instrument.

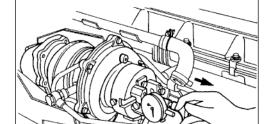


When the guide (key No. 9) is fixed, move the bar (key No. 4) vertically and fix the guide (key No. 9) with the stopper (key No. 10) so that the needle of the dial gauge may come at the center.



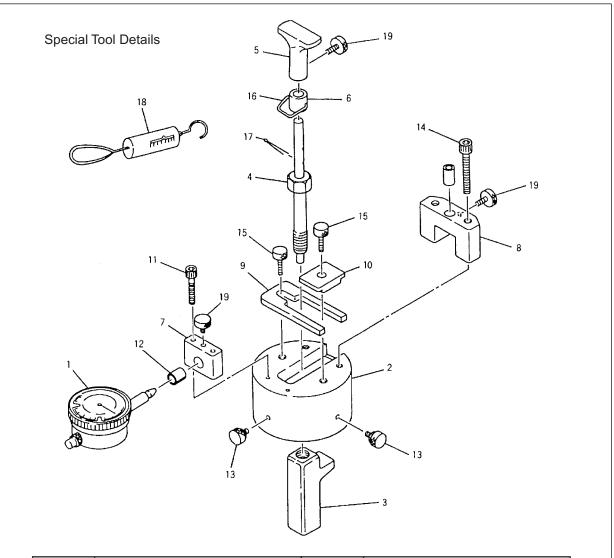


Hold the puller (key No. 5) and press it toward the turbine in the axial direction. Set the dial gauge reading to 0.



- Pull it to the opposite side and measure movement in the axial direction.
- (6) Take three measurements and use the average value as the measurement value.

SAPH300021400008



Key No.	Part name	Key No.	Part name
Assembly	Tool assembly	10	Stopper
1	Gauge (dial gauge)	11	Bolt
2	Guide	12	Sleeve
3	Stopper	13	Bolt
4	Bar	14	Bolt
5	Puller	15	Bolt
6	Sleeve	16	Hook
7	Plate	17	Snap ring (cotter pin)
8	Plate	18	Bar (spring)
9	Guide	19	Bolt

SAPH300021400009

Replacement

JP30002140704001

1. Removal

- (1) Remove the boost pipe and U-turn pipe.
- Disconnect all pipes connected to the turbocharger.

- ! CAUTION Loosen union bolt of the coolant pipe, drain coolant and remove the pipe. Disconnect the lower pipe similarly and remove the oil pipe.
 - · After removing pipes, be sure to seal oil holes, water holes and cylinder block holes to prevent entry of dirt.
 - Remove the bolts fixing the exhaust pipe and the turbocharger and remove the turbocharger.

- ! CAUTION After removal, seal holes both at the exhaust manifold and the exhaust pipe to prevent entry of foreign matter.
 - · If a stud bolt is sticking, remove and replace the stud bolt using a commercially available stud remover.

2. Installation

Install the turbocharger in the reverse order of disassembly. When the turbocharger is installed on the engine or after installation, observe the following precautions for work. Pay special attention to entry of foreign matter inside the turbocharger.

Tightening torque: 56 N m {570 kgf cm, 41 lbf ft} (Turbocharger to exhaust manifold)

- (2) Lubrication and cooling system
 - a. Before installation on the engine, pour new engine oil from the oil inlet and turn the turbocharger with hand to lubricate the journal bearing and the thrust bearing.
 - b. Clean the oil pipe, oil hose, coolant pipe and hose. Check for pipe deformation, hose crack or dirt or foreign matter in the pipe or hose.
 - Do not use sealant at the installation surface of the oil pipe and the coolant pipe or joint between the coolant hose and the coolant pipe to prevent failures such as damage due to clogging or loosening of tightened
 - d. Be sure to use new soft washers, O-rings and gaskets.
 - Be sure to install the oil pipe, oil hose, coolant pipe and coolant hose correctly to prevent leak of oil or water from connections.

(3) Air intake system

- a. Make sure that there is no dirt or foreign matter in the air intake system.
- Do not use sealant at the inlet/outlet of air to prevent failures such as damage due to clogging or loosening of tightened areas.
- c. Be sure to install the air feed pipe and the air hose correctly to prevent air leak from connections.

(4) Exhaust system

- a. Make sure that there is no dirt or foreign matter in the exhaust piping system.
- b. Since heat resistant steel is used for bolts and nuts, do not mix them with normal bolts for installation.

15 FAILURE DIAGNOSIS FOR EACH ENGINE STATUS

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS FOR EACH ENGINE STATUS

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Starter	15-5
Turbocharger	15-6

FAILURE DIAGNOSIS FOR EACH ENGINE STATUS

Engine mechanical

JP30002150601001

Status	Cause	Action
Engine overheat (coolant)	Insufficient coolant	Replenish coolant
	Faulty thermostat	Replace thermostat
	Water leak from cooling system	Correction
	Faulty coolant pump	Repair or replace
	Faulty head gasket	Replace head gasket
Engine overheat	Clogging of radiator	Cleaning of radiator
(radiator)	Corrosion of cooling system	Clean and repair cooling system
	Clogging of radiator core front part	Clean radiator
	Faulty radiator cap	Replace radiator cap
Engine overheat (compression	Non-synchronous injection timing	Adjust injection timing.
pressure)	Faulty fuel injection pressure	Adjust injection pressure
	Faulty fuel	Replace with correct fuel
	Faulty injector	Replace injector
Engine overheat (lubrication	Deterioration of engine oil	Replace engine oil
unit)	Faulty oil pump	Replace oil pump
	Insufficient engine oil	Replenish engine oil
Large engine oil consumption	Wear of piston ring and cylinder liner	Replace piston ring and cylinder liner
(piston, cylinder liner and piston	Damage to piston ring	Replace piston ring and cylinder liner
ring)	Faulty fixing of piston ring	Replace piston ring and cylinder liner
	Faulty assembly of piston ring	Replace piston ring and cylinder
		liner
	Faulty engine oil	Replace engine oil
	Faulty piston ring joint	Reassemble piston ring
Large engine oil consumption	Wear of valve stem	Replace valve and valve guide
(valve and valve guide)	Wear of valve guide	Replace valve guide
	Faulty assembly of valve stem seal	Replace stem seal
	Excessive oil lubrication to rocker	Inspection of clearance between
	arm	rocker arm and rocker arm shaft
Large engine oil consumption	Faulty oil level gauge	Replace with correct level gauge
(others)	Excessive filling of engine oil	Fill with appropriate amount of oil.
	Leak of engine oil	Repair or replace the part of oil
		leak.
Piston seizure (in operation)	Sudden stop of engine	Perform warm-up before stop of
		engine
Piston seizure (lubrication unit)	Insufficient engine oil	Replenish engine oil
	Deterioration of engine oil	Replace engine oil
	Incorrect engine oil	Replace with correct engine oil.
	Low oil pressure	Inspection of lubrication unit
	Faulty oil pump	Replace oil pump
Piston seizure	Abnormal combustion	Refer to overheat section.
Piston seizure	Cooling unit	Refer to overheat section.

Status	Cause	Action
Insufficient engine power (air	Clogging of air cleaner element	Clean or replace air cleaner
cleaner)		element
Insufficient engine power	Overheat	Refer to overheat section.
Insufficient engine power (fuel	Faulty injection of injector	Replace injector
unit)	Faulty injector due to deposit of	Replace injector
	carbon	
	Entry of air into fuel system	Air bleeding of fuel system
	Faulty fuel filter	Replace element
	Faulty fuel	Replace with correct fuel
Insufficient engine power	Abnormal compression pressure	Refer to overheat section.
Insufficient engine power	Piston, cylinder liner and piston	Refer to overheat section.
	ring	
Faulty engine start (electric unit)	Faulty battery	Check battery
	Faulty wiring of starter	Replace starter wiring
	Loose battery cable	Tighten battery terminal connection
		or replace cable
	Faulty operation of starter	Replace starter assembly
	Faulty start assist unit	Replace start assist unit
Faulty engine start (air cleaner)	Clogging of air cleaner element	Clean or replace air cleaner
		element
Faulty engine start (fuel unit)	Insufficient fuel	Replenish fuel and bleed air from
		fuel system
	Clogging of fuel system	Clean fuel system.
	Air intake from connection of fuel	Tighten connections
	system	
	Clogging of fuel filter	Replace fuel filter
	Loose connection of injection pipe	Tighten connecting nut of injection
		pump
Faulty engine start (injector)	Injector seizure	Replace injector
Faulty engine start (lubrication	Excessive viscosity of engine oil	Replace with engine oil with correct
unit)	Excessive vicestry of engine on	viscosity
Faulty engine start (others)	Piston seizure	Replace piston, piston ring and
		cylinder liner
	Bearing seizure	Replace bearing and crankshaft
	, and the second	
	Low compression pressure	Overhaul engine
	Damage to ring gear	Replace ring gear and replace
		starter pinion gear.
Faulty idling (injector)	Faulty injection pressure	Adjust injection pressure.
	Faulty injection status	Adjust or replace injector.
Faulty idling (nozzle)	Faulty injection pressure	Adjust injection pressure.
	Faulty spray status	Adjust or replace nozzle
	Carbon deposit at nozzle end	Remove carbon
	Seizure of needle valve	Replace nozzle
	I .	

Status	Cause	Action
Faulty idling (engine)	Faulty valve clearance	Adjustment of valve clearance
	Faulty contact of valve seat	Adjust or replace valve and valve seat.
	Low coolant temperature	Perform warm-up.
	Large variation of compression	Overhaul engine
	pressure between cylinders	
Gas leak (head gasket)	Reuse	Replace gasket.
	Damage	Replace gasket.
	Replace gasket.	Replace gasket.
Gas leak (head bolt)	Loose head bolt	Tighten bolt.
	Incorrect tightening sequence or	Tighten bolt to correct torque
	incorrect tightening torque	according to the correct tightening
		sequence.
	Extension of head bolt	Replace bolt.
Gas leak (cylinder block)	Crack	Replace cylinder block.
	Distortion of cylinder block upper surface	Repair or replace cylinder block.
	Depression of cylinder liner insertion (insufficient protrusion of cylinder liner)	Replace cylinder liner or block.
Gas leak (cylinder head)	Crack of cylinder head	Replace cylinder head.
	Distortion of cylinder head lower surface	Repair or replace cylinder head.
Gas leak (cylinder liner)	Crack of cylinder liner	Replace cylinder liner.
	Corrosion of cylinder liner	Replace cylinder liner.
	Insufficient protrusion of cylinder liner	Replace cylinder liner or block.
Gas leak (others)	Incorrect injection timing	Adjust injection timing.

Alternator

Status	Cause	Action	
Lamp is ON. →Charge current	Faulty regulator (open PTr)	Replace regulator.	
does not run (alternator).	Faulty stator coil (disconnection, rare shorting)	Replace stator coil.	
	Fault feed coil (disconnection, rare shorting)	Replace feed coil.	
	Faulty diode (open, shorting)	Replace rectifier.	
	Disconnection or poor contact of lead wire (plate, support, etc.)	Repair or replace lead wire.	
Lamp is ON. →Charge current does not run (wiring).	Disconnection of wire (fuse)	Replace wire (fuse).	
Lamp is ON. →Voltmeter	Faulty regulator (shorting of PTr)	Replace regulator.	
indicates 29V or more	Faulty tightening of voltage	Repair, replace voltage detection	
(alternator).	detection circuit (e.g. support)	circuit or replace regulator.	

Status	Cause	Action
Lamp is ON. →Charge current is	Faulty regulator (open Tr)	Replace regulator.
correctly running (alternator).		
Lamp is OFF. →Charge current is	Faulty stator coil (disconnection of 1	Replace stator coil.
always limited. <i>→</i> Battery goes	phase, rare shorting)	
flat (alternator).	Faulty diode (open, shorting)	Replace rectifier.
	Disconnection or poor contact of	Repair or replace lead wire.
	lead wire (plate, support, etc.)	
Lamp is OFF. →Charge current is	Operation load is large (Load	Reduce load
always limited. →Battery goes	balance is poor).	
flat (operation load).		
Lamp is OFF. →Charge current is	Faulty regulator (shorting of PTr)	Replace regulator.
always large. →Battery fluid runs	Faulty tightening of voltage	Repair or replace voltage detection
short in a short period of time	detection circuit (e.g. support)	circuit.
(alternator).		
Lamp is OFF. →Charge current is	Battery is close to the service life.	Replace battery.
always large. →Battery fluid runs		
short in a short period of time		
(battery).		
Others →Abnormal noise	Faulty stator coil (rare shorting,	Replace stator coil.
(alternator)	grounding)	
	Contact of inner surface (faulty Repair or replace bearing	
	bearing, wear of bracket)	
Others - Abnormal noise (V belt)	Faulty tension of V belt (belt slip)	Correction

Starter

Status	Cause	Action
Starter does not turn. Turning is	Faulty connection of starter key Repair connecting area.	
low.	Flat battery	Charge or replace.
	Disconnection, loosening or	After cleaning, tighten.
	corrosion of battery terminal	
	Grounding wire is disconnected.	Be sure to connect it.
	Use of incorrect engine oil	Replace with correct oil.
	Faulty contact of start magnet	Replace start magnet switch
	switch assembly.	assembly
	Faulty contact or failure of starter	Replace starter relay.
	relay	
	Wear of starter brush	Replace brush
	Seizure of commutator	Repair commutator.
	Wear of commutator	Undercut
	Shorting of armature	Replace armature assembly
	Insufficient tension of brush spring	Replace brush spring.
	Faulty operation of clutch	Clean or replace.

Turbocharger

Status Cause		Action
Exhaust smoke is black	Clogging of air cleaner element	Clean or replace air cleaner
(insufficient intake air).		element.
	Air intake inlet is closed.	Recover normal status.
	Leak from connection of air intake system	Check and repair.
	Revolution of blower impeller and turbine shaft is heavy	Disassembly and repair.
Exhaust smoke is black	Oil impurities are deposited at the	Replace engine oil and
(Turbocharger is not operating).	sealing part of the turbine and	disassemble the turbocharger for
	revolution of the turbine shaft is heavy.	cleaning.
	Seizure of bearing	Replace turbocharger.
	Seizure of bearing (insufficient lubrication or clogging of oil pipe)	Check the oil system of the engine and repair faulty areas. Also, replace engine oil.
	Seizure of bearing (Oil temperature is too high.)	Check the oil system of the engine and repair faulty areas. Also, replace engine oil.
	Seizure of bearing (Balance of revolving body is poor.)	Replace or clean revolving part.
	Seizure of bearing (insufficient warm-up or sudden stop from loaded operation: Unloaded operation)	Observe the precautions strictly in the operation manual.
	Contact of or damage to turbine shaft and blower impeller (excessive operation)	Check and repair engine parts.
	Contact of or damage to turbine shaft and blower impeller (excessive increase of exhaust gas temperature)	Check and repair engine parts.
	Contact of or damage to turbine	Disassemble the engine to remove
	shaft and blower impeller (entry of foreign matter)	foreign matter completely. Check and repair the air cleaner and engine parts.
	Contact of or damage to turbine shaft and blower impeller (wear of bearing)	Replace turbocharger.
	Contact of or damage to turbine shaft and blower impeller (faulty assembly)	Reassemble or replace.
Exhaust smoke is black (due to exhaust gas resistance).	Exhaust gas is leaking before the turbocharger. Revolution is not increased.	Check and repair mounting area.
	Since pipe of the exhaust system is deformed or clogged, revolution of the turbocharger is not increased.	Recover normal status.

Status	Cause	Action
Exhaust smoke is white.	Engine oil runs out to the blower or	Repair or replace pipe.
	the turbine due to clogging or	
	deformation of the oil return pipe.	
	Negative pressure at the back of	Check and replace the pipe.
	the blower impeller is increased and	Replace or clean the air cleaner
	engine oil runs out to the blower.	element.
	Seal ring is excessively worn or	Disassemble and repair
	damaged due to excessive wear of	turbocharger.
Oil is muighty reduced	the bearing.	Discosamble and renair
Oil is quickly reduced.	Seal ring is excessively worn or	Disassemble and repair
	damaged due to excessive wear of the bearing.	turbocharger.
	Engine oil enters into exhaust gas	Check and service engine parts.
	before the turbocharger.	chesic and convice origine parts.
Low engine output	Gas leak from exhaust system	Check and repair faulty areas.
	parts	
	Air leak from blower outlet	Check and repair faulty areas.
	Clogging of air cleaner element	Clean or replace air cleaner
		element
	Contamination of or damage to	Replace turbocharger.
	turbocharger	
Acceleration (follow-up of	Carbon deposit at the turbine (disc	Replace engine oil and clean
turbocharger) is poor (slow).	sealing area) makes revolution of	turbocharger.
	the turbine heavy.	
	Air and gas leak from intake/	Check and repair faulty areas.
	exhaust system parts	
	Combustion is faulty.	Check the engine fuel system and
		recover correct combustion status.
Abnormal noise	If the gas passage is extremely	Replace turbocharger.
	narrowed due to clogging at the	
	turbine case nozzle or if acceleration is performed, reverse flow (usually	
	called surging) occurs due to clogging	
	of blower discharge air.	
	Revolving part is in contact.	Replace turbocharger.
	Air and gas leak from intake/	Check and repair faulty areas.
	exhaust system parts	
Vibration	Loosening between turbocharger	Check the turbocharger mounting
	and intake/exhaust pipe and	status and repair faulty areas.
	between oil pipe and mounting area	
	Failure of metal, contact between	Replace turbocharger. Remove
	revolving part and peripheral parts,	foreign matter completely, if any.
	or damage to the blower impeller of	
	the turbine rotor due to entry of	
	foreign matter is found.	
	Balance of revolving body is poor.	Replace revolving body.

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P2228, P2229/diagnosis monitor code 15) 16-	

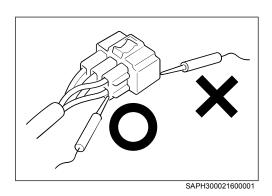
Injector common 1 short to GND (DTC code	P1211/
diagnosis monitor code 57), Injector common	2 short
to GND (DTC code P1214/diagnosis monitor c	ode 58)
Injector common 1 short to BATT (DTC code	
diagnosis monitor code 57), Injector common	
to BATT (DTC code P1215/diagnosis monitor c	
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Engine ECU

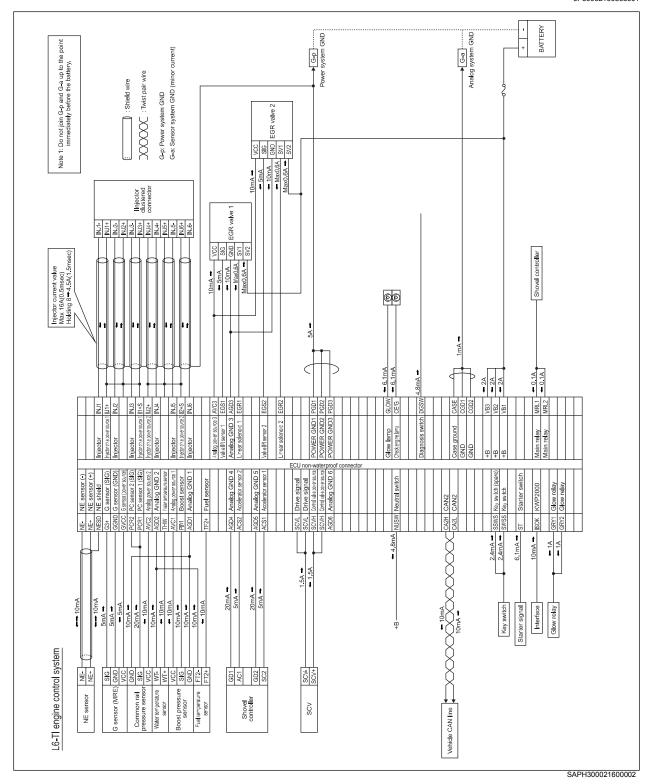
Precautions



- <u>\(\)</u> CAUTION Make sure that each connector is connected before inspection.
 - · Do not place a tester rod on the connecting surface of the connector. Otherwise, terminals are damaged or short-circuited.
 - Delete the past failure memory after recording. Perform failure diagnosis again to check current failure.
 - · After failure analysis, delete the past failure memory. If the past failure memory is not deleted, the failure indicator lamp remains ON.
 - · All connector drawings are viewed from the connecting surface. Place the tester rod from the back.

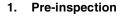


System block diagram

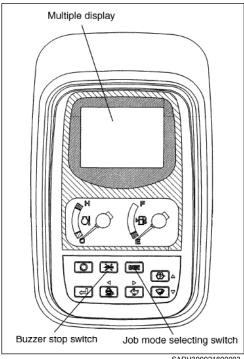


Inspection

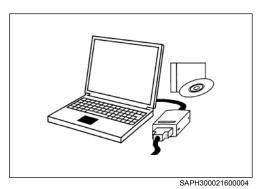
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If the system has an error, the failure code(DTC code) is displayed on the multiple display of gauge cluster.

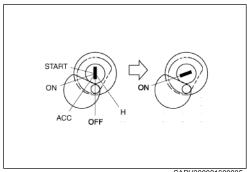


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Deletion method of past failure

To delete past failures of the engine ECU, use HINO-DX on the PC. (Refer to "Hino field support system operation manual".)



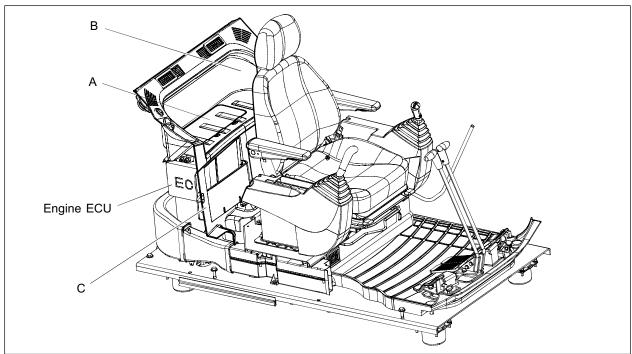
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Deletion of cluster gauge past failure

- Turn "ON" the starter switch.
- When the buzzer stop switch is pressed consecutively 5 (2) times in 10 seconds, the failure history mode is displayed.
- Press work mode selecting switch and the buzzer stop (3) switch at the same time for 10 seconds or more.
- (4) When the display shows "No error", deletion is completed.
- Turn "OFF" the starter switch. (5)

Connection method of Hino-DX

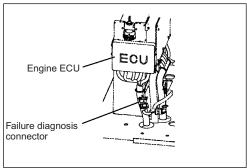
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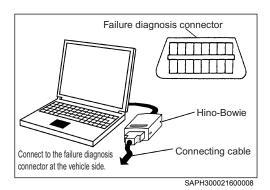
SAPH300021600006

1. Removal of cover at the rear of the driver's seat

- (1) Remove maintenance cover A. (Two tabs)
- (2) Remove the rear cover B mounting bolts M6 (4 places) which are found after removing maintenance cover A and remove the clips at the back of rear cover B.
- (3) Remove rear cover B.
- (4) Remove bolts M6 (2 places) at the lower part of rear cover C and clips (2 places) and remove cover C.



SAPH300021600007



2. Connection of Hino-DX

 Connect the system to the failure diagnosis connector through the interface box.

Special tool: 380100046 Hino-Bowie (Interface box)

380100047 Connecting cable 380100045 CD-ROM Hino-DX

(2) Set the starter key to "ON" and start Hino-DX.

Table of failure code

JP30002160601001

NOTICE

• For the system status by indication of failure code(DTC code) in the table, refer to "1. Preinspection, Inspection, Engine ECU".

"Reference : Inspection, Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

[a] Failure diagnosis and [b] Alarm display (alarm status)	DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	Estimated failure cause
a. Engine does not start Engine stopped.	P0335	13	Engine speed main sensor circuit malfunction
b. Failure code(DTC code)	P0606	3	CPU malfunction (Hard detection) (Detection of hardware)
indication.	P0629	74	SCV out put short to BATT (+B short-circuit)
a. Low output	P0200	59	ECU charge circuit high input
b. Failure code(DTC code) indication.	P0611	59	ECU charge circuit malfunction
a. Low output (limp form)	P2120	22	Accelerator sensor 1 and 2 malfunction
b. Failure code(DTC code) indication.			
a. Low output	P0217	6	Engine overheat
a. Difficult to start engine.	P0540	25	Preheat circuit malfunction (Open/ground short-circuit)
	P0540	25	Preheat circuit malfunction (+B short-circuit)
a. Low output	P0234	39	Turbocharger over boost

[a] Failure diagnosis and [b] Alarm display (alarm status)	DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	Estimated failure cause
a. Low output	P0088	68	Excessive common rail pressure (1st step)
b. Failure code(DTC code) indication.	P0088	69	Excessive common rail pressure (2nd step)
	P0088	76	Excessive common rail pressure, supply pump excess forced feed
	P0108	37	Boost pressure sensor circuit high input
	P0117	11	Coolant temperature sensor circuit low input
	P0118	11	Coolant temperature sensor circuit high input
	P0191	67	Common rail pressure sensor malfunction
	P0192	67	Common rail pressure sensor circuit low input
	P0193	67	Common rail pressure sensor circuit high input
	P0201	51	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 1
	P0202	52	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 2
	P0203	53	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 3
	P0204	54	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 4
	P0205	55	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 5
	P0206	56	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 6
	P0237	37	Boost pressure sensor circuit low input
	P0404	88	EGR valve 1 stick
	P0405	86	EGR lift sensor 1 circuit low input
	P0406	86	EGR lift sensor 1 circuit high input
	P0407	87	EGR lift sensor 2 circuit low input
	P0408	87	EGR lift sensor 2 circuit high input
	P0489	81	EGR solenoid 1 malfunction (Open/ground short-circuit)

[a] Failure diagnosis and [b] Alarm display (alarm status)	DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	Estimated failure cause
a. Low output	P0490	81	EGR solenoid 1 malfunction (VB short-circuit)
b. Failure code(DTC code)	P0605	3	Flash ROM error
indication.	P0607	3	Monitoring IC malfunction in CPU
	P0628	75	SCV malfunction (Full discharge mode)
	P1211	57	Injector common 1 short to GND Failure of ground short-circuit and common 1
	P1212	57	Injector common 1 short to BATT Failure of +B short-circuit and common 1
	P1212	57	Injector common 1 short to BATT Failure of open and common 1
	P1214	58	Injector common 2 short to GND Failure of ground short-circuit and common 2
	P1215	58	Injector common 2 short to BATT Failure of +B short-circuit and common 2
	P1215	58	Injector common 2 short to BATT Failure of open and common 2
	P1401	89	EGR valve 2 stick
	P1402	82	EGR solenoid 2 malfunction (Open/ground short-circuit)
	P1403	82	EGR solenoid 2 malfunction (VB short-circuit)
	P1601	2	Injector correction data conformily error
	P2228	15	Atmospheric pressure sensor
	P2229	15	Atmospheric pressure sensor circuit high input
	P2635	75	Supply pump SCV sticking
	P2635	77	Supply pump malfunction

[a] Failure diagnosis and [b] Alarm display (alarm status)	DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	Estimated failure cause
a. Other problems	P0182	14	Fuel temperature sensor circuit low input
b. Failure code(DTC code) indication.	P0183	14	Fuel temperature sensor circuit high input
	P0340	12	Engine speed sub sensor circuit malfunction
	P0686	5	Main relay malfunction
	P2122	22	Accelerator sensor circuit 1 low voltage
	P2123	22	Accelerator sensor circuit 1 high voltage
	P2127	22	Accelerator sensor circuit 2 low voltage
	P2128	22	Accelerator sensor circuit 2 high voltage
a. Other problems	P0219	7	Engine overrun
	P0263	61	Cylinder 1 contribution/balance fault
b. No indication	P0266	62	Cylinder 2 contribution/balance fault
	P0269	63	Cylinder 3 contribution/balance fault
	P0272	64	Cylinder 4 contribution/balance fault
	P0275	65	Cylinder 5 contribution/balance fault
	P0278	66	Cylinder 6 contribution/balance fault
	P0617	45	Starter signal malfunction
	P2635	79	Supply pump abnormal pressure record
	U1001	9	Interruption of CAN communication (vehicle)

Signal check harness

JP30002160301002

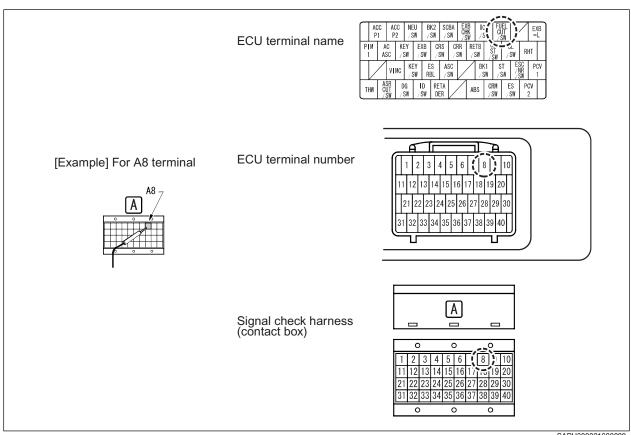
1. Signal check harness

ACAUTION

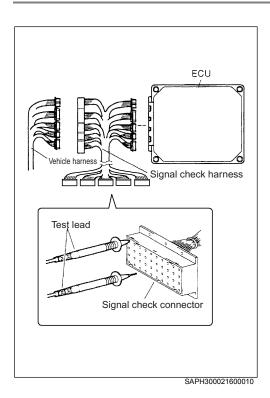
· When measuring terminal of the engine ECU, connect the signal check harness to prevent damage to the connector. Place the tester rod on the contact box of the signal check harness for measurement.

NOTICE

· Terminal numbers in the text and the illustrations correspond as shown below in the "Computer pin arrangement".



SAPH300021600009



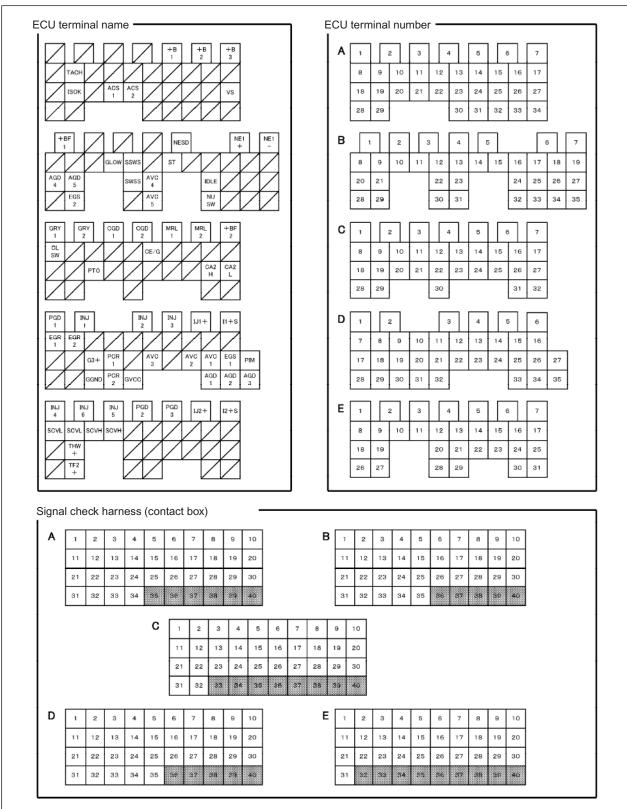
2. Connection of signal check harness

- (1) Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the connector from the engine ECU.
- (2) Connect the signal check harness to the the engine ECU and the vehicle harness.

Special tool: Signal check harness (380100048)

Computer pin arrangement

JP30002160201001

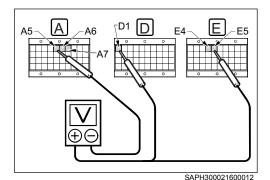


SAPH300021600011

Check the ECU power supply voltage

JP30002160601002

Measurement of voltage between terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

2. Turn the starter key "ON" and measure voltage between terminals A5, A6, A7 and terminals D1, E4, E5.

Standard value: 20 V or more



- 0 V: Blown fuse, harness failure, ground failure, etc.
- 20 V or less: Battery deterioration, ground failure, etc.

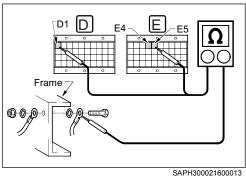


Normal

Check the ground

JP30002160601003

Measurement of resistance between terminals



110

 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

 Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and measure the resistance between terminals D1, E4, E5 and the terminal (-) of the battery.

Standard value : 1 Ω or less



Disconnection of ground harness, contact failure, etc.

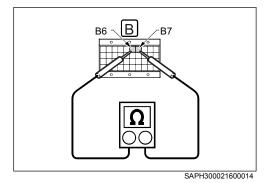


Normal

Engine speed main sensor circuit malfunction (DTC code P0335/diagnosis monitor code 13)

JP30002160601004

Measurement of resistance between terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminal B6 and terminal B7.

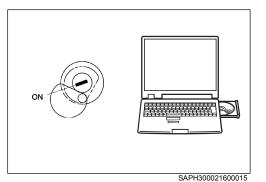
Standard value : Approx. 125.5 \pm 17 Ω (20 $^{\circ}$ C{68 $^{\circ}$ F})

NG

[3] Go to measurement of resistance between sensor terminals.

OK

2 Check of diagnosis code



Connect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
 After deleting the past failure, output the diagnosis code again.

Standard: Normal

NG

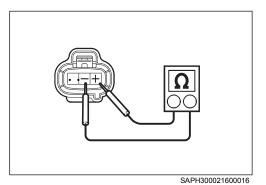
Contact failure of ECU connector, ECU failure, short-circuit of harness

OK

Normal

3

Measurement of resistance between terminals



 Disconnect the connector of the main engine speed sensor and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the sensor.

Standard value : Approx. 125.5 \pm 17 Ω (20 ° C{68 ° F})

NG

Failure of main engine speed sensor

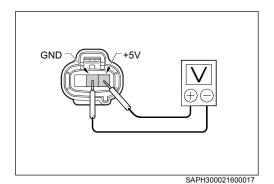
OK

Harness disconnection or connector failure

Engine speed sub sensor circuit malfunction (DTC code P0340/diagnosis monitor code 12)

JP30002160601005

Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

2. Disconnect the connector of the sub-speed sensor.

 Set the starter key to "ON" and measure voltage between the +5V terminal and the GND terminal of the sub-speed sensor connector (at machine harness side).

Standard value : 5.0 \pm 0.5 V

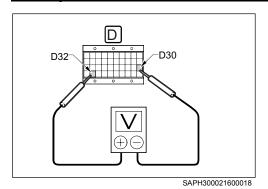
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

ОК

[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



 Measure voltage between terminal D32 and terminal D30 of the signal check harness.

Standard value : 5.0 \pm 0.5V

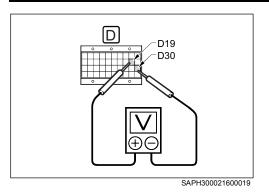
NG)

Engine ECU failure, connector failure

OK

Harness failure

3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "OFF" and connect the connector of the sub-speed sensor.
- 2. Start the engine and keep idling status.
- Measure voltage between terminal D19 and terminal D30 of the signal check harness.
- 4. After measurement, stop the engine.

Standard : Pulse waveform of $0 \leftrightarrow 5 V$

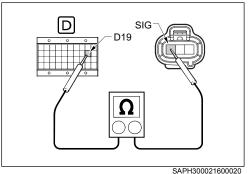


[4] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Leave the connector of the sub-speed sensor connected.
- Measure resistance between the No. 1 terminal at the vehicle harness of the sub-speed sensor connector and terminal D19 of the signal check harness.
- The connector of the sub-speed sensor in the figure is viewed from the fitting surface.

Standard value : 2 Ω or less



Harness failure



Failure of sub-speed sensor

Engine speed main and sub sensor circuit malfunction (DTC code P0335/ diagnosis monitor code 13)

JP30002160601006

1. Inspection item

 Take actions of (DTC code P0335/diagnosis monitor code 13) and (DTC code P0340/diagnosis monitor code 12).

"Reference: Engine speed main sensor circuit malfunction (DTC code P0335/diagnosis monitor code 13), Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

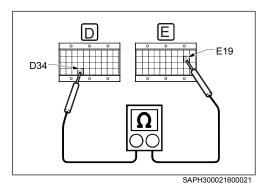
"Reference: Engine speed sub sensor circuit malfunction (DTC code P0340/diagnosis monitor code 12), Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

Coolant temperature sensor malfunction (DTC code P0117, P0118/diagnosis monitor code 11)

JP30002160601007

DTC	P0117	Coolant temperature sensor circuit low input	
DTC	P0118	Coolant temperature sensor circuit high input	

1 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminal B19 and terminal D34.

Standard value (Measure either one point of the following.)

- : 2.45 k Ω (Coolant temperature at 20 ° C{68 ° F})
- : 1.15 k Ω (Coolant temperature at 40 °C{104 °F})
- : 584 Ω (Coolant temperature at 60 °C{140 °F})
- : 318 Ω (Coolant temperature at 80 °C{176 °F})



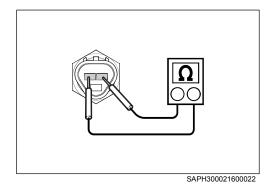
[2] Go to measurement of resistance between sensor terminals.

OK

2

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure, harness short-circuit

Measurement of resistance between terminals



 Disconnect the connector of the coolant temperature sensor and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the sensor.

Standard value (Measure either one point of the following.)

- : 2.45 k Ω (Coolant temperature at 20 ° C{68 ° F})
- : 1.15 k Ω (Coolant temperature at 40 $^{\circ}$ C{104 $^{\circ}$ F})
- : 584 Ω (Coolant temperature at 60 °C{140 °F})
- : 318 Ω (Coolant temperature at 80 °C{176 °F})

NG)

Failure of coolant temperature sensor

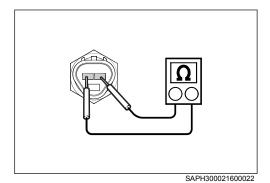
OK

Harness disconnection, connector failure

Engine overheat (DTC code P0217/diagnosis monitor code 6)

JP30002160601008

1 Measurement of resistance between terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK", disconnect the connector of the coolant temperature sensor and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the sensor.

Standard value (Measure either one point of the following.)

- : 2.45k Ω (Coolant temperature at 20 ° C{68 ° F})
- : 1.15k Ω (Coolant temperature at 40 ° C{104 ° F})
- : 584 Ω (Coolant temperature at 60 °C{140 °F})
- : 318 Ω (Coolant temperature at 80 °C{176 °F})

NOTICE

- This code is displayed when the coolant temperature sensor is normal and the coolant temperature is 115 °C{221 °F} or more.
- While this failure code is detected, the maximum injection volume is restricted.
 When the coolant temperature is 80
 °C{176°F} or less, normal control is resumed.

NG

Failure of coolant temperature sensor



Failure of engine cooling system

Engine overrun (DTC code P0219/diagnosis monitor code 7)

JP30002160601009

1. This failure code is displayed when the engine speed of 4, 000 r/min or more is detected. While this failure code is detected, fuel injection is stopped. When the engine speed is lower than 3, 800 r/min., fuel injection is resumed.

NOTICE

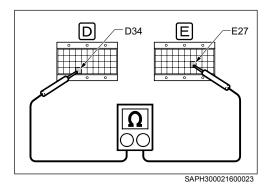
- The objective of this failure code is not to detect overrun due to failure of this system, but to memorize high revolution of the engine. (Detection of shifting error)
- Engine speed may be incorrectly recognized with noise on the speed sensor signal due to harness failure or modification, resulting in detection of overrun.

Fuel temperature sensor malfunction (DTC code P0182, P0183/diagnosis monitor code 14)

JP30002160601010

DTC	P0182	Fuel temperature sensor circuit low input	
DTC	P0183	Fuel temperature sensor circuit high input	

1 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminal E27 and terminal D34.

Standard value (Measure either one point of the following.)

- : 2.45 k Ω (Fuel temperature at 20 ° C{68 ° F})
- : 1.15 k Ω (Fuel temperature at 40 °C{104 °F})
- : 584 Ω (Fuel temperature at 60 ° C{140 ° F})
- : 318 Ω (Fuel temperature at 80 °C{176 °F})

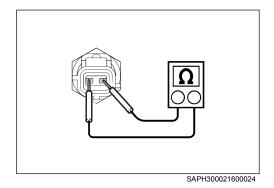
NG

[2] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.

OK

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure, harness short-circuit

2 Measurement of sensor resistance



 Disconnect the connector of the fuel temperature sensor and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the sensor.

Standard value (Measure either one point of the following.)

- : 2.45 k Ω (Fuel temperature at 20 ° C{68 ° F})
- : 1.15 k Ω (Fuel temperature at 40 ° C{104 ° F})
- : 584 Ω (Fuel temperature at 60 °C(140 °F))
- : 318 Ω (Fuel temperature at 80 ° C{176 ° F})

NG >

Failure of fuel temperature sensor

OK

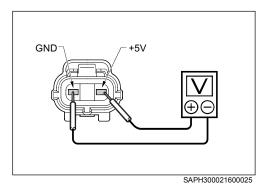
Harness disconnection, connector failure

Boost pressure sensor malfunction (DTC code P0108, P0237/diagnosis monitor code 37)

JP30002160601011

DTC	P0108	Boost pressure sensor circuit high input	
DTC	P0237	Boost pressure sensor circuit low input	

1 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

2. Disconnect the connector of the boost pressure sensor.

3. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure voltage between the +5V terminal and the GND terminal of the boost pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : $5\pm0.5~\text{V}$

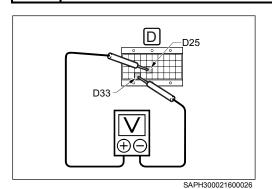
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



NG

1. Measure the voltage between terminal D25 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness.

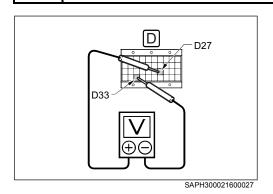
Standard value : $5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

ОК

Harness failure

3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of the boost pressure sensor.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal D27 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 0.2 to 4.8 V

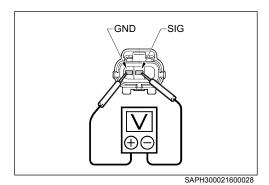
NG

[4] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- 1. Leave the connector of the boost pressure sensor connected.
- Measure the voltage between the SIG terminal and the GND terminal of the boost pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value: 0.2 to 4.8 V

NG

Boost pressure sensor failure

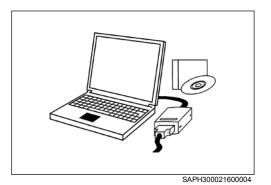
ОК

Harness failure

Turbocharger over boost (DTC code P0234/diagnosis monitor code 39)

JP30002160601012

1 Inspection with failure diagnosis tool



- After failure, perform failure diagnosis with a failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- Connect the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC and set the starter key to "ON".



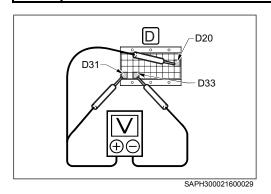
Perform diagnosis of the boost pressure sensor (DTC code P0108, P0237/diagnosis monitor code 37). "Reference: 3-6, Failure diagnosis using DST-1, Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

Excessive common rail pressure (DTC code P0088/diagnosis monitor code 68, 69)

JP30002160601013

DTC	P0088	diagnosis monitor code	68	Excessive common rail pressure (1st step)
DTC	P0088	diagnosis monitor code	69	Excessive common rail pressure (2nd step)

1 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminals D20/D31 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 3.6 to 4.7 V



Engine ECU failure or harness/connector contact failure

ОК

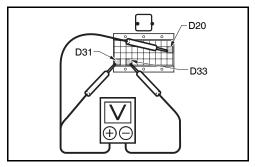
Failure of common rail pressure sensor

Excessive common rail pressure, supply pump excess forced feed (DTC

code P0088/diagnosis monitor code 76)

JP30002160601014

1 Measurement of voltage between terminals



SAPH300021600030

- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check
 harness
- Start and warm-up the engine until the coolant temperature gauge moves.
- Set the engine speed to idling. PFIN = Approx. 30 MPa (approx. 1.5V)
- Measure the voltage between terminal D20/D31 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 1.56 V or less

NG)

Failure of common rail pressure sensor



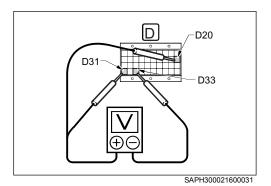
2 Check of failure code

- Make sure that other failure code is not output.
 If other failure code is output, repair the failure code and make sure again that DTC code P0088/diagnosis monitor code 76 is output. In particular, if a failure code of the main and subengine speed sensor systems is output, make necessary repairs to prevent output of the code.
- 2. Check the fuel injection timing of the supply pump. If the timing is not set 0° for the top dead center, set it correctly.
- 3. When there is no error after the check above, delete the past failure using DST-1 and start the engine. If the same code is output again, possible failures are the supply pump, common rail pressure sensor system and engine ECU. Perform more detailed diagnosis with failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.

Common rail pressure sensor malfunction (DTC code P0191/diagnosis monitor code 67)

JP30002160601015

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminals D20/D31 and terminal D33.

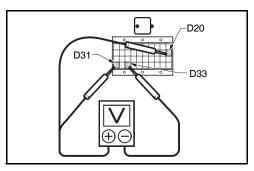
Standard value: 0.9 to 1.1 V

NG

Engine ECU failure or harness/connector contact failure



2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



SAPH300021600032

- 1. Start the engine.
- While measuring the voltage between terminals D20/D31 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness, repeat full opening/ closing of the accelerator.

Standard: Voltage must change. (1.0 to 3.2 V)

NG

Common rail pressure sensor failure or harness/ connector contact failure



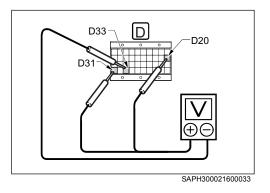
Engine ECU failure, connector contact failure

Common rail pressure sensor failure (DTC code P0192, P0193/diagnosis monitor code 67)

JP30002160601016

DTC	P0192	Common rail pressure sensor circuit low input	
DTC	P0193	Common rail pressure sensor circuit high input	

1 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminals D20/D31 and terminal D33 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 0.7 to 4.7 V

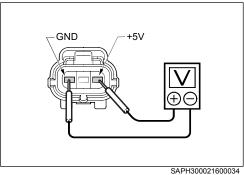
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

2 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



ING

- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the connector of the common rail pressure sensor.
- Set the starter key to "ON" and measure voltage between the +5V terminal and the GND terminal of the common rail pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

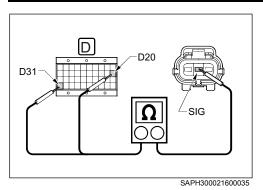
Standard value : 5 \pm 0.5 V



[4] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.



3 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- Measure the resistance between terminals D20/D31 of the signal check harness and the SIG terminal of the common rail pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

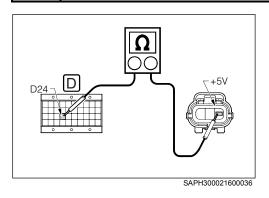
Standard value : 2 Ω or less

NG Harness failure



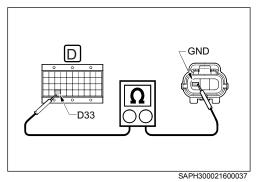
Connector contact failure

4 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- Measure the resistance between terminals D24 of the signal check harness and the +5 V terminal of the common rail pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : 2 Ω or less



 Measure the resistance between terminal D33 of the signal check harness and the GND terminal of the common rail pressure sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : 2 Ω or less

NG Harness failure

OK

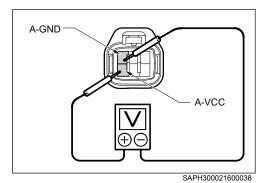
Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

1

Accelerator sensor 1 malfunction (DTC code P2121/diagnosis monitor code 22)

JP30002160601017

Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Disconnect the connector of the accelerator sensor and set the starter key to "ON".
- Measure the voltage between the A-VCC terminal and the A-GND terminal of the accelerator sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : 5 \pm 0.5 V

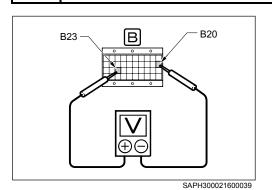
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

OK

[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



 Measure voltage between terminal B23 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.

Standard value : 5 \pm 0.5 V

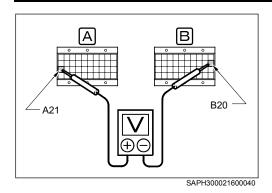
NG

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

ОК

Harness failure

3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of the accelerator sensor.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal A21 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.
- **!** CAUTION The standard value in full throttle status is based on the actual measurement value.

Standard value

- : 0.7 V or less (idle status)
- : 3.55 to 4.4 V (full throttle status)

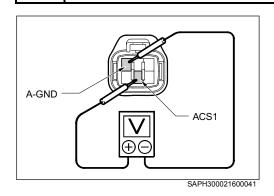


[4] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- 1. Leave the connector of the accelerator sensor connected.
- Measure the voltage between the ACS1 terminal and the A-GND terminal of the accelerator sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).
- **!** CAUTION
- The connector in the figure is viewed from the fitting surface.
 - The standard value in full throttle status is based on the actual measurement value.

Standard value

- : 0.7 V or less (idle status)
- : 3.55 to 4.4 V (full throttle status)

NG

Accelerator sensor failure



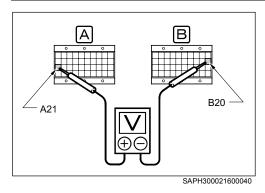
Disconnection or short-circuit of harness

Accelerator sensor 1 malfunction (DTC code P2122, P2123/diagnosis monitor code 22)

JP30002160601018

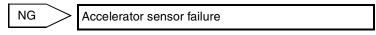
DTC	P2122	Accelerator sensor circuit 1 low voltage	
DTC	P2123	Accelerator sensor circuit 1 high voltage	

1 Measurement of voltage between terminals



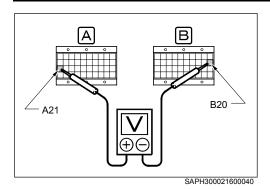
- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal A21 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 0.7 V or less (idle status)





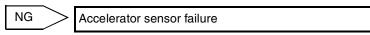
2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



 While depressing the accelerator pedal, measure the voltage between terminal A21 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.

Standard value

: Voltage must change in proportion to depression of the accelerator pedal at 1.0V or more.



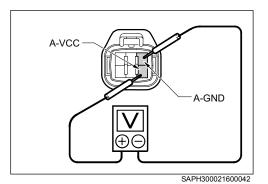


Harness failure

Accelerator sensor 2 malfunction (DTC code P2126/diagnosis monitor code 22)

JP30002160601019

Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the connector of the accelerator sensor and set the starter key to "ON".
- Measure the voltage between the A-VCC terminal and the A-GND terminal of the accelerator sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : $5\pm0.5~\text{V}$

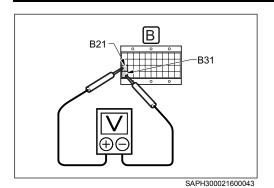
NG)

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

OK_

[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



 Measure voltage between terminal B31 and terminal B21 of the signal check harness.

Standard value : $5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

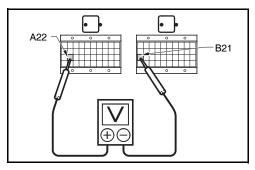
NG

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure



Harness failure

3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



SAPH300021600044

- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of the 1. accelerator sensor.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal A22 and terminal B21 of the signal check harness.
- · The standard value in full throttle status is based on the actual measurement value.

Standard value

- : 0.7 V or less (idle status)
- : 3.55 to 4.4 V (full throttle status)

NG

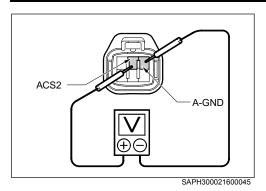
[4] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



4

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- Leave the connector of the accelerator sensor connected.
- Measure the voltage between the ACS2 terminal and the A-GND terminal of the accelerator sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).
- (CAUTION The connector in the figure is viewed from the fitting surface.
 - · The standard value in full throttle status is based on the actual measurement value.

Standard value

- : 0.7 V or less (idle status)
- : 3.55 to 4.4 V (full throttle status)

NG

Accelerator sensor failure



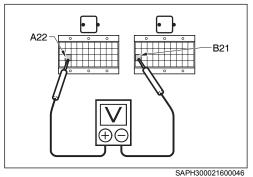
Disconnection or short-circuit of harness

Accelerator sensor 2 malfunction (DTC code P2127, P2128/diagnosis monitor code 22)

JP30002160601020

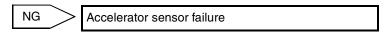
DTC	P2127	Accelerator sensor circuit 2 low voltage
DTC	P2128	Accelerator sensor circuit 2 high voltage

1 Measurement of voltage between terminals



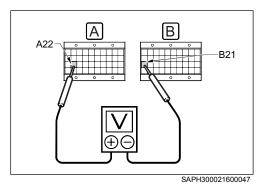
- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal A22 and terminal B21 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 0.7 V or less (idle status)





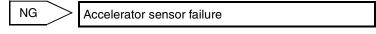
2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



 While depressing the accelerator pedal, measure the voltage between terminal A22 and terminal B21 of the signal check harness.

Standard value

: Voltage must change in proportion to depression of the accelerator pedal at 1.0 V or more.





Harness failure

Accelerator sensor 1 and 2 malfunction (DTC code P2120/diagnosis monitor code 22)

JP30002160601021

1 Inspection item

1. Take action of DTC code P2120/diagnosis monitor code 22.

"Reference: 1-101/Common rail system/Accelerator sensor 1

voltage error (diagnosis code P2121)"

"Reference: 1-104/Common rail system/Accelerator sensor 2

voltage error (diagnosis code P2126)"

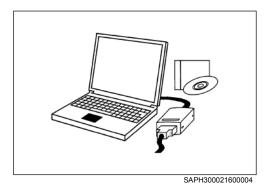
"Reference: Accelerator sensor 1 malfunction (DTC code P2121/ diagnosis monitor code 22), Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code" "Reference: Accelerator sensor 2 malfunction (DTC code P2126/ diagnosis monitor code 22), Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

Atmospheric pressure sensor malfunction (DTC code P2228, P2229/ diagnosis monitor code 15)

JP30002160601022

DTC	P2228	Atmospheric pressure sensor circuit low input
DTC	P2229	Atmospheric pressure sensor circuit high input

1 Check of diagnosis code



 After deleting the past failures with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC, check again if the same code (DTC code P2228, P2229/diagnosis monitor code 15) is output.

Standard: Normal

NG Engine ECU failure

OK

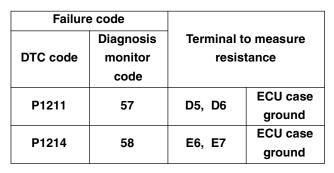
Since it may be a temporary malfunction due to radio interference, it is acceptable when the system recovers normal operation.

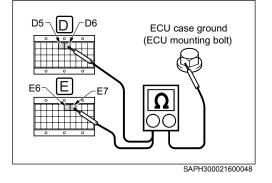
Injector common 1 short to GND (DTC code P1211/diagnosis monitor code 57), Injector common 2 short to GND (DTC code P1214/diagnosis monitor code 58)

JP30002160601023

1 Measurement of resistance between terminals

- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- 3. Measure the resistance between each terminal of the signal check harness and the ECU case ground.





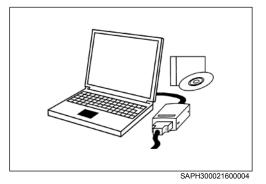
Standard value : $\, {\bf \infty} \Omega$

NG

[3] Go to measurement of resistance between injector terminals.

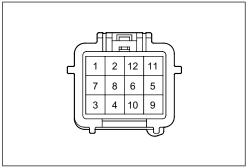


2 Check of diagnosis code



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- 2. Start the engine and delete the past failures with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- If the same failure code is output again, replace the engine ECU. If the normal code is output, it is considered that a temporary error has occurred.

3 Measurement of resistance between injector terminals



SAPH300021600049

- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK".
- Tilt the cab and disconnect the injector clustered connector at the front of the cam housing.
- 3. Measure the resistance between terminals of the injector clustered connector (at vehicle harness side).

Failure	e code	Terminal to	
DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	+ side	- side
P1211	57	7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	ECU case ground
P1214	58	5, 6, 1, 2, 3, 4	ECU case ground

Standard value : $\infty \Omega$

NG

Harness failure (failure including pinching of harness which has not satisfied the standard value)

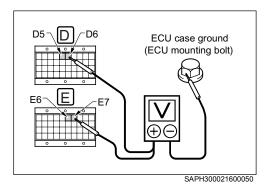


Inspection of harness inside head cover (Short-circuit of the harness inside the head cover to the ground line may have occurred.)

Injector common 1 short to BATT (DTC code P1212/diagnosis monitor code 57), Injector common 2 short to BATT (DTC code P1215/diagnosis monitor code 58)

JP30002160601024

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and set the starter key to "ON".
- Measure the voltage between each terminal of the signal check harness and the ECU case ground.

• Never start the engine because it may cause failure of the unit or electric shock.

Failur	e code		o measure age
DTC code Diagnosis monitor code		+ side	- side
P1212	57	D5, D6	ECU case ground
P1215	58	E6, E7	ECU case ground

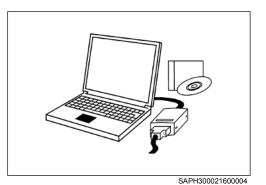
Standard value: 14 V or less

NG

[3] Go to measurement of voltage between injector terminals.

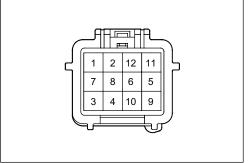


2 Check of diagnosis code



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- Start the engine and delete the past failures with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- If the same failure code is output again, replace the common rail ECU. If the normal code is output, it is considered that a temporary error has occurred.

3 Measurement of voltage between injector terminals



SAPH300021600049

- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK".
- Disconnect the injector clustered connector at the front of the cam housing and set the starter key to "ON".
- 3. Measure the voltage between terminals of the injector clustered connector (at vehicle harness side).
- Never start the engine because it may cause failure of the unit or electric shock.

Failure	e code	Terminal to measure voltage	
DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	+ side	– side
1212	57	8, 10, 12	ECU case ground
1215	58	2, 4, 6	ECU case ground

Standard value: 14 V or less

NG

Harness failure (harness failure of terminal that has not satisfied the standard value)



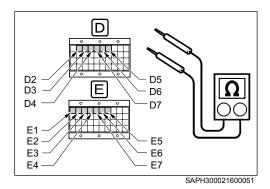
Inspection of harness inside head cover (Short-circuit of the harness inside the head cover to the power line may have occurred.)

Injector circuit malfunction (DTC code P0201 to P0206/diagnosis monitor code 51 to 56)

JP30002160601025

DTC	P0201	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 1
DTC	P0202	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 2
DTC	P0203	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 3
DTC	P0204	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 4
DTC	P0205	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 5
DTC	P0206	Injector circuit malfunction -cylinder 6

1 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminals.

	Failure area (injector)	Terminal to
Failure code		measure
		resistance
P0201 (51)	# 1	D2 ↔ D5
P0202 (52)	# 2	D3 ↔ D5
P0203 (53)	# 3	D4 ↔ D6
P0204 (54)	# 4	E1 ↔ E6
P0205 (55)	# 5	E3 ↔ E6
P0206 (56)	# 6	E2 ↔ E7

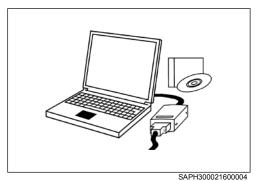
Standard value : 2 Ω or less

NG

[3] Go to measurement of resistance between injector terminals.

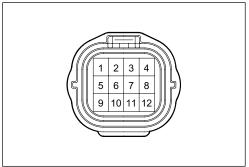


2 Check of diagnosis code



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- 2. Start the engine and delete the past failures with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- If the same failure code is output again, replace the common rail ECU. If the normal code is output, it is considered that a temporary error has occurred.

3 Measurement of resistance between injector terminals



SAPH300021600052

- . Tilt the cab and disconnect the injector clustered connector at the front of the cam housing.
- 2. Measure the resistance between terminals of the injector clustered connector (male) at the cam housing.

Failure	Terminal to	
DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	measure resistance
P0201	51	9 ↔10
P0202	52	1 ↔ 2
P0203	53	7 ↔8
P0204	54	5 ↔ 6
P0205	55	3 ↔ 4
P0206	56	11 ↔ 12

Standard value : 2 Ω or less

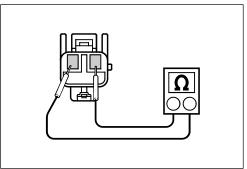
NG

[4] Go to measurement of resistance between injector terminals.



Vehicle harness disconnection (Check the harness between the ECU and the injector clustered connector.)

4 Measurement of resistance between injector terminals



SAPH300021600053

 Remove the head cover and disconnect the injector connector (injector side) of the cylinder indicated by the failure code.
 Measure the resistance between the No. 1 terminal and the No. 2 terminal.

Standard value : 0.45 \pm 0.05 Ω

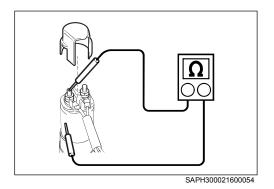
NG

[5] Go to measurement of resistance between injector terminals.

OK

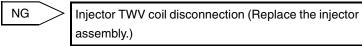
Contact failure of harness or connector inside the head cover

5 Measurement of resistance between injector terminals



 Remove the terminal cap of the injector of the cylinder indicated by the failure code and measure the insulation resistance between the terminal and the upper body.

Standard value : 1, 000 $\text{M}\Omega\text{or less}$





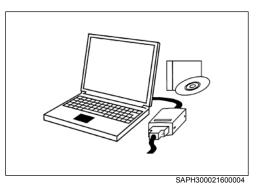
Injector harness disconnection (Replace the injector harness.)

Cylinder contribution/balance fault (DTC codes P0263, P0266, P0269, P0272, P0275, P0278/diagnosis monitor code 61 to 66)

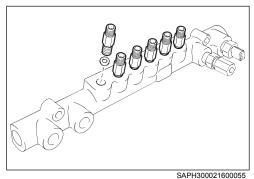
JP30002160601026

DTC	P0263	Cylinder 1 contribution/balance fault
DTC	P0266	Cylinder 2 contribution/balance fault
DTC	P0269	Cylinder 3 contribution/balance fault
DTC	P0272	Cylinder 4 contribution/balance fault
DTC	P0275	Cylinder 5 contribution/balance fault
DTC	P0278	Cylinder 6 contribution/balance fault

Inspection of flow damper 1



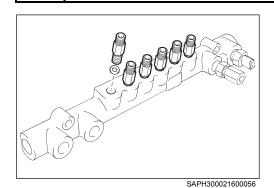
- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and stop the engine.
- 2. Wait for approx. 30 seconds and start the engine.
- Warm-up the engine until coolant temperature is 60 °C{140 °F} or more, delete the past failure with a failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.



4. If the same failure code is displayed as the current failure after deleting the past failure, check the flow damper of the cylinder indicated by the failure code.

	Failure area	
DTC code	Diagnosis monitor code	(Flow damper)
P0263	61	# 1
P0266	62	# 2
P0269	63	# 3
P0272	64	# 4
P0275	65	# 5
P0278	66	# 6

2 Inspection of flow damper 2



- Remove the flow damper from the common rail and run air from one side of the flow damper. Check if the damper is not blocked by release of air to the opposite side.
- <u>(i)</u> CAUTION When air is run, be careful so that dirt, water, etc. may not enter the flow damper.

Standard value : Air must flow. (Flow damper is normal.)

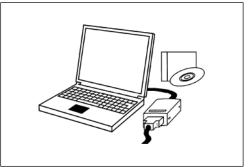
NG

Replace the flow damper (if air is not run)



ENGINE DIAGNOSIS CODE

3 Check of failure code



SAPH300021600004

 Make sure that other failure code is not output.
 If other failure code is output, repair the failure first and delete the past failure with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.

Then, if this failure code is output again, the following failures may be estimated.

- Excessive fuel flow due to leak from broken pipe, crack in pipe or pipe connection between the flow damper and the injector pipe
 - →Check for leak
- Too large or too small fuel flow due to increase of leak inside inside the injector
 - →Check for leak on the individual injector with a nozzle tester
- Excessive fuel flow due to failure of injection nozzle and seat

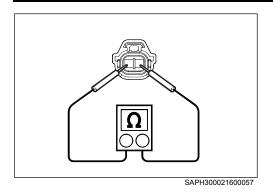
 —Check for seat failure on the individual injector with a
 nozzle tester
- Too large or too small fuel flow due to malfunction of the injector
 - →Check with replacement of injector
- To specify a failure location above, check the compensation between cylinders with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC and stop an injector. Then, perform diagnosis while viewing the engine data.

SCV malfunction (DTC code P0628, P0629/diagnosis monitor code 74)

JP30002160601027

DTC	P0628	SCV malfunction
DTC	P0629	SCV out put short to BATT

1 Measurement of resistance between solenoid terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK", disconnect the connector of the supply pump solenoid valve and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 2 terminals at the supply pump solenoid valve.

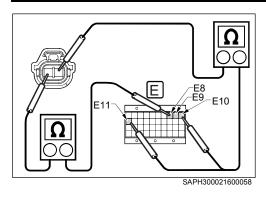
Standard value : 7.9 \pm 0.5 Ω (20 $^{\circ}$ C{68 $^{\circ}$ F})

NG

Failure of supply pump solenoid valve

OK

2 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK", connect the signal check harness and disconnect the ECU side connector.
- Measure the resistance between terminals E10/E11 of the signal check harness and the No. 1 terminal of the supply pump solenoid valve (at vehicle harness side).
 In a similar manner, measure the resistance of terminals E8/ E9 of the signal check harness and the No. 2 terminal of the supply pump solenoid valve connector (at vehicle harness side).

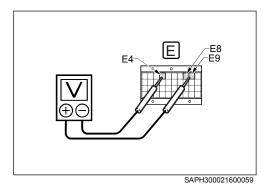
Standard value : 1 Ω or less

NG

Harness disconnection, connector failure

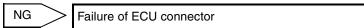


3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- 1. Turn "ON" the starter key.
- 2. Measure voltage between terminal E4 and terminals E8/E9 of the signal check harness.

Standard value : Pulse waveform at 24V $\leftrightarrow\!0V$





Engine ECU failure

⚠ CAUTION • After turning "ON" the starter key, take measurements within 40 seconds.

Supply pump SCV sticking (DTC code P2635/diagnosis monitor 75), Supply pump malfunction (DTC code P2635/diagnosis code 77), Supply pump abnormal pressure record (DTC code P2635/diagnosis monitor code 79)

JP30002160601028

Inspection of supply pump



SAPH300021600004

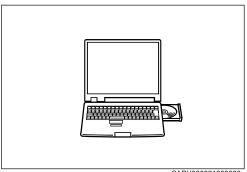
- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and stop the engine.
- 2. Wait for approx. 30 seconds and start the engine.
- Warm-up the engine until coolant temperature is 60 °C{140 °F} or more, and delete the past failure with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- Check if the same failure code is displayed as the current failure when the engine is operated to NMR or raced.



Replace supply pump.



2 Check of failure code



SAPH300021600060

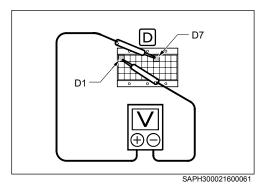
- Make sure that other failure code is not output.
 If other failure code is output, repair the failure code and make sure again that DTC code P2635 is output.
- When there is no error after the check above, delete the past failure and operate the engine.
 If the same code is output again, possible failures are the supply pump and engine ECU. Perform more detailed diagnosis with failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support

system) - Hino DX [Inspection Menu], using PC.

EGR solenoid 1 malfunction (DTC code P0489, P0490/diagnosis monitor code 81)

JP30002160601029

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and remove the signal check harness.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal D7 and terminal D1 of the signal check harness.

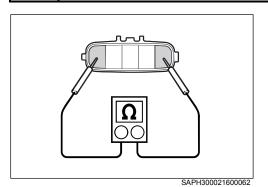
Standard value: 19 V or more

NG

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure, harness short-circuit



2 Measurement of voltage between solenoid valve terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK", disconnect the connector of the EGR solenoid valve 1 and measure the resistance between No. 1 and No. 5 terminals at the EGR solenoid valve.

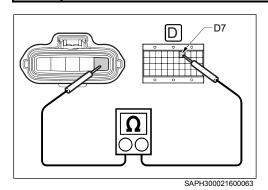
Standard value : 27.5 \pm 2 Ω (20 ° C{68° F})

NG > F

Failure of EGR solenoid valve 1



3 Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- Measure the resistance between terminal D7 of the signal check harness and the connector (No. 5 terminal at the vehicle side connector) of the EGR solenoid valve 1.

Standard value : 1 Ω or less

NG

Harness disconnection, connector failure

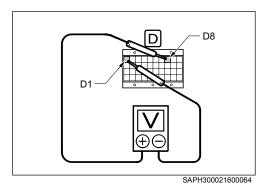
ОК

Connection failure of connector

EGR solenoid 2 malfunction (DTC code P1402, P1403/diagnosis monitor code 82)

JP30002160601030

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal D8 and terminal D1 of the signal check harness.

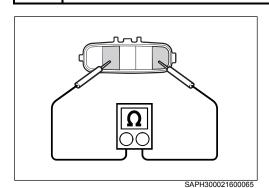
Standard value: 19 V or more



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure, harness short-circuit



2 Measurement of voltage between solenoid valve terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK", disconnect the connector of the EGR solenoid valve 2 and measure the resistance between No. 2 and No. 5 terminals at the EGR solenoid valve.

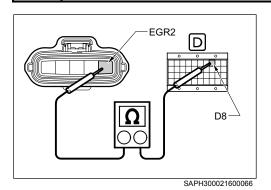
Standard value : 27.5 \pm 2 Ω (20 $^{\circ}$ C{68 $^{\circ}$ F})

NG

Failure of EGR solenoid valve 2



Measurement of resistance between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness.
- 2. Measure the resistance between terminal D8 of the signal check harness and the connector (No. 5 terminal at the vehicle side connector) of the EGR solenoid valve 2.

Standard value : 1 Ω or less

NG

Harness disconnection, connector failure

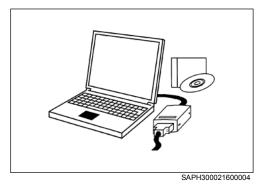
OK

Connection failure of connector

EGR valve 1 stick (DTC code P0404/diagnosis monitor code 88)

JP30002160601031

1 Inspection with PC



- After display of failure code, check EGR with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- 2. Connect the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC and set the starter key to "ON".
- Make sure that there are no EGR solenoid valve 1 failure (DTC code P0489, P0490) and EGR lift sensor 1 failure (DTC code P0405, P0406).
- 4. Make sure that the actual opening follows the opening indicated on the EGR inspection screen.

Standard value: Within 5 % error

NG

EGR failure

OK

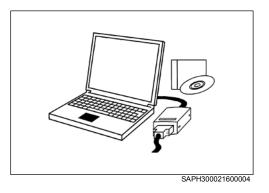
Normal

"Reference: 3-6, Failure diagnosis using DST-1, Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

EGR valve 2 stick (DTC code P1401/diagnosis monitor code 89)

JP30002160601032

1 Inspection with PC



- 1. After display of failure code, check EGR with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.
- Connect the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC and set the starter key to "ON".
- Make sure that there are no EGR solenoid valve 2 failure (DTC code P1402, P1403) and EGR lift sensor 2 failure (DTC code P0407, P0408).
- Make sure that the actual opening follows the opening indicated on the EGR inspection screen.

Standard value: Within 5 % error

NG

EGR failure

OK

Normal

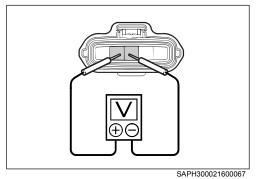
"Reference: 3-6, Failure diagnosis using DST-1, Engine ECU, Engine diagnosis code"

EGR lift sensor 1 malfunction (DTC code P0405, P0406/diagnosis monitor code 86)

JP30002160601033

DTC	P0405	EGR lift sensor 1circuit low input
DTC	P0406	EGR lift sensor 1 circuit high input

1 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the connector of EGR solenoid valve 1.
- Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between the +5V terminal and the GND terminal of the EGR lift sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : $5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

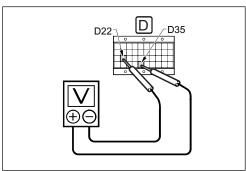
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



SAPH300021600068

 Measure the voltage between terminal D22 and terminal D35 of the signal check harness.

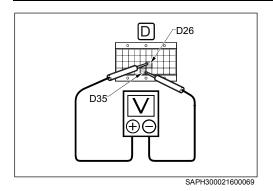
Standard value : 5 ± 0.5 V

NG

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure



3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of EGR solenoid valve 1.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal D26 and terminal D35 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 1.3 to 4.0 V

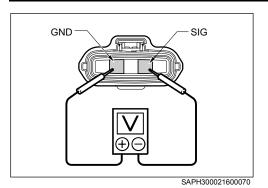
NG

[4] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



1. Leave the connector of the EGR lift sensor connected.

2. Measure the voltage between the SIG terminal and the GND terminal of the EGR lift sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value: 1.3 to 4.0 V

NG

Failure of EGR lift sensor



Harness failure

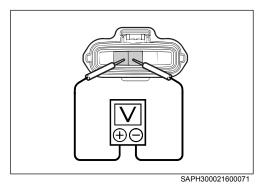
EGR lift sensor 2 malfunction (DTC code P0407, P0408/diagnosis monitor code 87)

JP30002160601034

DTC	P0407	EGR lift sensor 2 circuit low input
DTC	P0408	EGR lift sensor 2 circuit high input

harness.

1 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



Disconnect the connector of EGR valve 1.

3. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between the +5V terminal and the GND terminal of the EGR lift sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Set the starter key to "LOCK" and remove the signal check

Standard value : $5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$

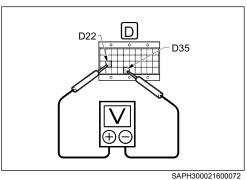
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

OK

[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



Measure the voltage between terminal D22 and terminal D35 of the signal check harness.

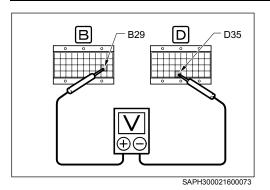
Standard value : 5 ± 0.5 V

NG

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure



3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of EGR solenoid valve 1.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal B29 and terminal D35 of the signal check harness.

Standard value: 1.3 to 4.0 V

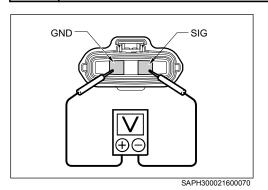
NG

[4] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of voltage between sensor terminals



1. Leave the connector of the EGR lift sensor connected.

2. Measure the voltage between the SIG terminal and the GND terminal of the EGR lift sensor connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value: 1.3 to 4.0 V

NG

Failure of EGR lift sensor

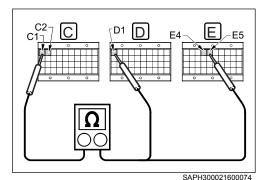


Harness failure

Preheat circuit malfunction (DTC code P0540/diagnosis monitor code 25)

IP30002160601035

Measurement of resistance between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and meausre the resistance between terminals C1, C2 and terminals D1, E4, E5.

Standard value : 25 \pm 2.5 Ω

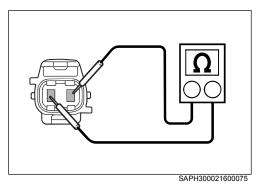
NG

[2] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

2 Measurement of relay resistance



1. Remove the heater relay and measure the resistance between terminals.

Standard value : 24.8 \pm 0.5 Ω

NG)

Heater relay failure

OK

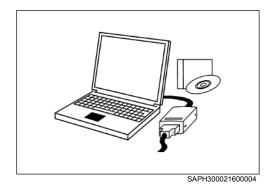
Harness failure, connector failure

ENGINE DIAGNOSIS CODE

Injector correction data conformily error (DTC code P1601/diagnosis monitor code 2)

JP30002160601036

1 Inspection of QR code



 Read the QR code data with the failure diagnosis tool (HINO field support system) using PC.

Standard value: The code shall conform to the QR code registered in the service server.

NG

Write the QR code again.



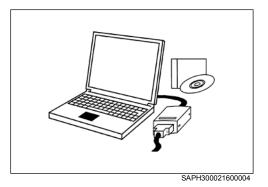
Replace engine ECU.

ECU internal error (DTC code P0605, P0606, P0607/diagnosis monitor code 3)

JP30002160601037

DTC	P0605	Flash ROM error
DTC	P0606	CPU malfunction (Hard detection)
DTC	P0607	Monitoring IC malfunction in CPU

1 Check of diagnosis code



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and set it to "ON" again.
- After deleting the past failure, check if the same code (DTC code P0605, P0606, P0607/diagnosis monitor code 3) is output again.

Standard: Normal

NG Engine ECU failure

OK

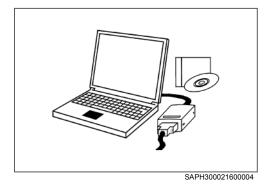
Since it may be a temporary malfunction due to radio interference, it is acceptable when the system recovers normal operation.

ECU charge circuit malfunction (DTC code P0200, P0611/diagnosis monitor code 59)

JP30002160601038

DTC	P0200	ECU charge circuit high input
DTC	P0611	ECU charge circuit malfunction

1 Check of ECU



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and set it to "ON" again.
- After deleting the past failure, check if the same code (DTC code P0611, P0200/diagnosis monitor code 59) is output again.

Standard: Normal

NG Engine ECU failure



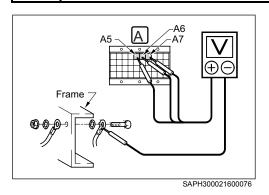
1

Since it may be a temporary malfunction due to radio interference, it is acceptable when the system recovers normal operation.

Main relay malfunction (DTC code P0686/diagnosis monitor code 5)

JP30002160601039

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- 1. Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and set the starter key to "ON". Measure the voltage between terminals A5, A6, A7 and the chassis GND.

Standard value: 0 V

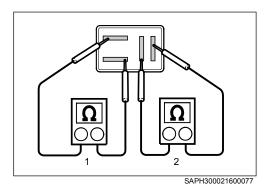
NG

[2] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.



Engine ECU failure, engine ECU connector failure

2 Measurement of resistance between relay terminals



1. Set the starter key to "LOCK", remove the main relay and measure the resistance between terminals.

Standard value

- : 282 to 369 Ω between terminals in Fig. "1"
- : $\infty\Omega$ between terminals in Fig. "2"



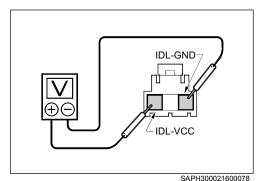


Harness failure

Idle volume malfunction (DTC code P1142, P1143/diagnosis monitor code 44)

JP30002160601040

Measurement of voltage between switch terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.

2. Disconnect the connector of the idle set button.

Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between the IDL-VCC terminal and the IDL-GND terminal of the idle set button connector (at vehicle harness side).

Standard value : 5 \pm 0.5 V

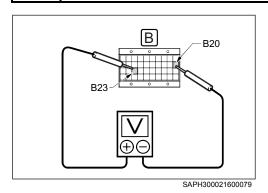
NG

[2] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.



[3] Go to measurement of voltage between terminals.

2 Measurement of voltage between terminals



1. Measure voltage between terminal B23 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.

Standard value : 5 \pm 0.5 V

NG

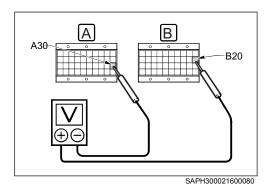
Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

ОК

Harness disconnection

ENGINE DIAGNOSIS CODE

3 Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the connector of the idle set button.
- 2. Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal A30 and terminal B20 of the signal check harness.

Standard value

- : 0 V (status turned full to the left)
- : Approx. 0.7 V (status turned full to the left)
- : Approx. 4.3 V (status turned full to the right)

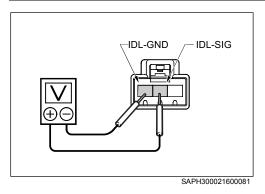


[4] Go to measurement of voltage between switch terminals.



Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure

4 Measurement of voltage between switch terminals



- 1. Leave the connector of the idle set button connected.
- 2. Measure the voltage between the IDL-SIG terminal and the IDL-GND terminal of the idle set button (at part side).

Standard value

- : 0 V (status turned full to the left)
- : Approx. 0.7 V (status turned full to the left)
- : Approx. 4.3 V (status turned full to the right)

NG

Idle set button failure

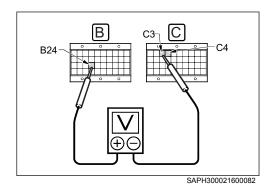


Disconnection or short-circuit of harness

Idle switch malfunction (DTC code P0510/diagnosis monitor code 42)

JP30002160601041

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- Set the starter key to "ON" and measure the voltage between terminal B24 and terminals C3/C4 of the signal check harness.

Standard value

- : 19 V or more (status without depressing the accelerator pedal)
- : 0 V (full throttle status)

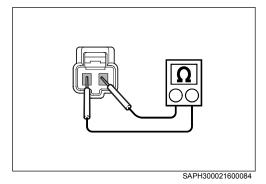
NG

[2] Go to measurement of resistance between terminals.



Engine ECU failure

Measurement of resistance between switch terminals



 Set the starter key to "LOCK", disconnect the idle switch connector and measure the resistance between terminals at the switch side.

Standard value

- : 2 or less (status without depressing the accelerator pedal)
- : $\infty\Omega$ (full throttle status)

NG

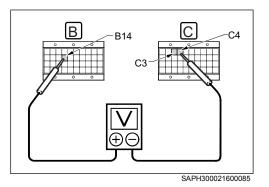
Idle switch failure



Harness failure

Starter signal malfunction (DTC code P0617/diagnosis monitor code 45)

Measurement of voltage between terminals



- Set the starter key to "LOCK" and connect the signal check harness.
- 2. Disconnect the ECU side connector of the signal check harness and set the starter key to "ON".
- 3. Measure voltage between terminal B14 and terminals C3/C4.
- Since the engine may start, shift the gear to neutral to prevent movement of the vehicle.

Standard value

- : 0 V (when starter key is at "LOCK")
- : 24 V (when starter key is at "START")

NG Harness failure

OK

Engine ECU failure, ECU connector failure